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(57) Abstract

Provided are novel benzothicpines, derivatives, and analogs thereof; pharmaceutical compositions containing them; and methods of using these compounds and compositions in medicine, particularly in the prophylaxis and treatment of hyperlipidemic conditions such as those associated with atherosclerosis or hypercholesterolemia, in mammals.

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NOVEL BENZOTHIEPINES HAVING ACTIVITY AS INHIBITORS OF ILEAL BILE ACID TRANSPORT AND TAUROCHOLATE UPTAKE

This application claims the benefit of priority of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/013,119, filed March 11, 1996, which is a continuation in part of U.S. Serial No. 08/____,___, filed August 21, 1995, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Serial No. 08/305,526 filed September 12, 1994, both now pending.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel benzothiepines, derivatives and analogs thereof, pharmaceutical compositions containing them, and their use in medicine, particularly in the prophylaxis and treatment of hyperlipidemic conditions such as is associated with atherosclerosis or hypercholesterolemia, in mammals.

Description of Related Art

It is well-settled that hyperlipidemic conditions associated with elevated concentrations of total cholesterol and low-density lipoprotein cholesterol are major risk factors for coronary heart disease and particularly atherosclerosis. Interfering with the circulation of bile acids within the lumen of the intestinal tract is found to reduce the levels of serum cholesterol in a causal relationship. Epidemiological data has accumulated which indicates such reduction leads to an improvement in the disease state of

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atherosclerosis. Stedronsky, in "Interaction of bile acids and cholesterol with nonsystemic agents having hypocholesterolemic properties," <u>Biochimica et Biophysica Acta</u>, 1210 (1994) 255-287 discusses the biochemistry, physiology and known active agents surrounding bile acids and cholesterol.

Pathophysiologic alterations are shown to be consistent with interruption of the enterohepatic circulation of bile acids in humans by Heubi, J.E., et al. See "Primary Bile Acid Malabsorption: Defective in Vitro Ileal Active Bile Acid Transport", Gastroenterology, 1982:83:804-11.

In fact, cholestyramine binds the bile acids in the intestinal tract, thereby interfering with their normal enterohepatic circulation (Reihnér, E. et al, in "Regulation of hepatic cholesterol metabolism in humans: stimulatory effects of cholestyramine on HMG-COA reductase activity and low density lipoprotein receptor expression in gallstone patients", <u>Journal of Lipid Research</u>, Volume 31, 1990, 2219-2226 and Suckling el al, "Cholesterol Lowering and bile acid excretion in the hamster with cholestyramine treatment",

Atherosclerosis, 89(1991) 183-190). This results in an increase in liver bile acid synthesis by the liver using cholesterol as well as an upregulation of the liver LDL receptors which enhances clearance of cholesterol and decreases serum LDL cholesterol levels.

In another approach to the reduction of recirculation of bile acids, the ileal bile acid transport system is a putative pharmaceutical target for the treatment of hypercholesterolemia based on an interruption of the enterohepatic circulation with

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specific transport inhibitors (Kramer, et al, "Intestinal Bile Acid Absorption" The Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. 268, No. 24, Issue of August 25, pp. 18035-18046, 1993).

In a series of patent applications, eg Canadian Patent Application Nos. 2,025,294; 2,078,588; 2,085,782; and 2,085,830; and EP Application Nos. 0 379 161; 0 549 967; 0 559 064; and 0 563 731, Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft discloses polymers of various naturally occurring constituents of the enterohepatic circulation system and their derivatives, including bile acid, which inhibit the physiological bile acid transport with the goal of reducing the LDL cholesterol level sufficiently to be effective as pharmaceuticals and, in particular for use as hypocholesterolemic agents.

In vitro bile acid transportinhibition is disclosed to show hypolipidemic activity in The Wellcome Foundation Limited disclosure of the world patent application number WO 93/16055 for "Hypolipidemic Benzothiazepine Compounds"

Selected benzothiepines are disclosed in world patent application number WO93/321146 for numerous uses including fatty acid metabolism and coronary vascular diseases.

Other selected benzothiepines are known for use as hypolipaemic and hypocholesterolaemic agents, especially for the treatment or prevention of atherosclerosis as disclosed by application Nos. EP 508425, FR 2661676, and WO 92/18462, each of which is limited by an amide bonded to the carbon adjacent the phenyl ring of the fused bicyclo benzothiepine ring.

The above references show continuing efforts to find safe, effective agents for the prophylaxis and treatment of hyperlipidemic diseases and their usefulness as hypocholesterolemic agents.

Additionally selected benzothiepines are disclosed for use in various disease states not within the present invention utility. These are EP 568 898A as abstracted by Derwent Abstract No. 93-351589; WO 89/1477/A as abstracted in Derwent Abstract No. 89-370688; U.S. 3,520,891 abstracted in Derwent 50701R-B; US 3,287,370, US 3,389,144; US 3,694,446 abstracted in

Derwent Abstr. No. 65860T-B and WO 92/18462.

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The present invention furthers such efforts by providing novel benzothiepines, pharmaceutical compositions, and methods of use therefor.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, among its various apects, the present invention provides compounds of formula (I):

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$$(R^{x})_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{n} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{7} \\ R^{8} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{8} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{8} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{q} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{2$$

wherein:

q is an integer from 1 to 4;

n is an integer from 0 to 2;

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R¹ and R² are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, haloalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylamino, alkylthio, (polyalkyl)aryl, and cycloalkyl,

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wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, haloalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylamino, alkylthio, (polyalkyl)aryl, and cycloalkyl optionally are substituted with one or more substituent selected from the group consisting of OR⁹, NR⁹R¹⁰, N'R'R''R''A', SR⁹, S'R'A-. P'R'R''R''A', S(O)R⁹, SO₂R⁹, SO₃R⁹, CO₂R⁹, CN, halogen, oxo, and CONR⁹R¹⁰,

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wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkylaryl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, polyalkyl, aryl, and cycloalkyl

optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0, NR^9 , $N^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^9A^-$, $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, or phenylene,

wherein R^9 , R^{10} , and R^W are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, heterocycle, ammoniumalkyl, alkylammoniumalkyl, and arylalkyl; or

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 R^1 and R^2 taken together with the carbon to which they are attached form C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkylidene;

 R^3 and R^4 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, acyloxy, aryl, heterocycle, OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , SR^9 , $S(0)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , and SO_3R^9 , wherein R^9 and R^{10} are as defined above; or

 R^3 and R^4 together form =0, =NOR¹¹, =S, =NNR¹¹R¹², =NR⁹, or =CR¹¹R¹²,

wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are independently selected

from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkyl, alkenylalkyl, alkynylalkyl, heterocycle, carboxyalkyl, carboalkoxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , SR^9 , $S(0)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, oxo, and $CONR^9R^{10}$, wherein R^9 and R^{10} are as defined above, provided that both R^3 and R^4 cannot be OH, NH2, and SH, or

 ${\rm R}^{11}$ and ${\rm R}^{12}$ together with the nitrogen or carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclic ring;

R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,

cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, OR^9 , SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , and SO_3R^9 ,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, SO₂R¹³, SO₃R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO₂, CO₂R¹³, CN, OM, SO₂OM, SO₂NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³, P(O)R¹³R¹⁴, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴R15A-, P(OR¹³)OR¹⁴, S'R¹³R¹⁴A, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A-

wherein:

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 \mathtt{A}^{-} is a pharmaceutically acceptable anion and M is a pharmaceutically acceptable cation,

said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR^7 , NR^7R^8 , SR^7 , $S(O)R^7$, SO_2R^7 , SO_3R^7 , CO_2R^7 , CN, $ORCONR^7R^8$, $N^+R^7R^8R^9A^-$, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $P(O)R^7R^8$, $P^+R^7R^8R^9A^-$, and $P(O)(OR^7)OR^8$, and

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle

can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0, NR^7 , $N^+R^7R^8A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^7A^-$, PR^7 , $P(0)R^7$, $P^+R^7R^8A^-$, or phenylene, and R^{13} , R^{14} , and R^{15} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, and quaternary heteroarylalkyl,

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wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, and polyalkyl optionally have one or more carbons replaced by O, NR, $N^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^9A^-$, PR^9 , $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, $P(O)R^9$, phenylene, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, or polypeptide, and

 R^{13} , R^{14} , and R^{15} are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from the group consisting of sulfoalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, PO(OR16)OR17, $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, $S^+R^9A^-$, and C(O)OM,

wherein \mathbf{R}^{16} and \mathbf{R}^{17} are independently selected from the substituents constituting \mathbf{R}^9 and M, and p is 0 or 1; or

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^{14}$ and $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^{15},$ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a cyclic ring;

 $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{7}}$ and $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{8}}$ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl; and

one or more $R^{\mathbf{X}}$ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

polyalkyl, acyloxy, aryl, arylalkyl, halogen, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, polyether, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, OR^{13} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, SR^{13} , $S(0)R^{13}$, $S(0)_2R^{13}$, SO_3R^{13} , $S^+R^{13}R^{14}A^-$, $NR^{13}OR^{14}$, $NR^{13}NR^{14}R^{15}$, NO_2 , CO_2R^{13} , CN, OM, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, C(0)OM, COR^{13} , OR^{18} , $C(0)OM^{13}R^{14}$, $OR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, $OR^{14}C(0)R^{14}$, $OR^{14}C$

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wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, polyalkyl, heterocycle, acyloxy, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, polyether, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be further substituted with OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $PO(OR^{16})OR^{17}$, $P^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, $S^*R^9R^{10}A^-$, or C(O)OM, and

wherein R^{18} is selected from the group consisting of acyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, and alkyl,

wherein acyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, alkyl quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl optionally are substituted with one or more substituent selected from the group consisting of OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_3R^9 , SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $PO(OR^{16})OR^{17}$, and C(O)OM,

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wherein in R^{x} , one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR^{13} , $N^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^{+}R^{13}A^{-}$, PR^{13} , P(0)R13, $P^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, carbohydrate, polyether, or polyalkyl,

wherein in said polyalkyl, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, and carbohydrate, one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR⁹, N⁺R⁹R¹⁰A-, S, SO, SO₂, S⁺R⁹A-, PR⁹, P⁺R⁹R¹⁰A-, or P(O)R⁹;

wherein quaternary heterocycle and quaternary heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR^{13} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, SR^{13} , $SO(R^{13})$, $SO(R^{13}$

provided that both R^5 and R^6 cannot be hydrogen, OH, or SH and when R^5 is OH, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 and R^8 cannot be all hydrogen;

provided that when R^5 or R^6 is phenyl, only one of R^1 or R^2 is H;

provided that when q = 1 and R^x is styryl, anilido, or anilinocarbonyl, only one of R^s or R^s is alkyl; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or prodrug thereof.

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Preferably, R^5 and R^6 can independently be selected from the group consisting of H, aryl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl,

wherein said aryl, heteroaryl, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, SO₂R¹³, SO₃R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO₂, CO₂R¹³, CN, OM, SO₂OM, SO₂NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³, P(O)R¹³R¹⁴, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴R¹⁵A-, P(OR¹¹)OR¹⁴, S+R¹¹R¹⁴A-, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A-, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by O,

can optionally have one or more carbons replaced NR 7 , N $^+$ R 8 A $^-$, S, SO, SO $_2$, S $^+$ R 7 A $^-$, PR 7 , P(O)R 7 , P $^+$ R 8 A $^-$, or phenylene,

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR⁷, NR⁷R⁸, SR⁷, S(O)R⁷, SO₂R⁷, SO₃R⁷, CO₂R⁷, CN, oxo, CONR⁷R⁸, N⁺R⁷R⁸R⁹A-, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, P(O)R⁷R⁸, P⁺R⁷R⁸A⁻, and P(O)(OR⁷)OR⁸.

More preferably, R' or R' has the formula:

 $-Ar-(R^{\gamma})$

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wherein:

t is an integer from 0 to 5;

Ar is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, thiophenyl, pyridyl, piperazinyl, piperonyl, pyrrolyl, naphthyl, furanyl, anthracenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, triazolyl, isothiazolyl, indolyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, and benzoisothiazolyl; and

one or more R^{Y} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, OR^{9} , SR^{9} , $S(0)R^{9}$, $SO_{2}R^{9}$, and $SO_{3}R^{9}$,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, SO₂R¹³, SO₃R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO₂, CO₂R¹³, CN, OM, SO₂OM, SO₂NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³, P(O)R¹³R¹⁴, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴R15A-, P(OR¹³)OR¹⁴, S'R¹³R¹⁴A-, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A-

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR^7 , $\mathrm{NR}^7\mathrm{R}^8$, SR^7 , $\mathrm{S(0)R}^7$, $\mathrm{SO_2R}^7$, $\mathrm{SO_3R}^7$, $\mathrm{CO_2R}^7$, CN , oxo, $\mathrm{CONR}^7\mathrm{R}^8$, $\mathrm{N}^+\mathrm{R}^7\mathrm{R}^8\mathrm{R}^9\mathrm{A}$ -, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $\mathrm{P(0)R}^7\mathrm{R}^8$, $\mathrm{P}^+\mathrm{R}^7\mathrm{R}^8\mathrm{A}^-$, and $\mathrm{P(0)}(\mathrm{OR}^7)\mathrm{OR}^6$, and

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0, NR^7 , $N^+R^7R^8A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^7A^-$, PR^7 , $P(O)R^7$, $P^+R^7R^8A^-$, or phenylene.

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Most preferably, R^5 or R^6 has the formula (II):



The invention is further directed to a compound selected from among:

$$R^{20} - R^{19} - R^{21}$$
 (Formula DI)

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 \mathbb{R}^{20} - \mathbb{R}^{19} - \mathbb{R}^{21} (Formula DII),

and

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 R^{22} | $R^{20} - R^{19} - R^{21}$ (Formula DIII)

| R^{23}

wherein R'' is selected from the group consisting of alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, and polypeptide, wherein alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, and polypeptide can optionally have one or more carbon atoms replaced by O, NR7, N+R7R8, S, SO, SO2, S+R7R8, PR7, P+R7R8, phenylene, heterocycle, quatarnary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, or aryl,

wherein alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, and polypeptide can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, SO₂R¹³, SO₃R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO₂, CO₂R¹³, CN, OM, SO₂OM, SO₂NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³, P(O)R¹³R¹⁴, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴R15A-, P(OR¹³)OR¹⁴, S'R¹³R¹⁴A, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A-:

wherein R^{19} further comprises functional linkages by which R^{19} is bonded to R^{20} , R^{21} , or R^{22} in the compounds of Formulae DII and DIII, and R^{23} in the compounds of Formula DIII. Each of R^{20} , R^{21} , or R^{22} and R^{23} comprises a benzothiepine moiety as described above that is therapeutically effective in inhibiting ileal bile acid transport.

The invention is also directed to a compound selected from among Formula DI, Formula DII and Formula DIII in which each of R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} and R^{23} comprises a benzothiepine moiety corresponding to the Formula:

15 or:

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(Formula DIVA)

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^6 , R^x , q, and n are as defined in Formula I as described above, and R^{55} is either a covalent bond or arylene.

In compounds of Formula DIV, it is particularly preferred that each of R^{20} , R^{21} , and R^{22} in Formulae DII and DIII, and R^{23} in Formula DIII, be bonded at its 7-

or 8-position to R^{19} . In compounds of Formula DIVA, it is particularly preferred that R^{55} comprise a phenylene moiety bonded at a m- or p-carbon thereof to R^{19} .

Examples of Formula DI include:

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$$\begin{bmatrix} O + G \\ G + G \\ G + G \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A + G \\ G + G \\ G + G \end{bmatrix}_{e}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A + G \\ G + G \\ G + G \\ G + G \end{bmatrix}_{e}$$

$$(III)$$

 $(R^{y})_{t}$

$$R^4$$
 R^3
 R^2
 R^1
 R^3
 R^{19}
 R^{19}
 R^{19}
 R^{19}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

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and

In any of the dimeric or multimeric structures discussed immediately above, benzothiepine compounds of the present invention can be used alone or in various combinations.

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In any of the compounds of the present invention, R^1 and R^2 can be ethyl/butyl or butyl/butyl.

In another aspect, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition for the prophylaxis or treatment of a disease or condition for which a bile acid transport inhibitor is indicated, such as a hyperlipidemic condition, for example, atherosclerosis. Such compositions comprise any of the compounds disclosed above, alone or in combination, in an amount effective to reduce bile acid levels in the blood, or to reduce transport thereof across digestive system membranes, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.

In a further aspect, the present invention also provides a method of treating a disease or condition in

mammals, including humans, for which a bile acid transport inhibitor is indicated, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a compound of the present invention in an effective amount in unit dosage form or in divided doses.

In yet a further aspect, the present invention also provides processes for the preparation of compounds of the present invention.

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Further scope of the applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed description provided below. However, it should be understood that the following detailed dscription and examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The following detailed description is provided to aid those skilled in the art in practicing the present invention. Even so, this detailed description should not be construed to unduly limit the present invention as modifications and variations in the emobodiments discussed herein can be made by those of ordinary skill

in the art without departing from the spirit or scope of the present inventive discovery.

The contents of each of the references cited herein, including the contents of the references cited within these primary references, are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Definitions

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In order to aid the reader in understanding the following detailed description, the following definitions are provided:

"Alkyl", "alkenyl," and "alkynyl" unless otherwise noted are each straight chain or branched chain hydrocarbons of from one to twenty carbons for alkyl or two to twenty carbons for alkenyl and alkynyl in the present invention and therefore mean, for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl or hexyl and ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, pentenyl, or hexenyl and ethynyl, propynyl, butynyl, pentynyl, or hexynyl respectively and isomers thereof.

"Aryl" means a fully unsaturated mono- or multiring carbocyle, including, but not limited to, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, naphthyl, or anthracenyl.

"Heterocycle" means a saturated or unsaturated mono- or multi-ring carbocycle wherein one or more carbon atoms can be replaced by N, S, P, or O. This includes, for example, the following structures:



wherein Z, Z', Z" or Z"' is C, S, P, O, or N, with the proviso that one of Z, Z', Z" or Z"' is other than carbon, but is not O or S when attached to another Z

atom by a double bond or when attached to another O or S atom. Furthermore, the optional substituents are understood to be attached to Z, Z', Z" or Z"' only when each is C.

The term "heteroaryl" means a fully unsaturated heterocycle.

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In either "heterocycle" or "heteroaryl," the point of attachment to the molecule of interest can be at the heteroatom or elsewhere within the ring.

The term "quaternary heterocycle" means a heterocycle in which one or more of the heteroatoms, for example, O, N, S, or P, has such a number of bonds that it is positively charged. The point of attachment of the quaternary heterocycle to the molecule of interest can be at a heteroatom or elsewhere.

The term "quaternary heteroaryl" means a heteroaryl in which one or more of the heteroatoms, for example, O, N, S, or P, has such a number of bonds that it is positively charged. The point of attachment of the quaternary heteryaryl to the molecule of interest can be at a heteroatom or elsewhere.

The term "halogen" means a fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo group.

The term "haloalkyl" means alkyl substituted with one or more halogens.

The term "cycloalkyl" means a mono- or multiringed carbocycle wherein each ring contains three to ten carbon atoms, and wherein any ring can contain one or more double or triple bonds.

The term "diyl" means a diradical moiety wherein said moiety has two points of attachment to molecules of interest.

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The term "oxo" means a doubly bonded oxygen.

The term "polyalkyl" means a branched or straight hydrocarbon chain having a molecular weight up to about 20,000, more preferably up to about 10,000, most preferably up to about 5,000.

The term "polyether" means a polyalkyl wherein one or more carbons are replaced by oxygen, wherein the polyether has a molecular weight up to about 20,000, more preferably up to about 10,000, most preferably up to about 5,000.

The term "polyalkoxy" means a polymer of alkylene oxides, wherein the polyalkoxy has a molecular weight up to about 20,000, more preferably up to about 10,000, most preferably up to about 5,000.

The term "cycloaklylidene" means a mono- or multiringed carbocycle wherein a carbon within the ring structure is doubly bonded to an atom which is not within the ring structures.

The term "carbohydrate" means a mono-, di-, tri-, or polysaccharide wherein the polysaccharide can have a molecular weight of up to about 20,000, for example, hydroxypropyl-methylcellulose or chitosan.

The term "peptide" means polyamino acid containing up to about 100 amino acid units.

The term "polypeptide" means polyamino acid containing from about 100 amino acid units to about 1000 amino acid units, more preferably from about 100 amino acid units to about 750 amino acid units, most preferably from about 100 amino acid units to about 500 amino acid units.

The term "alkylammoniumalkyl" means a NH, group or a mono-, di- or tri-substituted amino group, any of

which is bonded to an alkyl wherein said alkyl is bonded to the molecule of interest.

The term "triazolyl" includes all positional isomers. In all other heterocycles and heteroaryls which contain more than one ring heteroatom and for which isomers are possible, such isomers are included in the definition of said heterocycles and heteroaryls.

The term "sulfoalkyl" means an alkyl group to which a sulfonate group is bonded, wherein said alkyl is bonded to the molecule of interest.

The term "active compound" means a compound of the present invention which inhibits transport of bile acids.

When used in combination, for example "alkylaryl" or "arylalkyl," the individual terms listed above have the meaning indicated above.

The term "a bile acid transport inhibitor" means a compound capable of inhibiting absorption of bile acids from the intestine into the circulatory system of a mammal, such as a human. This includes increasing the fecal excretion of bile acids, as well as reducing the blood plasma or serum concentrations of cholesterol and cholesterol ester, and more specifically, reducing LDL and VLDL cholesterol. Conditions or diseases which benefit from the prophylaxis or treatment by bile acid transport inhibition include, for example, a hyperlipidemic condition such as atherosclerosis.

Compounds

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The compounds of the present invention can have at least two asymmetrical carbon atoms, and therefore include racemates and stereoisomers, such as

diastereomers and enantiomers, in both pure form and in admixture. Such stereoisomers can be prepared using conventional techniques, either by reacting enantiomeric starting materials, or by separating isomers of compounds of the present invention.

Isomers may include geometric isomers, for example cis isomers or trans isomers across a double bond. All such isomers are contemplated among the compounds of the present invention.

The compounds of the present invention also include tautomers.

The compounds of the present invention as discussed below include their salts, solvates and prodrugs.

Compound Syntheses

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The starting materials for use in the preparation of the compounds of the invention are known or can be prepared by conventional methods known to a skilled person or in an analogous manner to processes described in the art.

Generally, the compounds of the present invention can be prepared by the procedures described below.

For example, as shown in Scheme I, reaction of aldehyde II with formaldehyde and sodium hydroxide yields the hydroxyaldehyde III which is converted to mesylate IV with methansulfonyl chloride and triethylamine similar to the procedure described in Chem. Ber. 98, 728-734 (1965). Reaction of mesylate IV with thiophenol V, prepared by the procedure described in WO 93/16055, in the presence of triethylamine yields keto-aldehyde VI which can be cyclized with the

reagent, prepared from zinc and titanium trichloride in refluxing ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (DME), to give a mixture of 2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine VII and two racemic steroisomers of benzothiepin-(5H)-4-one VIII when R¹ and R² are nonequivalent. Oxidation of VII with 3 equivalents of m-chloro-perbenzoic acid (MCPBA) gives isomeric sulfone-epoxides IX which upon hydrogenation with palladium on carbon as the catalyst yield a mixture of four racemic stereoisomers of 4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxides X and two racemic stereoisomers of 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxides XI when R¹ and R² are nonequivalent.

Optically active compounds of the present invention can be prepared by using optically active starting material III or by resolution of compounds X with optical resolution agents well known in the art as described in *J. Org. Chem.*, **39**, 3904 (1974), *ibid.*, **42**, 2781 (1977), and *ibid.*, **44**, 4891 (1979).

Alternatively, keto-aldehyde VI where R^2 is H can be prepared by reaction of thiophenol V with a 2-substituted acrolein.

Benzothiepin-(5H)-4-one VIII can be oxidized with MCPBA to give the benzothiepin-(5H)-4-one-1,1-dioxide XII which can be reduced with sodium borohydride to give four racemic stereoisomers of X. The two stereoisomers of X, Xa and Xb, having the OH group and R' on the opposite sides of the benzothiepine ring can be converted to the other two isomers of X, Xc and Xd, having the OH group and R' on the same side of the benzothiepine ring by reaction in methylene chloride with 40-50% sodium hydroxide in the presence of a phase transfer catalyst (PTC). The transformation can also be carried out with potassium t-butoxide in THF.

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The compounds of the present invention where R^5 is OR, NRR' and $S(0)_nR$ and R^4 is hydroxy can be prepared by reaction of epoxide IX where R^5 is H with thiol, alcohol, and amine in the presence of a base.

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Another route to Xc and Xd of the present invention is shown in Scheme 2. Compound VI is oxidized to compound XIII with two equivalent of m-chloroperbenzoic acid. Hydrogenolysis of compound XIII with palladium on carbon yields compound XIV which can be cyclized with either potassium t-butoxide or sodium hydroxide under phase transfer conditions to a mixture of Xc and Xd. Separation of Xc and Xd can be accomplished by either HPLC or fractional crystallization.

The thiophenols XVIII and V used in the present invention can also be prepared according to the Scheme 3. Alkylation of phenol XV with an arylmethyl chloride in a nonpolar solvent according to the procedure in J. Chem. Soc., 2431-2432 (1958) gives the ortho substituted phenol XVI. The phenol XVI can be converted to the thiophenol XVIII via the thiocarbamate XVII by the procedure described in J. Org. Chem., 31, 3980 (1966). The phenol XVI is first reacted with dimethyl thiocarbamoyl chloride and triethylamine to give thiocarbamate XVII which is thermally rearranged at 200-300 °C, and the rearranged product is hydrolyzed with sodium hydroxide to yield the thiophenol XVIII. Similarly, Thiophenol V can also be prepared from 2-acylphenol XIX via the intermediate thiocarbamate XX.

Scheme 4 shows another route to benzothiepine-1,1-dioxides Xc and Xd starting from the thiophenol XVIII. Compound XVIII can be reacted with mesylate IV to give the sulfide-aldehyde XXI. Oxidation of XXI with two equivalents of MCPBA yields the sulfone-aldehyde XIV which can be cyclized with potassium t-butoxide to a mixture of Xc and Xd. Cyclyzation of sulfide-aldehyde with potassium t-butoxide also gives a mixture of benzothiepine XXIIc and XXIId.

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Examples of amine- and hydroxylamine-containing compounds of the present invention can be prepared as shown in Scheme 5 and Scheme 6. 2-Chloro-4-nitrobenzophenone is reduced with triethylsilane and trifluoromethane sulfonic acid to 2-chloro-4-nitrodiphenylmethane 32. Reaction of 32 with lithium sulfide followed by reacting the resulting sulfide with mesylate IV gives sulfide-aldehyde XXIII. Oxidation of XXIII with 2 equivalents of MCPBA yields sulfone-aldehyde XXIV which can be reduced by hydrogenation to the hydroxylamine XXV. Protecting the hydroxylamine XXV with di-t-butyldicarbonate gives the N, O-di-(t-

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butoxycarbonyl)hydroxylamino derivative XXVI.

Cyclization of XXVI with potassium t-butoxide and removal of the t-butoxycarbonyl protecting group gives a mixture of hydroxylamino derivatives XXVIIc and XXVIId. The primary amine XXXIIIc and XXXIIId derivatives can also be prepared by further hydrogenation of XXIV or XXVIIc and XXVIId.

In Scheme 6, reduction of the sulfone-aldehyde XXV with hydrogen followed by reductive alkylation of the resulting amino derivative with hydrogen and an aldehyde catalyzed by palladium on carbon in the same reaction vessel yields the substituted amine derivative

XXVIII. Cyclization of XXVIII with potassium t-butoxide yields a mixture of substituted amino derivatives of this invention XXIXc and XXIXd.

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Scheme 7 describes one of the methods of introducing a substituent to the aryl ring at the 5-position of benzothiepine. Iodination of 5-phenyl derivative XXX with iodine catalyzed by mercuric triflate gives the iodo derivative XXXI, which upon palladium-catalyzed carbonylation in an alcohol yields the carboxylate XXXII. Hydrolysis of the carboxylate

and derivatization of the resulting acid to acid derivatives are well known in the art.

Abbreviations used in the foregoing description have the following meanings:

THF---tetrahydrofuran

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PTC---phase transfer catalyst

Aliquart 336---methyltricaprylylammonium chloride

MCPBA---m-chloroperbenzoic acid

Celite--- a brand of diatomaceous earth filtering

aid

DMF---dimethylformamide

DME----ethylene glycol dimethyl ether
BOC---t-butoxycarbonyl group

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R1 and R2 can be selected from among substituted and unsubstituted C, to C, alkyl wherein the substituent(s) can be selected from among alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, and nitrogen-containing heterocycles joined to the C, to C, alkyl through an ether linkage. Substituents at the 3-carbon can include ethyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, n-pentyl, isobutyl, isopropyl, $-CH_2C(=0)C_2H_5$, $-CH_2OC_2H_5$, and $-CH_2O-(4$ picoline). Ethyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, and isobutyl are preferred. In certain particularly preferred compounds of the present invention, substituents R1 and R' are identical, for example n-butyl/n-butyl, so that the compound is achiral at the 3-carbon. Eliminating optical isomerism at the 3-carbon simplifies the selection, synthesis, separation, and quality control of the compound used as an ileal bile acid transport inhibitor. In both compounds having a chiral 3-carbon and those having an achiral 3-carbon, substituents (R*) on the benzo- ring can include hydrogen, aryl, alkyl,

hydroxy, halo, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,

alkylsulfonyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, (N)-hydroxycarbonylalkyl amine, haloalkylthio, haloalkylsulfinyl, haloalkylsufonyl, amino, N-alkylamino, N,Ndialkylamino, (N)-alkoxycarbamoyl, (N)aryloxycarbamoyl, (N)-aralkyloxycarbamoyl, 5 trialkylammonium (especially with a halide counterion), (N)-amido, (N)-alkylamido, -N-alkylamido, -N,Ndialkylamido, (N)-haloalkylamido, (N)-sulfonamido, (N)alkylsulfonamido, (N)-haloalkylsulfonamido, carboxyalkyl-amino, trialkylammonium salt, (N)-carbamic 10 acid, alkyl or benzyl ester, N-acylamine, hydroxylamine, haloacylamine, carbohydrate, thiophene a trialkyl ammonium salt having a carboxylic acid or hydroxy substituent on one or more of the alkyl 15 substituents, an alkylene bridge having a quaternary ammonium salt substituted thereon, $-[O(CH_2)_w]_x-X$ where x is 2 to 12, w is 2 or 3 and X is a halo or a quaternary ammonium salt, and (N)-nitrogen containing heterocycle wherein the nitrogen of said heterocycle is optionally 20 quaternized. Among the preferred species which may constitute R* are methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, hydroxy, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, methylthio, iodo, bromo, fluoro, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylthio, amino, hydroxylamine, N-methylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, 25 (N)-benzyloxycarbamoyl, trimethylammonium, A, -NHC (=0) CH₃, -NHC (=0) C_3H_{11} , -NHC (=0) C_6H_{13} , carboxyethylamino, (N)-morpholinyl, (N)-azetidinyl, (N)-N-methylazetidinium A, (N)-pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolyl, (N)-N-methylpyridinium A, (N)-N-methylmorpholinium A, 30 and N-N'-methylpiperazinyl, (N)-bromomethylamido, (N)-

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N-hexylamino, thiophene, -N'(CH,),CO,H I', -NCH,CH,CO,H, -(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium I', (N)-tbutyloxycarbamoyl, (N)-methylsulfonamido, (N)N'methylpyrrolidinium, and -(OCH,CH,),I, where A is a pharmaceutically acceptable anion. The benzo ring is can be mono-substituted at the 6, 7 or 8 position, or disubstituted at the 7- and -8 positions. Also included are the 6,7,8-trialkoxy compounds, for example the 6,7,8-trimethoxy compounds. A variety of other substituents can be advantageously present on the 6, 7, 8, and/or 9- positions of the benzo ring, including, for example, guanidinyl, cycloalkyl, carbohydrate (e.g., a 5 or 6 carbon monosaccharide), peptide, and quaternary ammonium salts linked to the ring via poly(oxyalkylene) linkages, e.g., -(OCH,CH,),-N'R11R14R15A, where x is 2 to 10. Exemplary compounds are those set forth below in Table 1.

TABLE 1
Alternative compounds #3 (Family F101.xxx.yyy) *

Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R1=R2	R ^S	(R ^x) q
F101.001	01	n-propyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	n-propyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	n-propyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	n-propyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	n-propyl	Ph-	7-0H
	06	n-propyl	Ph-	7-осяз
	07	n-propyl	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	08	n-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	n-propyl	Ph-	7-SOCH3
	10	n-propyl	Ph-	7-S0 ₂ C±3

* General Notes

In the description of the substituents "(N)" indicates that a nitrogen bearing substituent is bonded to the ring structure via the nitrogen atom.

Similarly, 2-thiophene indicates a bond in the 2 position of the thiophene ring. A similar convention is used for other heterocyclic substituents.

Abbreviations and Definitions NH-CBZ is defined as -HNC(=0)OCH₂Ph

```
11
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-SCH2CH3
12
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NH2
13
                            Ph-
                                   7-NHOH
        n-propyl
14
                            Ph-
                                   7-NHCH3
        n-propyl
15
                                   7-N (CH3) 2
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
16
                            Ph-
        n-propyl
                                   7-N+(CH3)3, I-
17
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NHC (=0) CH3
18
                                   7-N (CH2CH3) 2
                            Ph-
        n-propyl
19
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NMeCH2CO2H
20
                            Ph-
                                   7-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
         n-propyl
21
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-morpholine
         n-propyl
22
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-azetidine
23
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
                                   7-(N)-pyrrolidine
24
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
25
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
26
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
         n-propyl
                                   7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
27
                            Ph-
28
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
                                   7-NH-CBZ
29
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NHC (0) C5H11
30
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NHC (O) CH2Br
31
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NH-C (NH) NH2
32
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-(2)-thiophene
33
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                            Ph-
                                   8-methyl
34
         n-propyl
35
                            Ph-
                                   8-ethyl
         n-propyl
36
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-iso-propyl
37
                             Ph-
                                   8-tert-butyl
         n-propyl
38
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-OH
39
                             Ph-
                                   8-OCH3
         n-propyl
                                   8-O(iso-propyl)
40
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                   8-SCH3
41
         n-propyl
42
                             Ph-
                                   8-SOCH3
         n-propyl
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-SO2CH3
43
                                   8-SCH2CH3
                             Ph-
44
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NH2
45
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NHOH
46
         n-propyl
47
                             Ph-
                                   8-NHCH3
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-N (CH3) 2
 48
         n-propyl
 49
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-N+(CH3)3, I-
                             Ph-
                                    8-NHC (=0) CH3
 50
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-N (CH2CH3) 2
 51
          n-propyl
                                    8-NMeCH2CO2H
                             Ph-
 52
          n-propyl
```

```
53
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 54
          n-propyl
                                    8-(N)-morpholine
                             Ph-
 55
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-azetidine
 56
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
 57
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-pyrrolidine
 58
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
 59
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
 60
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
 61
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
 62
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NH-CBZ
 63
         n-propyl
                                   8-NHC (O) C5H11
                             Ph-
 64
          n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NHC (O) CH2Br
 65
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NH-C (NH) NH2
 66
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(2)-thiophene
 67
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-methyl
 68
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-ethyl
 69
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-iso-propyl
70
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-tert-butyl
71
         n-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-OH
72
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-0CH3
73
         n-propyl
                                   9-0 (iso-propyl)
                            Ph-
74
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SCH3
75
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SOCH3
76
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-502CH3
77
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SCH2CH3
78
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NH2
79
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NHOH
80
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NHCH3
81
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N (CH3) 2
82
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N+(CH3)3, I-
83
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NHC (=0) CH3
84
         n-propyl
                                   9-N (CH2CH3) 2
                            Ph-
85
         n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NMeCH2CO2H
86
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
87
        n-propyl
                                   9-(N)-morpholine
                            Ph-
88
        n-propyl
                                   9-(N)-azetidine
                            Ph-
89
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
90
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-pyrrolidine
91
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
92
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
93
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
93
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
95
        n-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  9-NH-CBZ
```

	96	n-propyl	Ph-	9-NHC (0) C5H11
	97	n-propyl .	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
	98	n-propyl	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
	99	n-propyl	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
	100	n-propyl	Ph-	7-0CH3, 8-0CH3
	101	n-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-ОСН3
	102	n-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
	103	n-propyl	Ph-	6-оснз, 7-оснз, 8-оснз
Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	_R 1 _{=R} 2	_R 5	p (^x A)
F101.002	01	n-butyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	n-butyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	n-butyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	n-butyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	n-butyl	Ph-	7-OH
	06	n-butyl	Ph-	7-OCH3
	07	n-butyl	Ph-	7-Q(iso-propyl)
	08	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SOCH3
•	10	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SO ₂ CH ₃
	11	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH2CH3
	12	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NH2
	13	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NHOH
	14	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NHCH3
	15	n-butyl	Ph-	7-N (CH3) 2
	16	n-butyl	Ph-	7-N ⁺ (CH ₃) ₃ , I ⁻
	17	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NHC (=0) CH3
	18	n-butyl	Ph-	7-N (CH2CH3) 2
	19	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NMeCH2CO2H
	20	n-butyl	Ph-	7-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I
	21	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-morpholine
	22	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine
	23	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
	24	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-pyrrolidine
	25	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
	26	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
		<u>-</u>	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	27 28	n-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
		n-butyl	Ph-	7-NH-CBZ
	29 30	n-butyl	Ph-	7-NHC (0) C5H11
	30	n-butyl		7-NHC (0) CH2Br
	31	n-butyl	Ph-	/-nnc (U) Cn2DE

```
32
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     7-NH-C (NH) NH2
 33
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-(2)-thiophene
 34
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-methyl
 35
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-ethyl
 36
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-iso-propyl
 37
          n-butyl
                              Ph~
                                    8-tert-butyl
 38
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-OH
 39
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-0CH3
 40
          n-butyl
                                    8-0(iso-propyl)
                              Ph-
 41
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-SCH3
 42
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-SOCH3
 43
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-SO2CH3
 44
          n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-SCH2CH3
45
         n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NH2
 46
         n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-мнон
 47
         n-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NHCH3
 48
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-N (CH3) 2
 49
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-N^+(CH_3)_3, I-
 50
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NHC (=0) CH3
51
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-N (CH2CH3) 2
52
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
         n-butyl
                                    8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
                             Ph-
54
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-morpholine
55
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-azetidine
56
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
57
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-pyrrolidine
58
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
59
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
60
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
61
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
62
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NH-CBZ
63
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NHC (O) C5H11
64
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NHC (O) CH2Br
65
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-NH-C (NH) NH2
66
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(2)-thiophene
67
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-methyl
68
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-ethyl
69
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-iso-propyl
70
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-tert-buty1
71
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-QH
72
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-0CH3
73
         n-butyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-0(iso-propyl)
```

Ph- 9-SCH3

74

n-butyl

		_		
	75	n-butyl	Ph-	9-SOCH3
	76	n-butyl	Ph-	9-SO ₂ CH ₃
	77	n-butyl	Ph-	9-SCH2CH3
	78	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NH ₂
	79	n-butyl	Ph-	9-инон
	80	n-butyl	Ph-	9-инсиз
	81	n-butyl	Ph-	9-N (CH ₃) ₂
	82	n-butyl	Ph-	9-N ⁺ (CH ₃) ₃ , I ⁻
	83	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (=0) CH3
	84	n-butyl	Ph-	9-N (CH2CH3) 2
	85	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NMeCH2CO2H
	86	n-butyl	Ph-	9-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I
	87	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-morpholine
	88	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-azetidine
	89	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
	90	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-pyrrolidine
	91	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
	92	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
	93	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	93	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
·	95	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NH-CB2
	96	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (0) C5H ₁₁
	97	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
	98	n-butyl	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
	99	n-butyl	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
	100	n-butyl	Ph-	7-осн3, 8-осн3
	101	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
	102	n-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
	103	n-butyl	Ph-	6-оснз, 7-оснз, 8-оснз
Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R1=R2	_R 5	(R ^X) q
F101.003	01	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	n-pentyl .	Ph-	7-OH
	06	n-pentyl	Bµ-	7-0CH3
	07	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	80	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	n-pentyl	Ph-	7-SOCH3

```
10
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-SO2CH3
 11
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-SCH2CH3
 12
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-NH2
 13
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-NHOH
 14
          n-pentyl
                                    7-NHCH3
                              Ph-
 15
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-N (CH3) 2
 16
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-N+(CH3)3, I-
 17
          n-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-NHC (=0) CH3
 18
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-N (CH2CH3)2
 19
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-NMeCH2CO2H
 20
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 21
         n-pentyl
                                    7-(N)-morpholine
                             Ph-
 22
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-azetidine
 23
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
 24
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-pyrrolidine
25
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
26
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
27
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
28
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(%)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
29
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NA-CBZ
30
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NHC (0) C5H11
31
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NHC (0) CH2Br
32
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NH-C (NH) NH2
33
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(2)-thiophene
34
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-methyl
35
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-ethyl
36
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-iso-propyl
37
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-tert-butyl
38
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-Он
39
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-OCH3
40
         n-pentyl
                                   8-0(iso-propyl)
                             Ph-
41
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH3
42
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SOCH3
43
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SO2CH3
44
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH2CH3
45
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NH2
46
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-инон
47
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHCH3
48
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N(CH3)2
49
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N+(CH3)3, I-
50
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHC (=0) CH3
51
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N (CH2CH3) 2
```

```
52
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
54
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-morpholine
                                   8-(N)-azetidine
55
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
56
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
57
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-pyrrolidine
        n-pentyl
58
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
59
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
60
        n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
61
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
62
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NH-CBZ
                                   8-NHC (0) C5H11
63
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
64
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHC (0) CH2Br
                                   8-NH-C (NH) NH2
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
65
                            Ph-
                                   8-(2)-thiophene
66
         n-pentyl
67
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-methyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-ethyl
68
         n-pentyl
                                   9-iso-propyl
69
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
70
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-tert-butyl
                                   9-OH
                            Ph-
71
         n-pentyl
                                   9-0CH3
                            Ph-
72
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-0 (iso-propyl)
73
         n-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SCH3
74
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-SOCH3
75
         n-pentyl
76
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-SO2CH3
77
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-SCH2CH3
                             Ph-
                                   9-NH2
78
         n-pentyl
                                   9-NHOH
79
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                   9-NHCH3
80
         n-pentyl
                                   9-N (CH3) 2
81
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                   9-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
82
         n-pentyl
                                   9-NHC (=0) CH3
83
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-N (CH2CH3) 2
                             Ph-
         n-pentyl
84
85
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-NMeCH2CO2H
                                    9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
86
                             Ph-
                                    9-(N)-morpholine
 87
         n-pentyl
                                    9-(N)-azetidine
 88
         n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
                             Ph-
 89
          n-pentyl
                                    9-(N)-pyrrolidine
 90
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    9- (N) -N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
                             Ph-
 91
          n-pentyl
                                    9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
 92
                             Ph-
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
 93
          n-pentyl
                                    9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
 93
          n-pentyl
                             Ph-
```

```
95
                      n-pentyl
                                          Ph-
                                                9-NH-CBZ
             96
                      n-pentyl
                                                9-NHC (O) C5H11
                                          Ph-
             97
                      n-pentyl
                                          Ph-
                                                9-NHC (0) CH2Br
            98
                      n-pentyl
                                          Ph-
                                                9-NH-C (NH) NH2
            99
                      n-pentyl
                                                9-(2)-thiophene
                                          Ph-
            100
                     n-pentyl
                                         Ph-
                                                7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
            101
                     n-pentyl
                                                7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
                                         Ph-
            102
                     n-pentyl
                                         Ph-
                                                7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
            103
                                         Ph-
                     n-pentyl
                                                6-OCH3, 7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
  Prefix
            Cpd#
                     R^{1}=R^{2}
                                         R<sup>5</sup>
                                                (RX) q
_(FFF.xxx.
            YYY)
            01
F101.004
                     n-hexyl
                                               7-methyl
                                         Ph-
            02
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-ethyl
            03
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-iso-propyl
            04
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-tert-butyl
           05
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-OH
           06
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-0CH3
           07
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-0(±so-propy1)
           08
                     n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7~5CH3
           09
                     n-hexyl
                                               7-SOCH3
                                         Ph-
           10
                     n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-SO2CH3
           11
                    n-hexyl
                                         Ph-
                                               7-SCH2CH3
           12
                    n-hexyl
                                               7-NH2
                                        Ph-
           13
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-NHOH
           14
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-NHCH3
           15
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-N (CH3) 2
           16
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
           17
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-NHC (=0) CH3
           18
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-N (CH2CH3) 2
           19
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-NMeCH2CO2H
           20
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                               7-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
           21
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-morpholine
           22
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-azetidine
           23
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
           24
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-pyrrolidine
           25
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
          26 .
                    n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
          27
                   n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
          28
                   n-hexyl
                                              7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
                                        Ph-
          29
                   n-hexyl
                                              7-NH-CBZ
                                        Ph-
          30
                   n-hexyl
                                        Ph-
                                              7-NHC (0) C5H11
```

```
31
        n-hexyl
                                   7-NHC (0) CH2Br
                            Ph-
32
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   7-NH-C (NH) NH2
                                   7-(2)-thiophene
33
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
34
        n-hexyl
                                   8-methyl
                            Ph-
35
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-ethyl
36
        n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-iso-propyl
37
        n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-tert-butyl
38
                                   8-OH
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
39
                                   8-OCH3
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
         n-hexyl
                                   8-O(iso-propyl)
40
                            Ph-
41
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH3
42
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SOCH3
43
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SO2CH3
         n-hexyl
44
                                   8-SCH2CH3
                            Ph-
45
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NH2
                                   8-инон
46
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
47
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHCH3
                                   8-N (CH3) 2
48
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N<sup>†</sup>(CH3) 3, I°
49
                                   8-NHC (=0) CH3
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
50
51
         n-hexyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N (CH2CH3) 2
                                   8-NMeCH2CO2H
52
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
53
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-morpholine
54
         n-hexyl
         n-hexyl
                                   8-(N)-azetidine
$5
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
56
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
57
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-pyrrolidine
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
58
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
                             Ph-
59
         n-hexyl
                                   8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
60
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
61
                                   8-NH-CBZ
                             Ph-
62
         n-hexyl
                                   8-NHC (0) C5H11
63
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NHC (0) CH2Br
                             Ph-
64
         n-hexyl
65
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NH-C (NH) NH2
                                    8-(2)-thiophene
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
66
                                    9-methyl
67
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-ethyl
68
         n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-iso-propyl
69
          n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                    9-tert-butyl
70
          n-hexyl
71
          n-hexyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-OH
                              Ph-
                                    9-OCH3
72
          n-hexyl
```

	73	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-O(iso-propyl)
	74	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-SCH3
	75	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-SOCH3
	76	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-SO ₂ CH ₃
	77	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-SCH2CH3
	78	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NH ₂
	79	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-инон
	80	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-инсн3
	81	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-N (CH3) 2
	82	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-N ⁺ (CH ₃) ₃ , I ⁻
	83	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NHC (=0) CH3
	84	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-N (CH2CH3) 2
	85	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NMeCH2CO2H
	86	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-N ⁺ (Me) ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ H, I ⁻
	87	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-morpholine
	88	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-azetidine
	89	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
	90	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-pyrrolidine
	91	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
	92	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
	93	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	93	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
	95	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NH-CBZ
	96	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NHC (0) C5H11
	97	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
	98	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
	99	n-hexyl	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
				• 12112
	100	n-hexyl	Ph-	7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
	101	n-hexyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
•	102	n-hexyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
	103	n-hexyl	Ph-	6-оснз, 7-оснз, 8-оснз
Prefix	C- 4H	-1 2	_	
FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R ¹ =R ²	R ⁵	(R ^x) q
F101.005		iso-propyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-OR
	06	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-OCH3
	07	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	08	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3
		• • 4 -		3

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09
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-SOCH3
10
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-502CH3
11
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-SCH2CH3
12
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NH2
13
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NHOH
14
                            Ph-
                                  7-NHCH3
        iso-propyl
15
                                  7-N (CH3) 2
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
16
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-N+ (CH3)3, I-
17
        iso-propyl
                                  7-NHC (=0) CH3
                            Ph-
        iso-propyl
18
                            Ph-
                                  7-N (CH2CH3) 2
19
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NMeCH2CO2H
20
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
21
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-morpholine
22
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-azetidine
23
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
24
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-pyrrolidine
25
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
26
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
27
                                  7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
28
                            Ph-
        iso-propyl
                                  7-(N) -N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
29
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NH-CBZ
30
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NHC (0) C5H11
31
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-NHC (0) CH2Br
32
                            Ph-
                                  7-NH-C (NH) NH2
        iso-propyl
33
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                  7-(2)-thiophene
34
                            Ph-
                                   8-methyl
        iso-propyl
35
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-ethyl
36
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-iso-propyl
37
                                   8-tert-butyl
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
38
                            Ph-
                                   8-OH
        iso-propyl
        iso-propyl
39
                            Ph-
                                   8-OCH3
40
        iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-0 (iso-propyl)
41
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH3
42
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SOCH3
         iso-propyl
43
                            Ph-
                                   8-SO2CH3
44
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH2CH3
45
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NH2
                                   8-инон
46
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
47
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHCH3
48
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N (CH3) 2
49
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-N+(CH3)3, I-
50
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-NHC (=0) CH3
```

```
51
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-N (CH2CH3) 2
 52
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-NMeCH2CO2H
 53
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 54
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-morpholine
 55
          iso-propyl
                                     8-(N)-azetidine
                              Ph-
 56
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
 57
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-pyrrolidine
 58
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
 59
          iso-propyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
 60
          iso-propyl
                                    8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
                              Ph-
 61
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
 62
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NH-CBZ
 63
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NHC (O) C5H11
 64
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NHC (0) CH2Br
 65
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-NH-C (NH) NH2
 66
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    8-(2)-thiophene
 67
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-methyl
          iso-propyl
 68
                             Ph-
                                    9-ethyl
 69
          iso-propyl
                                    9-iso-propyl
                             Ph-
70
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-tert-butyl
71
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-OH
72
          iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-0CH3
73
         iso-propyl
                                    9-0(iso-propyl)
                             Ph-
74
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-SCH3
75
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-SOCH3
76
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-S02CH3
77
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-SCH2CH3
78
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-NH2
79
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-NHOH
80
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-NHCH3
81
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-N (CH3) 2
82
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-N+ (CH3)3, I-
83
         iso-propyl
                                   9-NHC (=0) CH3
                             Ph-
84
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-N (CH2CH3) 2
85
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-NMeCH2CO2H
86
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
87
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-(N)-morpholine
88
         iso-propyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-(N)-azetidine
89
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
90
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-pyrrolidine
91
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
92
         iso-propyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
93
         iso-propyl
                                   9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
                            Ph-
```

93	iso-propyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
95	iso-propyl	· Ph-	9-NH-CBZ
96	iso-propyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) C5H11
97	iso-propyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
98	iso-propyl	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
99	iso-propyl	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
100	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-осна, 8-осна
101	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
102	iso-propyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
103	iso-propvl	Ph-	6-оснз, 7-оснз, 8-оснз

Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R ¹ =R ²	R ⁵	(R ^X) q
F101.006	01	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-QE
	06	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-0CH3
	07	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	08	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-SOCH3
	10	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-S02CH3
	11	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH2CH3
	12	iso-butyl	. Ph-	7-NH2
	13	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-NHOH
	14	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-NHCH3
	15	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-N (CH3) 2
	16	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
	17	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-NHC (=0) CH3
	18	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-N (CH2CH3) 2
	19	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-NMeCH2CO2H
	20	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
	21	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-morpholine
	22	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine
	23	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
	24	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-pyrrolidine
	25	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
	26	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
	27	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	28	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
	29	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-NH-CB2
	·	•		

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30
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      7-NHC (0) C5H11
  31
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      7-NHC (0) CH2Br
  32
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      7-NH-C (NH) NH2
  33
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      7-(2)-thiophene
 34
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      8-methyl
 35
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      8-ethyl
           iso-butyl
 36
                               Ph-
                                      8-iso-propyl
 37
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                      8-tert-butyl
 38
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-OH
 39
           iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-OCH3
 40
           iso-butyl
                                     8-O(iso-propyl)
                               Ph-
 41
           iso-butyl
                               ₽h-
                                     8-SCH3
 42
          iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-SOCH3
 43
          iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-SO2CH3
 44
          iso-butyl
                                     8-SCH2CH3
                               Ph-
 45
          iso-butyl
                                     8-NH2
                               Ph-
 46
          iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-инон
 47
          iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-NHCH 3
 48
          iso-butyl
                               Ph-
                                     8-N (CH3) 2
 49
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+(CH3)3, I-
 50
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (=0) CH3
 51
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-N (CH2CH3) 2
 52
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-NMeCH2CO2H
 53
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 54
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-morpholine
55
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-azetidine
56
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
57
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-pyrrolidine
58
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
59
          iso-butyl
                              P'n-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
60
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
61
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
62
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NH-CBZ
63
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NHC (0) C5H11
64
          iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NHC (O) CH2Br
65
         iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-NH-C (NH) NH2
66
         iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    8-(2)-thiophene
67
         iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    9-methyl
68
         iso-butyl
                              Ph-
                                    9-ethyl
69
         iso-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-iso-propyl
70
         iso-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-tert-butyl
71
         iso-butyl
                             Ph-
                                    9-OH
```

01.007	01	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-methy]
Prefix	Cpd# YYY)	R ¹ =R ²	R ⁵	p (^x A)
		130-Ducy1		
	102	iso-butyl	Ph-	6-OCH3, 7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
	102	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
	101	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
	100	iso-butyl	Ph-	7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
	99	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
	98	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
	97	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
	96	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (O) C5H11
	95	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NH-C3Z
	93	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
	93	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	92	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
	91	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
	90	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-pyrrolidine
	89	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
	88	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-azetidine
	87	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-(N)-morpholine
	86	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
	85	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NMeCH2CO2H
	84	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-N (CH2CH3) 2
	83	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NHC (=0) CH3
	82	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-N ⁺ (CH ₃) ₃ , I ⁻
	81	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-N (CH3) 2
	80	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NHCH3
	79	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NHOH
		iso-butyl	Ph-	9-NH ₂
	77 78	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-SCH ₂ CH ₃
	76 77	-	Ph-	9-S02CH3
	75 76	iso-butyl		9-SOCH3
	75	iso-butyl	Ph-	9-SCH3
	73	iso-butyl . iso-butyl	Ph- Ph-	9-O(iso-propyl)
	73	_	Ph-	9-OCH3
	72	iso-butyl	D.	0_004

Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd# YYY)	R ¹ =R ²	_R 5	(R ^X) q
F101.007	01	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-он
	06	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-0CH3
	07	iso-pentyl	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)

```
08
           iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-SCH3
 09
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-SOCH3
 10
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-502CH3
 11
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-SCH2CH3
 12
          iso-pentyl
                                    7-NH2
                              Ph-
 13
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-NHOH
 14
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-NHCH3
 15
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-N(CH3)2
 16
          iso-pentyl
                              Ph-
                                    7-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
 17
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-NHC (=0) CH3
 18
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-N (CH2CH3) 2
 19
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-NMeCH2CO2H
 20
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 21
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-morpholine
 22
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-azetidine
 23
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
 24
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-pyrrolidine
 25
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
 26
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(N)=N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
27
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
28
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
29
          iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NH-CBZ
30
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NHC (0) C5H11
31
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NHC (O) CH2Br
32
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-NH-C (NH) NH2
33
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   7-(2)-thiophene
34
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   8-methyl
35
         iso-pentyl
                                   8-ethyl
                            Ph-
36
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-iso-propyl
37
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-tert-butyl
38
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-OH
39
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-OCH3
40
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-0(iso-propyl)
41
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH3
42
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SOCH3
43
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SO2CH3
44
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   8-SCH2CH3
45
         iso-pentyl
                                   8-NH2
                            Ph-
46
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-инон
47
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-NHCH3
48
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-N (CH3) 2
49
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-N+(CH3)3, I-
```

```
50
        iso-pentyl
                                  8-NHC (=0) CH3
                            Ph-
51
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-N (CH2CH3) 2
52
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
                                  8-(N)-morpholine
54
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
55
                                  8-(N)-azetidine
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
56
        iso-pentyl
                                  8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
                            Ph-
57
                                  8-(N)-pyrrolidine
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
58
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
        iso-pentyl
59
                            Ph-
                                  8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
                                  8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
60
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
61
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
62
                                  8-NH-CBZ
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
63
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-NHC (O) C5H11
64
        iso-pentyl
                                  8-NHC (O) CH2Br
                            Ph-
                                  8-NH-C (NH) NH2
65
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                  8-(2)-thiophene
67
                            Ph-
                                  9-methyl
        iso-pentyl
68
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-ethyl
                                   9-150-propyl
69
        iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
70
                            Ph-
                                   9-tert-butyl
         iso-pentyl
                                   9-OH
71
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
72
                                   9-0CH3
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-0(iso-propyl)
73
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
74
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SCH3
                                   9-SOCH3
75
                            Ph-
         iso-pentyl
76
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SO2CH3
77
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-SCH2CH3
78
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-NH2
79
                                   9-NHOH
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
80
                            Ph-
                                   9-NHCH3
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N (CH3) 2
81
         iso-pentyl
82
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N+(CH3)3, I-
                                   9-NHC (=0) CH3
83
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
84
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N (CH2CH3) 2
85
                            Ph-
                                   9-NMeCH2CO2H
         iso-pentyl
86
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
87
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-morpholine
         iso-pentyl
                            Ph-
                                   9-(N)-azetidine
88
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
89
         iso-pentyl
                                   9-(N)-pyrrolidine
90
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
91
         iso-pentyl
92
         iso-pentyl
                             Ph-
                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
```

Ph-

9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine

93

iso-pentyl

```
93
                      iso-pentyl .
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
             95
                      iso-pentyl
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NH-CBZ
             96
                      iso-pentyl
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NHC (0) C5H11
             97
                      iso-pentyl
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NHC (0) CH2Br
             98
                      iso-pentyl
                                           Ph-
                                                 9-NH-C (NH) NH2
             99
                      iso-pentyl
                                                 9-(2)-thiophene
                                           Ph-
            100
                      iso-pentyl
                                           Ph-
                                                 7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
            101
                      iso-pentyl
                                                 7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
                                           Ph-
            102
                      iso-pentyl
                                                 7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
                                          Ph-
            103
                                          Ph-
                                                 6-осн3, 7-осн3, 8-осн3
                      iso-pentyl
  Prefix
            Cpd#
                     R^{1}=R^{2}
                                          R<sup>5</sup>
                                                 (RX) q
(FFF. XXX.
            YYY)
            01
F101.008
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-methyl
            02
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-ethyl
            03
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-iso-propyl
            04
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-tert-butyl
            05
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-QH-
            06
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-0CH3
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
            07
                                          Ph-
                                                7-0 (iso-propyl)
            80
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                7-SCH3
            09
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                7-SOCH3
           10
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                7-SO2CH3
           11
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                7-SCH2CH3
           12
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-NH2
           13
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-NHOH
           14
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-NHCH3
           15
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-N (CH3) 2
           16
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-N+(CH3)3, I-
           17
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                                7-NHC (=0) CH3
                                         Ph-
           18
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-N (CH2CH3) 2
           19
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-NMeCH2CO2H
           20
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
           21
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-morpholine
           22
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-azetidine
           23
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
           24
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-pyrrolidine
           25
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
           26
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
           27
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph-
                                                7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
           28
                    CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                         Ph→
                                               7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
```

```
29
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-NH-CBZ
30
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-NHC (0) C5H11
31
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-NHC (0) CH2Br
32
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     7-NH-C (NH) NH2
                              Ph-
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
33
                              Ph-
                                     7-(2)-thiophene
34
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-methyl
35
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-ethyl
                              Ph-
36
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-iso-propyl
                              Ph-
37
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-tert-butyl
38
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-OH
                              Ph-
39
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-OCH3
                              Ph-
40
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-O(iso-propyl)
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
41
                              Ph-
                                     8-SCH3
42
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-SOCH3
                              Ph-
43
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SO2CH3
44
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SCH2CH3
45
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NH2
46
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     в-мнон
                              Ph-
47
                                     в-мнснз
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-N (CH3) 2
48
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
49
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+(CH3)3, I-
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
50
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (=0) CH3
51
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-N (CH2CH3) 2
                              Ph-
52
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
54
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-morpholine
55
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-azetidine
56
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
57
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-(N)-pyrrolidine
                              Ph-
58
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
59
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
60
                              Ph-
61
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
62
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NH-CBZ
63
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (O) C5H11
64
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (O) CH2Br
65
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                     8-NH-C (NH) NH2
                              Ph-
66
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(2)-thiophene
67
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-methyl
68
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-ethyl
         CH2C (=0) C2H5
69
                              Ph-
                                     9-iso-propyl
```

```
70
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-tert-buty1
               71
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-OH
               72
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-0CH3
               73
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                                    9-0(iso-propyl)
                                             Ph-
              74
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-SCH3
              75
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-SOCH3
              76
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-SO2CH3
              77
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-SCH2CH3
              78
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                             Ph-
                                                    9-NH2
              79
                        CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                    9-инон
              80
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                    9-NHCH3
              81
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                    9-N (CH3) 2
              82
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-N+(CH3)3, I-
              83
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-NHC (=0) CH3
              84
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-N (CH2CH3) 2
              85
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-NMeCH2CO2H
              86
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
             87
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-(N)-morpholine
             88
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-(N)-azetidine
             89
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
             90
                       CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-(N)-pyrrolidine
             91
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                   9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
             92
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                            Ph-
                                                  9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
             93
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
             93
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                                  9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
                                           Ph-
             95
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NH-CBZ
             96
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                                  9-NHC (0) C5H11
                                           Ph-
             97
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NHC (0) CH2Br
             98
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-NH-C (NH) NH2
             99
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  9-(2)-thiophene
            100
                      CH2C (=0) C2H3
                                           Ph-
                                                  7-0CH3, 8-0CH3
            101
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
            102
                      CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
            103
                     CH2C (=0) C2H5
                                           Ph-
                                                  6-осна, 7-осна, 8-осна
 Prefix
            Cpd#
                     R^{1}=R^{2}
                                          \mathbb{R}^5
                                                  (RX) q
(TTT . EEE.
           YYY)
F101.009 01
                     CH2OC2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-methyl
            02
                     CH2OC2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-ethyl
            03
                     CH2OC2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-iso-propyl
           04
                     CH2OC2H5
                                          Ph-
                                                 7-tert-butyl
```

```
7-OH
05
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                             Ph-
                                    7-0CH3
06
         CH2OC2H5
07
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-0(iso-propyl)
                                    7-SCH3
                             Ph-
08
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-SOCH3
09
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-SO2CH3
10
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-SCH2CH3
11
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-NH2
                             Ph-
12
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-NHOH
13
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-NHCH3
                             Ph-
14
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-N (CH3) 2
15
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
16
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
                             Ph-
                                    7-NHC (=0) CH3
17
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-N (CH2CH3) 2
18
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-NMeCH2CO2H
19
         CH2OC2H5
20
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
                                    7-(N)-morpholine
                             Ph-
21
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-(N)-azetidine
                             Ph-
22
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
23
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-pyrrolidine
                             Ph-
24
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
25
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
                             Ph-
26
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
27
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
                             Ph-
28
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-NH-CBZ
29
         CH2OC2H5
                             Ph-
                                    7-NHC (0) C5H11
                              Ph-
30
         CH2OC2H5
31
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                    7-NHC (0) CH2Br
                                    7-NH-C (NH) NH2
                              Ph-
32
         CH2OC2H5
                                    7-(2)-thiophene
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
33
                                    8-methyl
                              Ph-
         CH2OC2H5
34
                                    8-ethyl
35
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-iso-propyl
                              Ph-
36
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-tert-butyl
37
         CH2OC2H5
                                     8-OH
                              Ph-
38
         CH2OC2H5
                                     8-OCH3
                              Ph-
39
         CH2OC2H5
                                     8-O(iso-propyl)
                              Ph-
40
         CH2OC2H5
                                     8-SCH3
41
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                              Ph-
                                     8-SOCH3
42
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SO2CH3
43
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SCH2CH3
 44
          CH2OC2H5
                                     8-NH2
                              Ph-
 45
          CH2OC2H5
                                     8-NHOH
                              Ph-
 46
          CH2OC2H5
```

```
47
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-NHCH3
48
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-N (CH3) 2
49
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-N+(CH3)3, I-
          CH2OC2H5
50
                               Ph-
                                     8-NHC (=0) CH3
51
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-N (CH2CH3) 2
52
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I"
54
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-(N)-morpholine
55
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-(N)-azetidine
          CH2OC2H5
56
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
57
          CH2OC2H5
                               Ph-
                                     8-(N)-pyrrolidine
58
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
59
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
60
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
61
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
62
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NH-CBZ
63
          CH2OC2H5
                                     8-NHC (0) C5H11
                              Ph-
64
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (O) CH2Br
65
          CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NH-C (NH) NH2
         CH2OC2H5
66
                              Ph-
                                     8-(2)-thiophene
67
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-methyl
         CH2OC2H5
68
                              Ph-
                                     9-ethyl
69
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-iso-propyl
70
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-tert-butyl
71
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-OH
72
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-OCH3
73
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-O(iso-propyl)
74
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-SCH3
75
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-SOCH3
76
         CH2OC2H5
                                     9-SO2CH3
                              Ph-
77
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-SCH2CH3
78
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-NH2
79
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-NHOH
80
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-NHCH3
81
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-N (CH3) 2
82
         CH<sub>2</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>
                              Ph-
                                     9-N+(CH3)3, I-
83
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-NHC (=0) CH3
84
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-N (CH2CH3) 2
85
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-NMeCH2CO2H
86
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I"
87
         CH2OC2H5
                              Ph-
                                     9-(N)-morpholine
```

88	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-azetidine
89	CH2OC2H5	· Ph-	9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
90	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-pyrrolidine
91	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
92	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
93	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
93	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
95	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-NH-CBZ
96	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-NHC (0) C5H11
97	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-NHC (O) CH2Br
98	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	9-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
99	CH ₂ OC ₂ H ₅	Ph-	9-(2)-thiophene
100	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
101	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
102	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
103	CH2OC2H5	Ph-	6-OCH3, 7-OCH3, 8-OCH3

Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R ¹ =R ²	R ⁵	(R ^x). G
F101.010	01	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-OH
	06	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-0CH3
	07	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	80	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-SOCH3
	10	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-SO ₂ CH ₃
	11	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-SCH2CH3
	12	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-NH ₂
	13	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-NHOH
	14	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-NHCH3
	15	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-N (CH3) 2
	16	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-N+ (CH3)3, I-
	17	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-NHC (=0) CH3
	18	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-N (CH2CH3) 2
	19	CH ₂ CH (OH) C ₂ H ₅	Ph-	7-NMeCH2CO2H
	20	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-N* (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
	21	CH2CH (OH) C2H5	Ph-	7-(N)-morpholine
	22	CH ₂ CH (OH) C ₂ H ₅	Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine

```
23
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
 24
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-(N)-pyrrolidine
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
 25
                               Ph-
                                     7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
 26
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
 27
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                     7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
                               Ph-
 28
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
 29
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-NH-CBZ
 30
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-NHC (0) C5H11
 31
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-NHC (0) CH2Br
32
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                               Ph-
                                     7-NH-C (NH) NH2
33
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-(2)-thiophene
34
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-methyl
35
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-ethyl
36
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-iso-propyl
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
37
                              Ph-
                                     8-tert-butyl
38
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-OH
39
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-OCH3
40
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                     8-D(iso-propyl)
                              Ph-
41
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SCH3
42
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SOCH3
43
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-502CH3
44
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-SCH2CH3
45
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NH2
46
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-инон
47
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHCHa
48
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-N (CH3) 2
49
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-N+(CH3)3, I-
50
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NHC (=0) CH3
51
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-N (CH2CH3) 2
52
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
54
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    8-(N)-morpholine
                              Ph-
55
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-azetidine
56
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
57
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-pyrrolidine
58
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
59
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
60
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
61
                              Ph-
                                    8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
62
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-NH-CBZ
63
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    8-NHC (O) C5H11
                              Ph-
64
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-NHC (0) CH2Br
```

```
65
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-NH-C (NH) NH2
66
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    8-(2)-thiophene
67
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-methyl
                              Ph-
68
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-ethyl
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
69
                                    9-iso-propyl
                              Ph-
70
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-tert-butyl
                              Ph-
71
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-OH
72
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-0CH3
                              Ph-
73
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-0(iso-propyl)
74
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-SCH3
                              Ph-
75
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-SOCH3
                              Ph-
76
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-502CH3
77
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-SCH2CH3
78
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-NH2
79
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-NHOH
80
                                    9-NHCH3
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-N (CH3) 2
81
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
82
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-N+ (CH3) 3, I"
                                    9-NHC (=0) CH3
83
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
84
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-N (CH2CH3) 2
                                    9-NMeCH2CO2H
85
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
86
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
87
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-(N)-morpholine
                              Ph-
88
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-(N)-azetidine
89
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
                                    9-(N)-pyrrolidine
90
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
91
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
                              Ph-
92
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
                                    9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
93
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
93
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
                                    9-NH-CBZ
95
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
96
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                    9-NHC (0) C5H11
97
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-NHC (0) CH2Br
                              Ph-
98
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                    9-NH-C (NH) NH2
                              Ph-
                                     9-(2)-thiophene
99
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
100
                              Ph-
                                     7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
101
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                              Ph-
                                     7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
                              Ph-
                                     7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
102
          CH2CH (OH) C2H5
                                     6-OCH3, 7-OCH3, 8-OCH3
103
                              Ph-
         CH2CH (OH) C2H5
```

Prefix (FFF.xxx.	Cpd#	R1=R2	R ⁵	$(R^{x})q$
7101.011	01	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-methyl
	02	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-ethyl
	03	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-iso-propyl
	04	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-tert-butyl
	05	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-он
	06	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-0CH3
	07	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
	80	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-SCH3
	09	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-soch3
	10	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-S02CH3
	11	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-SCH2CH3
	12	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NH2
	13	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NHOH
	14	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NHCH3
	15	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-N (CH ₃) ₂
	16	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
	17	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NHC (=0) CH3
	18	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-N (CH2CH3) 2
	19	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NMeCH2CO2H
	20	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
	21	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-morpholine
	22	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine
	23	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
	24	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-pyrrolidine
	25	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
	26	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
	27	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
	28	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
	29	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NH-CBZ
	30	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NHC (0) C5H11
	31	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NHC (0) CH2Br
	32	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
	33	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	7-(2)-thiophene
	34	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-methyl
	35	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-ethyl
	36	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-iso-propyl
	37	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-tert-butyl
	38	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-OH
	39	CH ₂ O-(4-picoline)	Ph-	8-осн3

```
40
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-0(iso-propyl)
41
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-SCH3
42
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-SOCH3
43
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-SO2CH3
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
44
                                   Ph-
                                           8-SCH2CH3
45
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NH2
46
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph~
                                           8-инон
47
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NHCH3
48
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-N (CH3) 2
49
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-N+(CH3)3, I-
50
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NHC (=O) CH3
51
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-N (CH2CH3) 2
52
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NMeCH2CO2H
53
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
54
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-morpholine
55
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-azetidine
56
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I
57
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-pyrrolidine
58
         CH<sub>2</sub>O- (4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-{N}-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
59
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
60
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                           8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
61
                                   Ph-
62
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NH-CBZ
63
                                           8-NHC (O) C5H11
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
64
                                   Ph-
                                           8-NHC (O) CH2Br
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                           8-NH-C (NH) NH2
65
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
66
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           8-(2)-thiophene
                                   Ph-
67
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                            9-methyl
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                            9-ethyl
68
69
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                            9-iso-propyl
70
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                            9-tert-butyl
71
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                            9-OH
72
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                            9-0CH3
                                            9-0(iso-propyl)
73
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
74
                                    Ph-
                                            9-SCH3
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
75
                                    Ph-
                                            9-SOCH3
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
76
                                            9-S02CH3
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
77
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
                                            9-SCH2CH3
78
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
                                            9-NH2
79
                                            9-NHOH
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
                                            9-NHCH3
80
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
81
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                    Ph-
                                            9-N (CH3) 2
```

```
82
          CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                           9-N+(CH3)3, I-
                                   Ph-
 83
          CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           9-NHC (=0) CH3
 84
          CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           9-N (CH2CH3) 2
 85
          CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           9-NMeCH2CO2H
 86
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                          9-N+(Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
 87
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                           9-(N)-morpholine
 88
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                   Ph-
                                          9-(N)-azetidine
 89
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                          9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
                                   Ph-
90
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-(N)-pyrrolidine
91
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
92
         CH2O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
93
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                          9-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
                                  Ph-
93
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
95
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-NH-CBZ
96
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-NHC (O) C5H11
97
         CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-NHC (O) CH2Br
98
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-NH-C (NH) NH2
99
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          9-(2)-thiophene
100
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          7-0CH3, 8-0CH3
101
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                         7-SCH3, 8-OCH3
                                  Ph-
102
        CH<sub>2</sub>O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
                                          7-SCH3, 8-SCH3
103
                                          6-осн3, 7-осн3, 8-осн3
        CH2O-(4-picoline)
                                  Ph-
```

7-(hexylamido) 7-amino 7-acetamido 7-amino

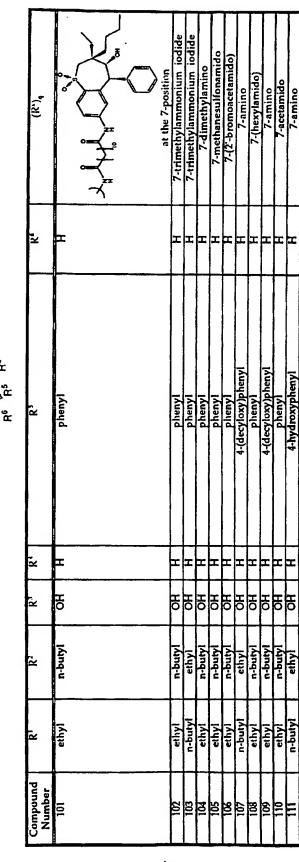
4-hydroxypheny

 $\pi\pi\pi\pi\pi$

ननमञ्ज

ethyl ethyl ethyl ethyl n-butyl

Additional Structures of the Present Invention



		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_				_		_	
	7-amino	7-amino	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-(O-benzylcarbanato)	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-(O-tert-butylcarbamato)	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-amino	7-amino	7-hexylamino	7-(hexylamino)		at the 8-position	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-amino	7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-amino	at the 7-position
	r :	Į.	- -		r		=	F	H	H	Н	Н	Œ		I I	=	=	I	Ξ
4 1 1 2 2	4-methormetery	4-methoxunkenul	4-methoxyohenyl	nhenvi	Sheno	phenyl	phone	pitenyi	pnenyi	pnenyl	phenyi	phenyi	phenyl	4-fluoronbeau	A Change in	4-fluorophorul	A Gireniyi	4-1 morophenyi	4-fluorophenyi
		-	F	F	-	F	F	+	: -	: -	+	-	<u> </u>	+	=	-	-	: =	
ė O	등	등	HO	등	등	등	E	ē	; - -	E	5 6	200	5	HO	튭	HO	F		5
n-buty	n-buty!	ethyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-buty	ethyl	n-butvl	pthyl	n-butul		ethyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-hitte	
ethyl	ethyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	ethyt	ethyl	n-butyl	ethy	n-butvi	ethyl	n-butyl	ethy		n-buty!	n-buty)	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	
113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	121	123	124	125		126	127	128	129	131	
	ethyl n-buty OH H 4 hild-workbard	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H cthyl n-butyl OH H 4-methorunhanyl	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-indroxyphenyl H cthyl n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H A-methoxyphenyl H A-methoxyphenyl H	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H cthyl n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H H -hothoxyphenyl	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H H H ethyl n-butyl OH H H	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H cthyl n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H phenyl H ethyl n-butyl OH H phenyl H	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H H H ethyl OH H H H n-butyl OH H H H n-butyl ethyl OH H Dhenyl	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H ethyl n-butyl OH H Phenyl n-butyl OH H Phenyl H ethyl n-butyl OH H Phenyl ethyl n-butyl OH H Phenyl	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H 4-methyl OH H phenyl	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H 4-methyl OH H P phenyl H P p	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H 4-methyl OH H H phenyl H phenyl H phenyl H phenyl H phenyl H phenyl ethyl OH H phenyl H phenyl H phenyl ethyl OH H phenyl H phenyl ethyl OH H phenyl H phenyl ethyl OH H phenyl H phen	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H 4-methoxyl OH H H phenyl H ph	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-liydroxyphenyl H n-butyl ethyl OH H 4-methoxyphenyl H n-butyl oH H H H n-butyl oH H H H n-butyl oH H phenyl H n-butyl oH H	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H 4-methoxyph	ethyl n-buyl OH H 4-hydroxyphenyl H 4-methoxyphenyl H H 4-methyl n-butyl OH H P phenyl H P phenyl n-butyl oH H P phenyl H P phenyl n-butyl OH H P phenyl H P phenyl ethyl n-butyl OH H P phenyl H P phenyl n-butyl OH H P phenyl H P phenyl ethyl n-butyl OH H P phenyl H P phenyl H P phenyl H P phenyl ethyl OH H P phenyl ethyl NH H P phenyl	Color	ethyl n-butyl OH H 4-hydrosyphenyl H 4-hydrosyphenyl H 4-methosyphenyl H H 4-m	1

\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	at the 8-position	8-(hexyloxy)	at the o-position	at the 8-position	o-nydroxy	at the Z-position	September 2	at the 7-position			7-methylmercapto	7-100 00 100 000 000	7-(North Hand	Z-methom.	7-methoxy
Ξ		Ī	τ			I	1	ΞŒ	(3-methoxy-	Į.	=		3-methoxy.
phenyl	Dheavi	phenyl	phenyl	phenyl		phenyt	phenyl	phenyl			I	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluoropheny!	3-methoxyphenyl	H
I	Ξ	Ξ	т	E	5	r.	H	Ξ	1	۲	НО	н	Н	Н	동
ਰ	동	중	1 0	덩	5	5	ОН	HÖ			Ξ	ЮН	НО	НО	Ŧ
n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	lýjng-u	n-butyl	- Physical Control	euvi	ethyl	ethyl	1	\	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-butyl
ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	With the	Jána-	n-butyl	n-butyl		ا (ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl
132	133	134	135	136	137	00.1	85	139		141	7.51	143	144	262	263

Γ	T	T	_	_	T	T	Т	7	_	T	T	T	_		7	٦		٦				Т	Т	Т	Т	_	_	7	_	Т	J	_	Т	_	_	_	_	,	_	_			_
	7-methory	Z-marthage	, memory		7-hvdmxv	7-methown	7-memoxy	7-IIIetiloxy	/-methoxy	7-hudminu	7-bromo	Zammo		7-fluoro	2.0	/-fluoro	/-fluoro	12.4	/-riuoro	/-methoxy	7-methoxy	7-methoxy	7-methoxy	7-methylmercapto	7-methy	7-methy	`	7-(4'-morpholino)		7-(O-benzylcarbamato)	7-amino	7-amino	Z-amino	7-amin.	7.10 hammer	10-Delicy Icarba mato)	ouime-/	7-benzylanino	7-dimethylamino	7-amino			
phenyl	1	3-triffuoro-	methyl.	phenyl	H	Ξ	I	4-6111000	phenyl	H	Н	3-methoxy-	phenyl	ohenvi	1 1	3-mothove.	phenyl	1				-	E	Ŧ	Ξ	4-fluoro-	phenyl	I		H	I	I	I	Ŧ	=	1			Ξ	_	_	 	
2 100	3-trittuoromethylphenyl	T			3-ilyaroxyphenyi	3-nydroxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyt	I		4-fluorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	.	#		4-fluorophenyl			3-methoxyphenyl	3-fluorophenyl	2-fluoropheny]	3-fluorophenyl	2-(Inventorial	4-fluoronhamil	A (I	4-Iluoropnenyi	r	4-fliorinhamil	MISCING	ONICCIA	pnenyl	pnenyl	pneny!	pnenyi	phenyl	phenyl	4-fluorophenyl	phenyl	DANAMA	, in the state of) io	
 	ē	5	_	III.		-			1	-	HO		HO		E		+		Ξ.	E 5	ОН	I	H	F	- HO		F			-		-		-	: =	c	E		I	_		 _	
HO	Ξ	:	_	HO	F	E	;	:	Ę	Ö	E		Ξ		5 =	Ε	2	5 6	5	-	I	ОН	HO	HO	F		HO		표	튭	HO	FO	6	Ö		5 2	5	HO	HO				1
n-buty)	n-butyl		0	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butv	n-butvi		n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	•	n-buty	n-hutter	1,111	l King-ii	n-bury	- P. Marie		II-buty	n-buty!	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl		n-buty!		ethyl	ethyl	methyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	[Alith-u		A I	n-butyl	n-butyl				
ethyl	ethyl	•		ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	,	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl		ethyl	ethyl	ethyl		ethyl	ethyl	lin lin		cunyi	ethyl	ethyl	ethyi	ethyl		ethyl		ethyi	ethyl	methyl	n-buty]	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-buty	n-butvi		n-buryi	ethyl				
264	265			266	797	268	269		270	271	222		273	274	275		276	277	278	270	2,50		107	787	283	.000	507	607	997	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	707	300	CG				

7-amino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	I	=	т	Д	I	Ι
1. + (O) + (N(CH ₃) ₂	H ^c os	1- + + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃			CF,COO.	CF,COO.
Ξ	Ι	I	Ŧ.	x	I	π.
НО	НО	НО	НО	НО	НО	НО
[kinq-u	Amq-u	l⁄kinq-u	[ʎɪnq-u	(Ajnq-u	n-bulyl	n-butyl
ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	n-butyl
23,8	1000	1001	1002	5001	1004	1005

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino; 9-methoxy 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino; 9-methoxy
I	±	Œ	π	T T	x x	H
, v. o o o o	Br- + 1.	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 2	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl 3-fluoro-4-(5-triethylammoniumpentyloxy)phenyl, trifluoroacetate salt	4-hydroxyphenyl	4-methoxyphenyl
Ι.	Ξ	Ŧ	ı	T T	= =====================================	Ŧ
₹	Ö	НО	ਲੋ	등 원	40	용
lybūd-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
9001	7001	1008	1009	1010	1013	1014

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
I	T	I	I	I	II.
Bi-	1 + CO2+	O	+ * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(CH ₂) ₄ (CH ₂) ₄	CI- N(CH2,CH2)2
I	I	I	I	Ξ	π
동	H _O	ਰ	Ю	НО	Но
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-buiyl	lynd-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1015	1016		24	101 <i>9</i>	1020

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	H	I.
-i -o		1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
Ξ	T.	I
Ю	HO	HO H
n-butyl	n-butyl	l-butyl
n-buly)	n-butyl	n-butyl
1021	1022	1023

			1	
7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ.	x	T	Ξ	T
	4(4x0°4x0)N	+ 2 0	+ 2 5	OH
I .	T	Ŧ	I	T.
Н	НО	ह	K	НО
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	Júng-u	n-buiyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/jud-n	n-butyl
	1025	102 <i>k</i>	1027	1028

				; ;	·
7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
н	Ŧ	T.	±	Τ.	Ι.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ N	H CH2 (CH2) f		+
동	НО	-	HO H	H H	
l⁄ung-u	n-butyl	n-buty}	n-buryl	n-butyl	
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyJ	n-buty]	
1029	0801	1031	1032	1034	
			24		

WO 97/33882 PCT/US97/04076

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	I	Ξ	I	H	I
	, CO4CH2H3	4-hydroxyphenyl	-i	phenyl	CF ₃ CO ₂ (CH ₂) ₄
Ι.	Ι.	F	Ι.	H	π
H H	Но	HO	НО	ЮН	НО
n-batyl	J/sinq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
lyin d- n	lyind-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1035	9601	1037	1038	1039	1040

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethy(amino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino
I	T.	I	3 :	Ξ	x x
	1- + N(C ₆ H ₅) ₃		§ 7	CH2)6	3-aminophenyl
<u> </u>	=	I	H	Ι	王王
동	ਲ -	ਰ	6	용	H
n-bûty	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/had-u	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl
1701	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	Ι	I	<u>-</u>	π
1- + + + O + + + O + O + O + O + O + O +	Pic	+	T, co, co, t	
Ξ	Ξ	±	I	I
ᅜ	5	HÖ	Н	HO
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	lýjud-a	n-butyl
1048	1049	0501	1501	1052

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaminu	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
I .	π	Σ.	I	т
CGH203	+ N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N		+	
=	Ξ	I	Ι .	Ξ
5	HO	ᆼ	НО	НО
n-buiyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	ո- ե աւջ <u>վ</u>	n-butyl	n-buly!	n-butyl
£301-;	1054	1055	1056	1057

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-methylamino	7-methylamino	7-methylamino	7-methylamino
I.	Œ	Н	Ξ	д	Ι
	Solution 12	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl			
Ξ	I	Н	T	T	I
₹	HO	НО	Ŧ Ŏ	НО	НО
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/linq-u	l/ing-u	l/unq-u
n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1058	1059	1060	1061	1042	1063

7-methylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	9-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino; 9-dimethylamino
±	Ξ	Ξ	ш	Ξ
+ 2 - 0			thiophen-3-yl	phenyl
I	I	I	T T	Ŧ
₹	Ю	ਰੋ	H H	용
1-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bụtyl
1064	\$901	1066	1068	1069

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylaminu:	9-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	. 7-dimethylamino
π	I	I	н	н.		I	Ι
To The Notes of th		1- 1- OH	F Br	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl 4-fluorophenyl		1- + N(CH ₃) ₃	3-hydroxymethylphenyl
I	x	Σ	μ	H H	:	I	Ξ
НО	НО	ОН	ОН	HO	;	НО	ЮН
n-bultyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl		ուժան	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl n-hutyl	i cari	n-butyl	n-butyl
1070	1071	1072	1073	1074		10%	1077

Γ				
7. A immediately	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	.	Ψ	Ξ	Ή
4-hydroxyphenyl	N S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S			2-pyridyl
		Ξ	π	=
E G	5	¥	Н	등
n-butyl		n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bury!
ethyl		n-butyl	n-buty!	n-parisi
1078		1080	1081	7

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaming	7-dimethylamino
T	ш	I	I	д	Н	Ξ	д
		thiophen-3-yl			3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl	4-methoxyphenyl	+ Z F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
т.	I	Н	r	Ψ	Н	H	Ι
НО	НО	OH	НО	НО	ЮН	HO	HO .
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l⁄snq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty)	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/inq-u	ethyl	ethyl	lyind-n
1083	1084	1085	9801	<i>1</i> 801	1088	1089	1050

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
I	π	Ξ	π
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·) - - - -	
Ι	r	Ξ	I
₹	HO	H _O	Ö
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bury!
n-butyl	l/ind-n	n-butyl	rough
1691	1092	1093	

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino
Ι	т Т	I	I.	Ξ	I	r	ıπ
,	+ N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N	O = ZI	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		4-methoxyphenyl	F CF,CO, T	3-carboxymethylphenyl
I	I	ш	I	Ξ:	=	r	II
퓽	НО	НО	НО	공	탕	E	용
lýng-u	[/linq-u	J/lang-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-buryl	l/inq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl lytnd-n
1095	9601	4601	1098	6601	0011	001	1103

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimosting	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
π	II	II.	Н	: x	エ	Ξ	н
O	5-piperonyl 3-lydroxyphenyl	+ 2	3-pyridyl			CO2H	4-pyridyl
Τ		I.	H	I	T	Ξ.	Ξ
Но	5 6 8	5	픙	ਰ ਰ	НО	HO	땅
n-butyl	n-butyl	rking-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl		n-buty	l fing-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1104	1106	901	901		2		1112

7-dimethylamino	7-methylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino		7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
π	T!	I	E I	1	: т	II.	I
	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1	3-fluoro-4-hvdroxunhenvi			
I	Ŧ P			H	п	I	Ξ
ᅜ	HO B	5 5	5 6	HO	H _O	НО	НО
n-butyl	n-butyl	M-bury!	Jung-u	n-butv1	n-buiyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-buiyl	n-butyl	ethyl	ethyl	ethyl	n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
11 13	1114	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121

Jamino	lamino lamino lamino	ammo		amino	mino mino	mino
7-dimethy]amino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	/-dimethylamınd		7-dimethylamino 9-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino
Ξ.	工工工工	: ==	2	Ξ.	x x	π π
Br Pr	phenyl 3-methoxyphenyl 3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl		1- N+ N+ 3-fluoro-4-hydroxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl	-I-memoxyphenyl	4-cyanomethylphenyl
I	= ===	TT	н		Ξ.	ΞΞ.
HO	공동등등	Ю	HO	동등등	НО	윤
n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl	[Ainq-u	lynd-n	lynd-n lynd-n	n-butyl	lynd-n
n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl ethyl	n-butyl	lyind-n	n-butyl ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl ethyl
1122	1123 1124 1125 1126	1127	1128	1130	1132	134

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	9-(2',2'-dimethyllydrazino)	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino .	7-(2',2'-dimethylhydrazino)	7-ethylmethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	9-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-diethylamino	7-dimethylsulfonium, fluoride salt	7-ethylamino	7-ethylmethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-(ethoxymethyl) methylamino	7-methylamino	9-methoxy	7-methyl
F	I	Ξ	x	H	Н	Ξ	Ħ	3-fluoro-4- methoxy- phenyl	Н	н	= :	H	Н	H	Н	Н	Н	Н	I	I
3,4-dimethoxyphenyl	-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\	4-fluorophenyl		3,4-difluorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	To S NICH2CHAD	Н	5-piperonyl	4-methoxyphenyl	·(CH2)10 (CH2)2	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	4-fluorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl	phenyl	4-fluorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl
Ξ	I	Ħ	I	H	Н	Н	н	НО	Н	н	I.	H	Н	Н	Н	Н	H	H	Ŧ	Ξ
ਰ	용	НО	НО	HO	ЮН	НО	HO	н	НО	HO	НО	OH HO	OH I	ЮН	НО	НО	НО	ЮН	ЮН	ОН
n-butyl	l/and-n	n-butyl	lýing-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	lyhud-n	n-buty]
n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty)	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	- -	1145	1146	2411	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1354	1155

7	ordenyimercapto	7-fluoro;	9-dimethylamino	7-methoxy	7-dimethylamino	7-diethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaming	7-methoxy	7-methoxy	H	7-trimething	7 Jimeniyanunonlum lodide	, -dimethylamino		7-trimethylammonium jodide	8-dimethylaming	7-ethylpropylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-methoxy	7-ethylpropylamino	7-phenyl	7-methylsuffonyl	9-fluoro	7-butylmethylamina	7-dimethylamino	8-methoxy	7-trimethylammonium indide	7-butylmethylamino	7-methoxy	7-fluoro	7-fluoro;	9-fluoro	7-fluoro	7-fluoro;	9-fluoro	7-methy!	7-trimethylammonium iodide	7-trimethylammonium iodide	7-bromo	7-hydroxy	7-hydroxy	7-dimethylamino
		5		=	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	H	Ξ		Ξ		:		I	I	H	H	Н	Н	Н	I	I	I	H	I	I	H	Н	н	I		I	r	:	<u> </u>	=	Ξ	Ξ	F	Ξ	Ī
4-fluorophenyi	4-fluorophenyl		4-pyridinyl, hydruchluride cale	The State of the S	A. (License)	3 C. dichters 4	C. Transfer Themory phenyl	oneny!	3-(dimethylamino)phenyl	4-pyridinyl	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl	3-hydroxyphenyl	5, 4		\$.0.	4-hydruxyphenyl	phenyl	3-methoxyphenyl		4-pyridinyi	4-Illiorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	3-methoxyphenyl	3-(unitaoromethylsultonyloxy)phenyl	phenyl	ruenty.	4-Nuorophenyl	4-(umethylamino)phenyl	3-metaoxyphenyt	i de la companya de l	4-fliosonbeni	phenyl		4-fluorophenyl	4-methyvaniani	3 4-diffuenthan	2 homes Less	4.(dimethylamina)-hami	2.(dimethylamine) share	4.72.72 mathula against	- (- ment) propytilpheny
	Ξ		Н		Ξ	Ξ	F	-	-			Ξ.	r.		1	+	+		-	+	-	: =	 : ⊒	= =	-	= =	-		+	===	: =		Ξ	F		Н	=	F	=	Ξ	F	=	
ਰ	5 —		ЮН	HO	등	등	HO	E	2	0		5	5		НО	등	ē	E O	등	ē	E	ē	E	E	T To	F	동	HO	E O	Ö	ō		PHO HO	Ho		F	HO	H	등	동	등	HO	
n-buty!	n-puth		n-buty	ethyl	n-buty!	n-buty!	n-butyl	n-buty	n-butvl	n-butyl		ino-ii	i kana-u		n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butvl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	n-butvl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	n-buty	n-butyl		n-butyl	n-butyl		n-buty!	n-butyl	n-buty	n-buty	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	
n-butyl	14-0-11		n-buty!	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	lohitte.	n-pinto			n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	etliy	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty!		n-butyl	n-butyl		n-buty!	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	
1156		8517	0211	ec I	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	9911	1167			1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	381	100	201	 8E	1107	/011	138	1189	130	1611	1192	1193	

7-dimethylamino	7-(4'-methylpiperazin-1-yl)	7-methoxy	7-(N-methylformamido)	7-methoxy	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-methyl
.	Н	Ξ	Ξ	Н	II.	phenyl	В
	4-methoxyphenyl	1 - V(CH ₃) ₃	phenyl	4-(pyridinyl-N-oxide)		Ι.	1
Œ	H	T.	R3 + R4 = oxo	Ŧ	π	핑	Ŧ
НО	R	НО	R3 + R4 = oxo	ᆼ	НО	H	둉
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty]
lv-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1194	1195	9611	2611	1198	1199	1200	1201

7-methoxy	7-(4'-tert-butylphenyl)	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethyla min o	7-dimoshilania	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethulnhenul	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino		9-(4'-morpholino)	7-dimethylamino	7.18	9-methy increapto
I	Ξ:	T III	π.	Ξ	I	H	H	π		I .	3-fluoro-4- methoxy- phenyl	+	Ξ.
	5-piperazinyl 4-fluoronkenyl)	Br + + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂	3,5-dichlorophenyl	4-methoxyphenyl	phenyl	2-(dimethylamino)phenyl		4-methoxyohenyi	T H		phenyl	4-methoxyphenyl
I		I	Ι	Ŧ	-	-		.	Ŧ	H		=	
~	등등	H 0	Ю	HO G		בינוניי	5 5	5	HO	I		동	5
n-bury	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-h.m.1	n-bury		n-butyl	ethyl		ethyl	n-outy!
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butvi	ethyl		n-buty!	n-butyl		n-puryi	II-parixi
1202	1204	627	1206	1208	1209	1210	1121		7177	1213	66	3161	

7-Ьгото	7-dimethylamino	9-methylsulfonyi	7-dimethylamino	7-isopropylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-ethylamino	8-bromo; 7-methylamino	7-fluoro	7-dimethylamino	7-bromo	7-(tert-butylamino	8-bromo; 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	9-dimethylamino; 7-fluoro	7-dimethylamino	9-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Н	н	I	π .	Н	x	Н	H	Н	Η	Ξ	Ξ	r	Ξ	r	r	Ι	I
5-pipervnyl	4-carboxyphenyl	4-methoxyphenyl	N(CH ₃) ₂	3-methoxyphenyl		3-methoxyphenyl	phenyl	3-nitrophenyl	3-methylphenyl	5-piperonyl	4-fluorophenyl	2-pyrrolyl	3-chloro-4-hydroxyphenyl	phenyl		3-thiophenyl	Br- N N(CH ₉) ₂
Ξ	Ξ	Н	Ξ.	Н	т	Ξ	Ŧ	I	H	Н	H	Ξ	Н	Н	T	НО	T.
OH	ЮН	НО	H _O	HO	НО	HO	F	ξō	둉	НО	ЮН	S E	НО	ЮН	НО	E	ō
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethy	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/stnq-u	n-buty]	n-butyl
ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butvl	n-butyl
1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1228	1229	1230	1231	1232	1233

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamine	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino		7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Τ	Ξ	F	Ξ.	I	E		=======================================	±	н
Br Br N(CH ₃),	N(CH ₂ CH ₃)2	4-(bromomethyl)phenyl	NICHAIL O TO THE OFFICE AND THE OFFI		│	4-methoxv-3-methylphenyl	3-(dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl	To to	+ NICH ₃₎₃
I	I	Ξ	T	I	I	Ξ	Ŧ	I.	I
8	0	티	H O	H O	5	ЮН	НО	5	8
n-būty]	lylud-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	Γληηο-u	n-butyl
n-butyl	lylud-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	láng-u	n-butyl
1234	1235	1236	123/	0071	1239	1240	1241	76.7	3

7-(1'-methulhudrazida)	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaming	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
F	I	Н	II.	Ξ	Ι	Ŧ	H	I	I	Ξ
3-methoxyphenyl	L - N(CH ₂)	3-(bromomethyl)phenyl	**************************************	N(CH ₃) ₂	cr,co, ·	3-(dimethylamino)phenyl	1-naphthyl	1. + + O	N(CH ₃) ₃	- July -
Н	π	H	I	I	I	Н	Ξ	I	I	I
НО	Đ Đ	ЮН	ਲ	ĕ	HO	동	Ю	Н	НО	НО
n-bulty]	n-butyl	July-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	J/Janq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	n-buty]	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl
1244	1245	1246	1247	1248	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 8-bromo; 7-dimethylamino 9-(tert-butylamino 7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-bromo 7-isopropylamino 9-isopropylamino 7-dimethylamino	7-carboxy, methyl ester 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	H H Phenyl H	TTTTT		±
<u>·</u>	3-nitrophenyl phenyl 4-fluorophenyl A-fluorophenyl A-fluorophenyl	2-thiophenyl 5-piperonyl 4-fluorophenyl 4-fluorophenyl + fluorophenyl	5-piperunyl	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ξ .	표표 표원표표	-	工工	Ξ.
НО	중동 동도동	5555	등등	H _O
n-bútyl	lybud-n lybud-n lybud-n lybud-n n-butyl	lyind-n lyind-n lyind-n lyind-n	ethyl n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl etlyl ethyl n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl	n-buty]
1255	1257 1257 1258 1259 1260 1261	1262 1263 1264 1265 1266	1267	1269

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
x	T.	ш	I	I	I
B. B.		-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -	1- (CH ₂) ₆ CH ₃ + (CH ₂) ₉	N Col	
I	E	H	T	I	Ξ.
НО	НО	НО	HO	НО	Ho
n-batyl	n-butył	n-butyf	n-butyl	n-buty)	l/Jinq-u
n-butyl	Jánq-u	Jánq-u	l/hut-n	n-butyl	n-butyl
1270	1271	771	1273	1274	1275

7-dinethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7.dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-trimethylammonium indida	7-dimethylamina	9-ethylamino	. 7-dimethylamino
I	I	ж	±	н	Ŧ	Ξ	Ξ	I	Ŧ
1. (CH3) 6CH(CH3)2 + + OH3)6CH(CH3)2	Chalcordichala N Cooth	- (CH ₂), CH ₃ + (CH ₂), CH ₃ - (CH	+	7-		3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl	4-hydaxxmethylphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	phenyl
I	I	Т	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	크	I	-	E
H _O	P. P.	1 0	6	Н	₹	HO	동	5	5
n-buryl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/und-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	cınyı
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-burty!	n-butyl	I I I
1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1004	1

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamnio
H	Н	x	Ξ	±	д	н
σ, σο, σο, σο, σο, σο, σο, σο, σο, σο, σ	4-hydroxyphenyl		1. (cH ₂),cH ₃ + (CH ₂),CH ₃ 3 (CH ₂),CH ₃	1./ \	CF,CO ₂	+ + 1- + 1- + + (C ₆ H ₅) ₃
H	Ξ	r	I	I	π	Ξ.
НО	ह	5	Ю	НО	Ю	HO O
n-bùtyl	ethyl	- Purky	n-butyl	l/and-n	n-butyl	n-buty]
n-butyl	n-buty!	- Dury	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1286	1287	0071	1289	1290	1291	1292

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaminu	7-dimethylamino
I	Ξ	±.	=	Ι	Ξ
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Br (CH ₃) ₂ C (CH ₃) ₃ C	NICH, CH.)		Lo Tr
I	ш	I	I	π.	I
₹	НО	HO	НО	НО	H H
n-butyl	n-buty]	l/hnq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	P671

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	o hid monium todide	7-dimethylamino	7-tert-butylaming	9-methylamino	7-dimethylamino	9-(4'-morpholino)	7-dimethylamino	9-flagro	7-amino	7-(hvdroxvlamino)	8-hexyloxy	8-ethoxy	7-(hydroxylamino)	7-(hexyloxy)
r	phenyl	: 1	I	Н	=	æ	4-methoxy- phenyl	II.	Ξ	F	I	I	Ξ	Н	Ξ
F F SF3	H 3-methovombenul	3-hydroxyphenyl	+ + N(CH ₃) ₃	3-methoxyphenyl	4-fluorophenyl	A CoF ₂	Œ		4-methoxyphenyl	phenyl	phenyl	phenyl	phenyl	phenyl	pnenyi
π	동	Ξ	Ξ	H	Н	T	-	I	H	Ŧ	Н	Ξ	구 구	╁	
НО	ΗO	НО	НО	ОН	OH	НО	5	Ö	용	ᆼ	Ю	용	동	5	5
n-buiyl	ethyl n-butyl	n-butyl	l-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-buty)	n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl	ethyi	ethyl	n-buty!	II-DUINI I
n-butyl	n-butyl n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyi	ethyl	n-butyl	ethyl	n-butyl	n-butyí	n-butyl	ethyl	ctnyi
1299	1300	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	/061	800	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1915

	*-hydroxy		at the 8-position 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
	II	. = = = =	r	Ξ	Ξ.	Ŧ
	phenyl phenyl	phenyl 3-methoxyphenyl phenyl phenyl		ZI	<u></u>	4-((diethylamino)methyl)phenyl
	x	T T T T	Ξ	#	T.	п
10	<u>R</u>	동등등	НО	но	동	퓽
ethyl	ethyl	n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl ethyl	l/inq-u	n-butyl	lylud-n	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	ethyl ethyl ethyl n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1316	1317	1318 1319 1320 1321	1322	1323	1324	1325

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
I	I	五	工	エ	Η
OH	3-fluoro-4-hydroxy-5-iodophenyl		CF ₃ CO ₂		CF,CO2,
Ξ.	I	Ξ	ı.	Ε	Ξ
Ю	ЮН	но	НО	НО	НО
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylaınino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
-	Œ	±	±	Ξ
· ·	+ L N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃	- -	+	
ш	Ŧ	Τ	I	I.
НО	HO	౼	ь Б	L O
n-butyl	n-buty)	n-buty)	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1332	1333	1334	1335	338

7-dimethylanino	7-(4'-methylpiperazinyl) 7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino 7-(4'-fluorophenyl) 7-amino 7-dimethylamino 7-trimethylaminomium iodide 7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino 7-dimethylamino 7-trimethylamino 7-trimethylamino 7-trimethylamino 7-trimethylamino	
I.	工工		
(H ₃ C) ₃ N ₄	4-methoxyphenyl	3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl phenyl phenyl 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl phenyl phenyl phenyl	CF,CO, (CH3CH2)(CH3)N
I	ΤД		
НО	HO HO	10 ck 10	
n-Butyl	n-butyl n-butyl	lyind-u lyind-u lyind-u lyind-u lyind-u lyind-u lisobutyl u-butyl u-butyl u-butyl u-butyl u-butyl u-butyl u-butyl	
n-baty)	n-buiyl	n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl ethyl ethyl sobutyl ethyl n-butyl n-butyl n-butyl	
1337	1338 1339	1341 1342 1344 1345 1346 1349 1349 1350	

				· ·		
7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	
Ι	Ŧ	Τ	ж	Ξ	Ξ	
- ig	(CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃ N F CF ₃ CO ₂	O S NICH2CH ₃) ₃		+ N		ا ا
=	=	Т	I	I	π	1
ਲ 	₩	₹	HO	НО	펀	
lángiu	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	
n-budy	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	
	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	
						ı

]3					1
/-dinethylamino		→					
	1		Ξ	품	n-butyl	n-butyl	
·							
7-dimethylamino	Ξ	+ x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x	Œ	8	n-buty!	n-butyl	
		·					
7-dimethylamino	H	P(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃	I	₽	n-butyl	n-butyl	- 1
	: 						
7-dimethylamino							

				PC1/US9/A
7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	Ξ.	Ξ	<u>.</u>	Ŧ
	- I - N(CH ₂) ²	O		The state of the s
T	п	Ξ	T	π.
	НО	HO	-	НО
lybud-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	l/hnq-u
n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl
1362	1363	1364	1365	1366

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	Ξ	I	π
		+ N - 1 - 0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
I	щ	I	-
Н	8	Но 1	ō
lybud-n .	n-butyl	lýng-u	n-butyl
Jájnq-u	n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-buryl :
1367	1368	1360	1370

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	x	Ξ
н	I	Ξ.	Ξ	Ξ,
Н	НO	Ю	H _O	НО
ո-եսէչ/	n-butyl	l⁄tinq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-bulyl]kinq-u	n-butyl	n-buty
1371	720	1373	13.4	6/6

7-dimethylarnino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Œ.	±	Τ	±	ш	т
		0 + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃	I + O + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃		\(\frac{+}{\rm \)
Ι.	I	T.	π.	I	I
НО	нo	ЮН	НО	НО	H _O
l/inq-u	l/had-n	l/unq-u	lýnq-u	lýtna-n	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ħ.	I	工	Œ	π
			- - - - -	1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1
ш	т	Ι	r	Д.
₹	ę.	НО	HO	H _O
n-butyl	[kinq-u	n-bufyl	l/unq-u	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1382	1383	1384	1385	1386

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
т	т	±	π	ж
T + + CH2CH ₃)3		/z+ ' \ \ \ \		·
T.	E	I	I	I
Но	6	품	Ю	Б
n-butyl	ինրգ-ս	l/hnq-u	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	lynd-n	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty]
1387	1368	1389	1390	1301

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
H	. =	Ξ	x	Ι
<u>.</u>	O N	, N(CH2,CH3)3	÷ >	
I	т	I	I	x
0	НО	땅	ᆼ	НО
n-batyl	l/Anq-u	ւ նոգ-ս	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	láng-u	n-butyl	n-buty1	n-buty]
1392	1393	1394	1395	3%

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ.	Ξ	π	I	T.
<u>+</u>	÷		F + + N(CH ₃) ₃	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
I	T.	I	I	T.
HO	동	НО	ОН	ĕ
n-butyl	n-buryl	n-butyl	n-butyl	lýng-u
n-butyl	n-buiyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1397	988	1399	1400	1401

7-d imethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	Ι	æ	т	π
		+ N	+ + 00	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Ψ	I	I	Ξ	-
E	НО	<u>8</u>	НО	용
n-butyl	Jánq-u	l/inq-u	n-butyl .	n-butyl
n-buiyl	n-buty!	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-butyl
1402	1403	1404	1405	1406
		_	110	

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino ·	7-dImethylamino	7-dimethylamino
±	ш	Ξ	ш	Ξ
	- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I	Y (CH ₂ CH ₃₎₂	H _c OO ₂ H	F + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
r	т	I	r	II.
ਰ	НО	НО	НО	НО
n-bátyl	լ/ագ-ս	l/ling-u	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	ո-ծուy!	n-butyl
1407	1408	1409	1410	1411

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
π .	ц	ш	Ξ	π
- ZT	→ - - - - - - - - - - - - -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Z	1- N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃
x	Ι	I	T	Ξ.
ਰ	НО	8	H	Б
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty	n-butyl	n-butyl
1412	514		4- 0	1416

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
r · -	Ι	Ι	I
<u>z</u> +	HO H	C(CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃) ₃	
T.	Ι	H	±
НО	НО	Но	но
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	1/inq-u	n-butyl
1417	1418	1419	1420

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dinethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
T.	I	Ξ	r	π
·-		+ N(CH ₂ CH ₂) ₃	+	- I- + + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃
Ξ.	ı	I	Ξ	Τ
НО	8	НО	НО	픙
n-butyl	n-buty]	n-buty!	n-butyl	Jánq-u
lýng-u	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1421	22	1423	87	425

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
π	π	±	ш	I
-1 -1 N(CH ₂ CH ₂)N		O TO	Br h NG ₀ H ₉₎₃	· ig + Z
н	I	Œ	r	r
H _O	H _O	Ho	ОН	Но
n-butyl	n-butyl	l⁄ud-n	l/ha-n	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-buty]
1426	1427	1428	1429	1430

	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
	Ľ	π.	I	Ι	π
	1 1 N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃		F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	·	N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃
E		π	Ι	Ξ.	I ,
HO		H H	6	Ħ.	НО
n-būtyl		n-butyl	l⁄ud-n	l-buryl	n-butyl
n-buty!		n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty.	land-n
1431		1432	1433		1435

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
2 1	д -	ш	π	II.	ш
	+ P(C ₆ H ₂)	1 T (CH ₂ CH ₃)3	- 1 + N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃	Y Company of the comp	F + (CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃
-	T	II.	r	Ξ.	Ξ
ᅜ	Н	HO HO	ЮН	НО	НО
n-butyl	n-butyl	lylud-n	lynd-n	n-butyl	l/hnq-u
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-bulyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1436	1437	1438	1439	1440	1441

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-methoxy; 8-methoxy	7-dimethylamino
Ξ	π	π	工	Ξ.	Ξ
H _c od +	T +N		SO ₃ Na		+ « · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
=	I	т.	н	T	ī.
ਲ 	ਲੋ	НО	НО	Ю	HO
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-buty!	n-buty!
n-butyl	n-buty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	r-buty	n-butyl
1442	1443	1444	1445	9	

7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino	7-dimethylamino
ш	τ	I	ш
+ EN SO3		phenyl	H ^c os
Ξ.	ж	H	I
HO	НО	ОН	8
n-tauty]	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl	n-butyl
1448	1449	1450	1451

PEG = 3400 molecular weight polyethylene glycol polymer chain

PEG = 3400 molecular weight polyethylene glycol polymer chain

PEG = 3400 molecular weight polyethylene glycol polymer chain

5

10

15

20

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In further compounds of the present invention, R5 and ${\ensuremath{\text{R}}}^{\ensuremath{\text{c}}}$ are independently selected from among hydrogen and ring-carbon substituted or unsubstituted aryl, thiophene, pyridine, pyrrole, thiazole, imidazole, pyrazole, pyrimidine, morpholine, N-alkylpyridinium, Nalkylpiperazinium, N-alkylmorpholinium, or furan in which the substituent(s) are selected from among halo, hydroxyl, trihaloalkyl, alkoxy, amino, N-alkylamino, N, N-dialkylamino, quaternary ammonium salts, a C, to C. alkylene bridge having a quaternary ammonium salt substituted thereon, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, alkylcarbonyloxy and arylcarbonyloxy, (0,0)dioxyalkylene, $-[O(CH_2)]_X$ where x is 2 to 12, w is 2 or 3 and X comprises halo or a quaternary ammonium salt, thiophene, pyridine, pyrrole, thiazole, imidazole, pyrazole, or furan. The aryl group of R⁵ or R⁶ is preferably phenyl, phenylene, or benzene triyl, i.e., may be unsubstituted, mono-substituted, or disubstituted. Among the species which may constitute the substituents on the aryl ring of R' or R' are fluoro, chloro, bromo, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, trimethylammonium (preferably with an iodide or chloride counterion), methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, formyl, acetyl, propanoyl, (N)-hexyldimethylammonium, hexylenetrimethylammonium, tri(oxyethylene)iodide, and tetra(oxyethylene)trimethyl-ammonium iodide, each substituted at the p-position, the m-position, or both of the aryl ring. Other substituents that can be present on a phenylene, benzene triyl or other aromatic ring include 3,4-dioxymethylene (5-membered ring) and

3,4-dioxyethylene (6- membered ring). Among compounds which have been or can be demonstrated to have desirable ileal bile acid transport inhibiting properties are those in which R5 or R6 is selected from 5 phenyl, p-fluorophenyl, m-fluorophenyl, phydroxyphenyl, m-hydroxyphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, mmethoxyphenyl, p-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl, m-N,Ndimethylaminophenyl, $I^-p-(CH_3)_3-N^4-phenyl$, $I^-m-(CH_3)_3-N^4-phenyl$ phenyl, I m-(CH,),-N-CH,CH,-(OCH,CH,),-O-phenyl, I p- $(CH_3)_3 - N^7 - CH_2CH_2 - (OCH_2CH_2)_2 - O$ -phenyl, $I^- m$ - (N, N-10 dimethylpiperazinium) - (N') - CH₂ - (OCH₂CH₂)₂ - O-phenyl, 3methoxy-4-fluorophenyl, thienyl-2-yl, 5cholorothienyl-2-yl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, I p-(N,Ndimethylpiperazinium) - (N') - CH₂ - (OCH₂CH₂)₂ - O-phenyl, 3fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, -4-pyridinyl, 2-pyridinyl, 3-15 pyridinyl, N-methyl-4-pyridinium, I N-methyl-3pyridinium, 3,4-dioxymethylenephenyl, 3,4dioxyethylenephenyl, and p-methoxycarbonylphenyl. Preferred compounds include 3-ethyl-3-butyl and 3butyl-3-butyl compounds having each of the above 20 preferred R^{s} substituents in combination with the R^{x} substituents shown in Table 1. It is particularly preferred that one but not both of R' and R' is hydrogen.

It is especially preferred that R^4 and R^6 be hydrogen, that R^3 and R^5 not be hydrogen, and that R^3 and R^5 be oriented in the same direction relative to the plane of the molecule, i.e., both in a- or both in \mathcal{B} -configuration. It is further preferred that, where R^2 is butyl and R^1 is ethyl, then R^1 has the same

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orientation relative to the plane of the molecule as R^3 and R^5 .

Set forth in Table 1A are lists of species of R^1/R^2 , R^5/R^6 and R^{\times} .

Table 1A: Alternative R groups

$$(R^{x})q \xrightarrow{\text{1}} R^{2}$$

$$R^{5} R^{6}$$

$$R^{4}$$

R^1, R^2	R^3, R^4	R ⁵	(R ^x) q
ethyl	HO-	Ph-	7-methyl
n-propyl	E-	p-5-2h-	7-ethyl
n-butyl		m-F-Ph-	7-iso-propyl
n-pentyl		p-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-cert-butyl
n-hexyl			7-OH ·
lso-propyl		m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-0CH ₃
iso-butyl		p-(CH ₃) ₂ N-Ph-	7-0(iso-propyl)
iso-pentyl		m-(CH ₃) ₂ N-Ph-	7-SCH ₃
CH ₂ C (=0) C ₂ H ₅		I", p-(CH ₂) ₃ -N*-Ph-	7-SOCH3
CH ₂ CC ₂ H ₅ CH ₂ CH (OR) C ₂ H ₅ CH ₂ O- (4-picoline)		I", m-(CH ₃) ₃ -N*-Ph-	7-SO ₂ CH ₃
		1", p=(CH ₃) ₃ -N*-CH ₂ CH ₂ -	7-SCH ₂ CH ₃
			7-NE ₂
		(OCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ -O-Ph-	7-NEOH
		I , m-(CH ₃) ₃ -H ⁺ -CH ₂ CH ₂ -	7-NECH3
		(OCH2CH2) 2-0-Ph-	7-N (CH ₃) ₂
		I", p-(N,N-	7-0 (Cn3) 2
		dimethylpiperazine) -	7-N* (CH ₃) 3, 1
		(N,) -CH3- (OCH2CH2) 3-0-	7-NHC (-0) CH ₃
		Ph-	7-N (CH2CH3) 2
		I ⁻ , m-(N,N-	7-NMeCH2CO2H
		dimethylpiperazine) -	7-N+(Me) 2CH2CO2R, I-
		(N')-CH2-(CCH2CH2)2-0-	7-(N)-morpholine
		Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine
		m-F, p-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
		3, 4, dioxymethylene-Ph	7-(N)-pyrrolidine
		m-CH ₃ O-, p-F-Ph-	7-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I
		4-pyridine	7-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I
		N-methyl-4-pyridinium, I	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
		3-pyridine	7-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
		N-methyl-3-pyridinium, I	7-NH-CBZ 7-NHC(=0)C ₅ H ₁₁
		2-pyridine	
		₽-C#302C-3#-	7-NHC(=0)CH2Br
		thienyl-2-yl	7-NH-C (NH) NH ₂
		5-C1-chienyl-Z-yl	7-(2)-thiophene
		3,4-difluoro	
		m-F, P-CH ₃ O-Ph	continued next page

```
8-methyl
8-ethyl
B-iso-propyl
8-tert-butyl
8-OH
8-0CR3
8-O(iso-propyl)
a-sca,
8-SOC#3
8-SO2CH3
8-SCH2CH3
8-NE2
8-NEOH
8-NECH3
8-N (CH<sub>3</sub>) 2
8-N* (CH3) 3, I"
8-NHC (=0) CH3
8-N (CH2CH3) 2
8-NMeCH2CO2H
8-N' (Me) 2CH2CO2H, IT
8-(N)-morpholine
8-(N)-azecidine
8-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, IT
8-(N)-pyrrolidine
8-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-8-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
8-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
8-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I-
6-NH-CBZ
8-NHC (O) C5H11
8-NHC (O) CH2BF
8-NH-C(NH)NH2
8-(2)-thiophene
continued next page...
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9-methyl
   9-ethyl
   9-iso-propyl
   9-tert-butyl
   9-OH
   9-0CH3
   9-0(1so-propyl)
  9-SCH<sub>3</sub>
  9-SOCH3
  9-SO2CH3
  9-SCH2CH3
  9-NH2
  9-инон
  9-NHCH3
  9-N (CH3) 2
  9-N+ (CH3) 3, I-
  9-NHC (=0) CH3
  9-N (CH2CH3) 2
  9-NMeCHZCOZH
  9-N+ (Me) 2CH2CO2H, I-
  9-(N)-morpholine
  9-(N)-azetidine
  9-(N)-N-methylazetidinium, I-
9-(N)-pyrrolidine
9-(N)-N-methyl-pyrrolidinium, I-
9-(N)-N-methyl-morpholinium, I-
9-(N) -N' -methylpiperazine
 9-(N)-N'-dimethylpiperazinium, I
 9-NH-CBZ
 9-NHC (O) C5H11
 9-NHC (O) CH2Br
 9-NH-C (NH) NH2
 9-(2)-thiophene
 7-00H3, 8-00H3
 7-SCH3, 8-CCH3
 7-SCH<sub>3</sub>, 8-SCH<sub>3</sub>
6-OCH<sub>3</sub>, 7-OCH<sub>3</sub>, 8-OCH<sub>3</sub>
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Further preferred compounds of the present invention comprise a core structure having two or more pharmaceutically active benzothiepine structures as described above, covalently bonded to the core moiety via functional linkages. Such active benzothiepine structures preferably comprise:

$$(\mathbb{R}^{\mathsf{X}})_{q} \xrightarrow{(0)_{1}} \mathbb{R}_{1}^{\mathsf{R}_{7}} \\ \mathbb{R}_{\mathsf{S}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{S}}} \mathbb{R}_{\mathsf{A}}^{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{3}}} \qquad (\text{Formula DIV})$$

10 or:

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$$(R^{X})_{q} = (0)_{n} R_{7} \\ R_{8} \\ R_{1} \\ R_{2} \\ R_{6} R_{5} R_{4}^{R_{3}}$$
(Formula DIVA)

where R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁶, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, X, q and n are as defined above, and R⁵⁵ is either a covalent bond or arylene.

The core moiety can comprise alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, and peptide, polypeptide, wherein alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, and peptide polypeptide, can optionally have one or more carbon replaced by 0, NR', N'R'R', S, SO, SO2, S'R'R', PR7, P+R7R8, phenylene, heterocycle, quatarnary heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary

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wherein alkane diyl, alkene diyl, alkyne diyl, polyalkane diyl, alkoxy diyl, polyether diyl, polyalkoxy diyl, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, and polypeptide can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, SO2R¹³, SO3R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO2, CO2R¹³, CN, OM, SO2OM, SO2NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³, P(O)R¹³R¹⁴, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴R15A-, P(OR¹³)OR¹⁴, S⁺R¹³R¹⁴A, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A-.

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR^7 , NR^7R^8 , SR^7 , $\text{S}(0)\text{R}^7$, SO_2R^7 , SO_3R^7 , CO_2R^7 , CN, oxo, CONR^7R^8 , $\text{N}^+\text{R}^7\text{R}^8\text{R}^9\text{A}^-$, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $\text{P}(0)\text{R}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{P}^+\text{R}^7\text{R}^8\text{A}^-$, and P(0) (OR^7) OR^8 , and

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by O,

 NR^{7} , $N^{+}R^{7}R^{8}A^{-}$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^{+}R^{7}A^{-}$, PR^{7} , $P(O)R^{2}$, $P^{+}R^{7}R^{8}A^{-}$, or phenylene.

Exemplary core moieties include:

 R^{26} R^{27}

$$\mathbb{R}^{26}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{27}

$$\mathbb{R}^{26}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{28}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{28}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{29}$$

R²⁶ R²⁷

wherein:

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 $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{25}}$ is selected from the group consisting of C and N, and

 R^{26} and R^{27} are independently selected from the group consisting of:

$$R^{30}$$
 N_{-}^{-}
 $N_{-}^{$

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$$R^{31}$$
 Si_{1}
 Si_{2}
 NH_{2}
 NH_{32}
 NH_{32}

wherein R²⁶, R²⁹, R³⁰ and R³¹ are independently selected from alkyl, alkenyl, alkylaryl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, and heterocycloalkyl,

 A^{-} is a pharmaceutically acceptable anion, and k=1 to 10.

In compounds of Formula DIV, R²⁰, R²¹, R²² in Formulae DII and DIII, and R²³ in Formula DIII can be bonded at any of their 6-, 7-, 8-, or 9- positions to R¹⁹. In compounds of Formula DIVA, it is preferred that R⁵⁵ comprises a phenylene moiety bonded at a m- or p-position thereof to R¹⁹.

In another embodiment, a core moiety backbone, R¹⁹, as discussed herein in Formulas DII and DIII can be multiply substituted with more than four pendant active benzothiepine units, i.e., R²⁰, R²¹, R²², and R²³ as discussed above, through multiple functional groups within the core moiety backbone. The core moiety backbone unit, R¹⁹, can comprise a single core moiety unit, multimers thereof, and multimeric mixtures of the different core moiety unit.

different core moiety units discussed herein, i.e., alone or in combination. The number of individual core

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moiety backbone units can range from about one to about 100, preferably about one to about 80, more preferably about one to about 50, and even more preferably about one to about 25. The number of points of attachment of similar or different pendant active benzothiepine units within a single core moiety backbone unit can be in the range from about one to about 100, preferably about one to about 80, more preferably about one to about 50, and even more preferably about one to about 25. Such points of attachment can include bonds to C, S, O, N, or P within any of the groups encompassed by the definition of R¹⁹.

The more preferred benzothiepine moieties comprising R²⁰, R²¹, R²² and/or R²³ conform to the preferred structures as outlined above for Formula I. The 3-carbon on each benzothiepine moiety can be achiral, and the substituents R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁸ can be selected from the preferred groups and combinations of substituents as discussed above. The core structures can comprise, for example, poly(exyalkylene) or oligo(oxyalkylene), especially poly- or oligo(exyethylene) or poly- or oligo(oxypropylene).

Dosages, Formulations, and Routes of Administration

The ileal bile acid transport inhibitor compounds of the present invention can be administered for the prophylaxis and treatment of hyperlipidemic diseases or conditions by any means, preferably oral, that produce contact of these compounds with their site of action in the body, for example in the ileum of a mammal, e.g., a human.

For the prophylaxis or treatment of the conditions referred to above, the compounds of the present invention can be used as the compound per se.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts are particularly suitable for medical applications because of their greater aqueous solubility relative to the parent compound. Such salts must clearly have a

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pharmaceutically acceptable anion or cation. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the compounds of the present invention when possible include those derived from inorganic acids, such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, phosphoric, metaphosphoric, nitric, sulfonic, and sulfuric acids, and organic acids such as acetic, benzenesulfonic, benzoic, citric, ethanesulfonic, fumaric, gluconic, glycolic, isothionic, lactic, lactobionic, maleic, malic, methanesulfonic, succinic, toluenesulfonic, tartaric, and trifluoroacetic acids. The chloride salt is particularly preferred for medical purposes. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable base salts include ammonium salts, alkali metal salts such as sodium and potassium salts, and alkaline earth salts such as magnesium and calcium salts.

The anions of the definition of A in the present invention are, of course, also required to be pharmaceutically acceptable and are also selected from the above list.

The compounds of the present invention can be presented with an acceptable carrier in the form of a pharmaceutical composition. The carrier must, of course, be acceptable in the sense of being compatible with the other ingredients of the composition and must not be deleterious to the recipient. The carrier can be a solid or a liquid, or both, and is preferably formulated with the compound as a unit-dose composition, for example, a tablet, which can contain from 0.05% to 95% by weight of the active compound. Other pharmacologically active substances can also be present, including other compounds of the present invention. The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention can be prepared by any of the well known techniques of pharmacy, consisting essentially of admixing the components.

These compounds can be administered by any conventional means available for use in conjunction

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with pharmaceuticals, either as individual therapeutic compounds or as a combination of therapeutic compounds.

The amount of compound which is required to achieve the desired biological effect will, of course, depend on a number of factors such as the specific compound chosen, the use for which it is intended, the mode of administration, and the clinical condition of the recipient.

In general, a daily dose can be in the range of from about 0.3 to about 100 mg/kg bodyweight/day, preferably from about 1 mg to about 50 mg/kg bodyweight/day, more preferably from about 3 to about 10 mg/kg bodyweight/day. This total daily dose can be administered to the patient in a single dose, or in proportionate multiple subdoses. Subdoses can be administered 2 to 6 times per day. Doses can be in sustained release form effective to obtain desired results.

Orally administrable unit dose formulations, such as tablets or capsules, can contain, for example, from about 0.1 to about 100 mg of benzothiepine compound, preferably about 1 to about 75 mg of compound, more preferably from about 10 to about 50 mg of compound. In the case of pharmaceutically acceptable salts, the weights indicated above refer to the weight of the benzothiepine ion derived from the salt.

Oral delivery of an ileal bile acid transport inhibitor of the present invention can include formulations, as are well known in the art, to provide prolonged or sustained delivery of the drug to the gastrointestinal tract by any number of mechanisms. These include, but are not limited to, pH sensitive release from the dosage form based on the changing pH of the small intestine, slow erosion of a tablet or capsule, retention in the stomach based on the physical properties of the formulation, bioadhesion of the dosage form to the mucosal lining of the intestinal tract, or enzymatic release of the active drug from the dosage form. The intended effect is to extend the time

period over which the active drug molecule is delivered to the site of action (the ileum) by manipulation of the dosage form. Thus, enteric-coated and enteric-coated controlled release formulations are within the scope of the present invention. Suitable enteric coatings include cellulose acetate phthalate, polyvinylacetate phthalate,

hydroxypropylmethylcellulose phthalate and anionic polymers of methacrylic acid and methacrylic acid methyl ester.

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When administered intravenously, the dose can, for example, be in the range of from about 0.1 mg/kg body weight to about 1.0 mg/kg body weight, preferably from about 0.25 mg/kg body weight to about 0.75 mg/kg body weight, more preferably from about 0.4 mg/kg body weight to about 0.6 mg/kg body weight. This dose can be conveniently administered as an infusion of from about 10 ng/kg body weight to about 100 ng/kg body weight per minute. Infusion fluids suitable for this purpose can contain, for example, from about 0.1 ng to about 10 mg, preferably from about 1 ng to about 10 mg per milliliter. Unit doses can contain, for example, from about 1 mg to about 10 g of the compound of the present invention. Thus, ampoules for injection can contain, for example, from about 1 mg to about 100 mg.

Pharmaceutical compositions according to the present invention include those suitable for oral, rectal, topical, buccal (e.g., sublingual), and parenteral (e.g., subcutaneous, intramuscular, intradermal, or intravenous) administration, although the most suitable route in any given case will depend on the nature and severity of the condition being treated and on the nature of the particular compound which is being used. In most cases, the preferred route of administration is oral.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for oral administration can be presented in discrete units, such as capsules, cachets, lozenges, or tablets, each containing a predetermined amount of at least one

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compound of the present invention; as a powder or granules; as a solution or a suspension in an aqueous or non-aqueous liquid; or as an oil-in-water or waterin-oil emulsion. As indicated, such compositions can be prepared by any suitable method of pharmacy which includes the step of bringing into association the active compound(s) and the carrier (which can constitute one or more accessory ingredients). general, the compositions are prepared by uniformly and intimately admixing the active compound with a liquid or finely divided solid carrier, or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product. For example, a tablet can be prepared by compressing or molding a powder or granules of the compound, optionally with one or more assessory ingredients. Compressed tablets can be prepared by compressing, in a suitable machine, the compound in a free-flowing form, such as a powder or granules optionally mixed with a binder, lubricant, inert diluent and/or surface active/dispersing agent(s). Molded tablets can be made by molding, in a suitable machine, the powdered compound moistened with an inert liquid diluent.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for buccal (sub-lingual) administration include lozenges comprising a compound of the present invention in a flavored base, usually sucrose, and acacia or tragacanth, and pastilles comprising the compound in an inert base such as gelatin and glycerin or sucrose and acacia.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for parenteral administration conveniently comprise sterile aqueous preparations of a compound of the present invention. These preparations are preferably administered intravenously, although administration can also be effected by means of subcutaneous, intramuscular, or intradermal injection. Such preparations can conveniently be prepared by admixing the compound with water and rendering the resulting solution sterile and isotonic with the blood.

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Injectable compositions according to the invention will generally contain from 0.1 to 5% w/w of a compound disclosed herein.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for rectal administration are preferably presented as unit-dose suppositories. These can be prepared by admixing a compound of the present invention with one or more conventional solid carriers, for example, cocoa butter, and then shaping the resulting mixture.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for topical application to the skin preferably take the form of an ointment, cream, lotion, paste, gel, spray, aerosol, or oil. Carriers which can be used include vaseline, lanoline, polyethylene glycols, alcohols, and combinations of two or more thereof. The active compound is generally present at a concentration of from 0.1 to 15% w/w of the composition, for example, from 0.5 to 2%.

Transdermal administration is also possible. Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for transdermal administration can be presented as discrete patches adapted to remain in intimate contact with the epidermis of the recipient for a prolonged period of time. Such patches suitably contain a compound of the present invention in an optionally buffered, aqueous solution, dissolved and/or dispersed in an adhesive, or dispersed in a polymer. A suitable concentration of the active compound is about 1% to 35%, preferably about 3% to 15%. As one particular possibility, the compound can be delivered from the patch by electrotransport or iontophoresis, for example, as described in Pharmaceutical Research, 3(6), 318 (1986).

In any case, the amount of active ingredient that can be combined with carrier materials to produce a single dosage form to be administered will vary depending upon the host treated and the particular mode of administration.

The solid dosage forms for oral administration including capsules, tablets, pills, powders, and

granules noted above comprise one or more compounds of the present invention admixed with at least one inert diluent such as sucrose, lactose, or starch. Such dosage forms may also comprise, as in normal practice, additional substances other than inert diluents, e.g., lubricating agents such as magnesium stearate. In the case of capsules, tablets, and pills, the dosage forms may also comprise buffering agents. Tablets and pills can additionally be prepared with enteric coatings.

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Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can include pharmaceutically acceptable emulsions, solutions, suspensions, syrups, and elixirs containing inert diluents commonly used in the art, such as water. Such compositions may also comprise adjuvants, such as wetting agents, emulsifying and suspending agents, and sweetening, flavoring, and perfuming agents.

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Injectable preparations, for example, sterile injectable aqueous or oleaginous suspensions may be formulated according to the known art using suitable dispersing or setting agents and suspending agents. The sterile injectable preparation may also be a sterile injectable solution or suspension in a nontoxic parenterally acceptable diluent or solvent, for example, as a solution in 1,3-butanediol. Among the acceptable vehicles and solvents that may be employed are water, Ringer's solution, and isotonic sodium chloride solution. In addition, sterile, fixed oils are conventionally employed as a solvent or suspending medium. For this purpose any bland fixed oil may be employed including synthetic mono- or diglycerides. addition, fatty acids such as oleic acid find use in the preparation of injectables.

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Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers encompass all the foregoing and the like.

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Treatment Regimen

The dosage regimen to prevent, give relief from, or ameliorate a disease condition having hyperlipemia as an element of the disease, e.g., atherosclerosis, or

to protect against or treat further high cholesterol plasma or blood levels with the compounds and/or compositions of the present invention is selected in accordance with a variety of factors. These include the type, age, weight, sex, diet, and medical condition of the patient, the severity of the disease, the route of administration, pharmacological considerations such as the activity, efficacy, pharmacokinetics and toxicology profiles of the particular compound employed, whether a drug delivery system is utilized, and whether the compound is administered as part of a drug combination. Thus, the dosage regimen actually employed may vary widely and therefore deviate from the preferred dosage regimen set forth above.

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Initial treatment of a patient suffering from a hyperlipidemic condition can begin with the dosages indicated above. Treatment should generally be continued as necessary over a period of several weeks to several months or years until the hyperlipidemic disease condition has been controlled or eliminated. Patients undergoing treatment with the compounds or compositions disclosed herein can be routinely monitored by, for example, measuring serum cholesterol levels by any of the methods well known in the art, to determine the effectiveness of therapy. Continuous analysis of such data permits modification of the treatment regimen during therapy so that optimal effective amounts of compounds of the present invention are administered at any point in time, and so that the duration of treatment can be determined as well. this way, the treatment regimen/dosing schedule can be rationally modified over the course of therapy so that the lowest amount of ileal bile acid transport inhibitor of the present invention which exhibits satisfactory effectiveness is administered, and so that administration is continued only so long as is necessary to successfully treat the hyperlipidemic condition.

The following non-limiting examples serve to illustrate various aspects of the present invention.

EXAMPLES OF SYNTHETIC PROCEDURES

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Preparation 1

2-Ethyl-2-(mesyloxymethyl)hexanal (1)

To a cold (10 °C) solution of 12.6 g (0.11 mole) of methanesulfonyl chloride and 10.3 g (0.13 mole) of triethylamine was added dropwise 15.8 g of 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)hexanal, prepared according to the procedure described in Chem. Ber. 98, 728-734 (1965), while maintaining the reaction temperature below 30 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h, quenched with dilute HCl and extracted with methlyene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to give 24.4 g of brown oil.

30 <u>Preparation 2</u>

2-((2-Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (2)
A mixture of 31 g (0.144 mol) of 2mercaptobenzophenone, prepared according to the
procedure described in WO 93/16055, 24.4 g (0.1 mole)
of 2-ethyl-2-(mesyloxymethyl)-hexanal (1), 14.8 g
(0.146 mole) of triethylamine, and 80 mL of 2methoxyethyl ether was held at reflux for 24 h. The
reaction mixture was poured into 3N HCl and extracted

with 300 mL of methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layer was washed with 300 mL of 10% NaOH, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to remove 2-methoxyethyl ether. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-hexane) to give 20.5 g (58%) of 2 as an oil.

Example 1

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3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine (3), cis-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepin- (5H)4-one (4a) and trans-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-benzothiepin-(5H)4-one (4b)

A mixture of 2.6 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust, 7.2 g (0.047 mole) of TiCl, and 80 mL of anhydrous ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (DME) was held at reflux for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 5 °C. To the reaction mixture was added dropwise a solution of 3.54 g (0.01 mole) of 2 in 30 mL of DME in 40 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h and then was held at reflux for 2 h and cooled before being poured into brine. The organic was extract into methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (hexane) to give 1.7 g (43%) of 3 as an oil in the first fraction. The second fraction was discarded and the third fraction was further purified by HPLC (hexane) to give 0.07 g (2%) of 4a in the earlier fraction and 0.1 g (3%) of 4b in the later fraction.

Example 2

cis-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepin-(5H)4-one-1,1-dioxide (5a) and trans-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-benzothiepin-(5H)4-one-1,1-dioxide (5b)

To a solution of 1.2 g (3.5 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA in 20 mL of methylene chloride was added 0.59 g (1.75

mmole) of a mixture of 4a and 4b in 10 mL of methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 h. An additional 1.2 g (1.75 mmole) of 50-60% MAPBA was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 3 h then was triturated with 50 mL of 10% NaOH. The insoluble solid was filtered. The methylene chloride layer of the filtrate was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The residual syrup was purified by HPLC (5% EtOAc-hexane) to give 0.2 g (30%) of 5a as an oil in the first fraction and 0.17 g (26%) of 5b as an oil in the second fraction.

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Example 3

(3a,4a,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-

(3a,4a,5b) 3-ButyI-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6a), (3a,4b,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6b), (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

A. Reduction of 5a and 5b with Sodium Borohydride

To a solution of 0.22 g (0.59 mmole) of **5b** in 10 mL of ethanol was added 0.24 g (6.4 mmole) of sodium borohydride. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and concentrated in vacuo to remove ethanol. The residue was triturated with water and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.2 g of syrup. In a separate experiment, 0.45 g of **5a** was treated with 0.44 g of sodium borohydride in 10 mL of ethanol and was worked up as described above to give 0.5 g of syrup which was identical to the 0.2 g of syrup obtained above. These two materials were combined and purified by HPLC using 10% EtoAc-hexane as eluant. The first fraction was 0.18 g (27%) of **5a** as a syrup. The second fraction was 0.2 g

(30%) of **6b** also as a syrup. The column was then eluted with 20% EtOAc-hexane to give 0.077 g (11%) of **6c** in the third fraction as a solid. Recrystallization from hexane gave a solid, mp 179-181 °C. Finally, the column was eluted with 30% EtOAc-hexane to give 0.08 g (12%) of **6d** in the fourth fraction as a solid. Recrystallization from hexane gave a solid, mp 160-161 °C.

B. Conversion of 6a to 6c and 6d with NaOH and PTC

To a solution of 0.29 g (0.78 mmole) of **6a** in 10 mL, CH₂Cl₂, was added 9 g of 40% NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature and was added one drop of Aliquat-336 (methyltricaprylylammonium chloride) phase transfer catalyst (PTC). The mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature before being treated with 25 mL of ice-crystals then was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x10 ml), dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to recover 0.17 g of a colorless film. The components of this mixture were separated using an HPLC and eluted with EtOAc-hexane to give 12.8 mg (4%) of 2-(2-benzylphenylsulfonylmethyl)-2-ethylhexenal in the first fraction, 30.9 mg (11%) of **6c** in the second fraction and 90.0 mg (31%) of **6d** in the third fraction.

Oxidation of 6a to 5b

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To a solution of 0.20 g (0.52 mmole) of **6a** in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 0.23 g (1.0 mmole) of pyridinium chlorochromate. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h then was treated with additional 0.23 g of pyridinium chlorochromate and stirred overnight. The dark reaction mixture was poured into a ceramic filterfrit containing silica gel and was eluted with CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to recover 167 mg (87%) of **5b** as a colorless oil.

Example 4

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (7)

To a solution of 5.13 g (15.9 mmole) of 3 in 50 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 10 g (31.9 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA (m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid) portionwise causing a mild reflux and formation of a white solid. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir overnight under N₂ and was triturated with 25 mL of water followed by 50 mL of 10% NaOH solution. The organic was extracted into CH₂Cl₂ (4x20 mL). The CH₂Cl₂ extract was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to dryness to recover 4.9 g (87%) of an opaque viscous oil.

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Example 5

(1aa,2b,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino[4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide (8a) (1aa,2a,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino [4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide

(8b) (8b) (8b) (8a)

To 1.3 g (4.03 mole) of 3 in 25 mL of CHCl, was added portionwise 5 g (14.1 mmole) of 50-60 % MCPBA causing a mild exotherm. The reaction mixture was stirred under N, overnight and was then held at reflux for 3 h. The insoluble white slurry was filtered. The filtrate was extracted with 10% potassium carbonate (3x50 mL), once with brine, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 1.37 g of a light yellow oil. Purification by HPLC gave 0.65 g of crystalline product. This product is a mixture of two isomers. Trituration of this crystalline product in hexane recovered 141.7 mg (10%) of a white crystalline product. This isomer was characterized by NMR and mass spectra to be the (laa, 2b, 8ba) isomer 8a. The hexane filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 206 mg of white film which is a mixture of 30% 8a and 70% 8b by 'H NMR.

cis-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3(4),5-tetrahydro-

benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (9a), trans-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (9b), and 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-cyclohexylidine-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (10)

A mixture of 0.15 g (0.4 mmole) of a 3:7 mixture of 8a and 8b was dissolved in 15 ml MeOH in a 3 oz. Fisher/Porter vessel, then was added 0.1 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst. This mixture was hydrogenated at 70 psi H, for 5 h and filtered. The filtrate was evaporated to dryness in vacuo to recover 0.117 g of a colorless oil. This material was purified by HPLC eluting with EtOAchexane. The first fraction was 4.2 mg (3%) of 9b. The second fraction, 5.0 mg (4%), was a 50/50 mixture of 9a and 9b. The third fraction was 8.8 mg (6%) of 6a . The fourth fraction was 25.5 mg (18%) of 6b. The fifth fraction was 9.6 mg (7%) of a mixture of 6b and a product believed to be 3-butyl-3-ethyl-4,5-dihydroxy-5phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide based on mass spectrum. The sixth fraction was 7.5 mg (5%) of a mixture of 6d and one of the isomers of 10, 10a.

Example 7

Example 6

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In another experiment, a product (3.7 g) from epoxidation of 3 with excess MCPBA in refluxing CHCl, under air was hydrogenated in 100 mL of methanol using 1 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst and 70 psi hydrogen. The product was purified by HPLC to give 0.9 g (25%) of 9b, 0.45 g (13%) of 9a, 0.27 g (7%) of 6a, 0.51 g (14%) of 6b, 0.02 g (1%) of 6c, 0.06 g (2%) of one isomer of 10, 10a and 0.03 g (1%) of another isomer of 10, 10b.

Example 8

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2-((2-Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)butyraldehyde (11)

To an ice bath cooled solution of 9.76 g (0.116 mole) of 2-ethylacrolein in 40 mL of dry THF was added 24.6 g (0.116 mole) of 2-mercaptobenzophenone in 40 mL of THF followed by 13 g (0.128 mole) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days , diluted with ether, and was washed successively with dilute HCl, brine, and 1 M potassium carbonate. The ether layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAchexane) to give 22 g (64%) of 11 in the second fraction. An attempt to further purifyy this material by kugelrohr distillation at 0.5 torr (160-190 °C) gave a fraction (12.2 g) which contained starting material indicating a reversed reaction during distillation. This material was dissolved in ether (100 mL) and was washed with 50 mL of 1 M potassium carbonate three times to give 6.0 g of a syrup which was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-hexane) to give 5.6 g of pure 11.

Example 9

3-Ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine (12)

(12)

mL of DME was added 7.5 g (0.048 mole) of TiCl, The reaction mixture was held at reflux for 2 h. A solution of 2.98 g (0.01 mole) of 11 was added dropwise in 1 h. The reaction mixture was held at reflux for 18 h, cooled and poured into water. The organic was extracted into ether. The ether layer was washed with brine and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was dried over MgSO, and concentrated. The residual oil (2.5 g) was purified by HPLC to give 2.06 g (77%) of 12 as an oil

To a mixture of 2.61 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust and 60

in the second fraction.

Example 10

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(13)

(1aa,2a,8ba) 2-Ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydrobenzothiepino-[4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide (13)

To a solution of 1.5 g (5.64 mmole) of 12 in 25 ml of CHCl, was added 6.8 g (19.4 mmole) of 50-60% MCPB portionwise causing an exothem and formation of a white solid. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight diluted with 100 ml methylene chloride and washed successively with 10% K₂CO₃ (4x50 ml), water (twice with 25 ml) and brine. The organic layer was then dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to dryness to recover 1.47 g of an off white solid. H NMR indicated that only one isomer is present. This solid was slurried in 200 ml of warm Et₂O and filtered to give 0.82 g (46%) of 13 as a white solid, mp 185-186.5 °C.

Example 11

(3a,4b,5a) - 3-Ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (14a), (3a,4b,5b) 3-Ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (14b), and cis-3-Ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (15)

A mixture of 0.5 g (1.6 mole) of 13, 50 ml of acetic acid and 0.5 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst was hydrogenated with 70 psi hydrogen for 4 h. The crude reaction slurry was filtered and the filtrate was stirred with 150 ml of a saturated NaHCO, solution followed by 89 g of NaHCO, powder portionwise to neutralize the rest of acetic acid. The mixture was extracted with methylene chloride (4x25 ml), then the organic layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.44 g (87%) of a voluminous white solid which was purified by

HPLC (EtOAc-Hexane) to give 26.8 mg (6%) of 15 in the first fraction, 272 mg (54%) of 14a as a solid, mp 142-

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143.5 °C, in the second fraction, and 35 mg (7%) of impure 14b in the third fraction.

Example 12

2-Ethyl-2-((2-Hydroxymethylphenyl)thiomethyl)hexenal

(16)

A mixture of 5.0 g (0.036 mole) of 2-mercaptobenzyl alcohol, 6.4 g (0.032 mole) of 1, 3.6 g (0.036 mole) of triethylamine and 25 mL of 2-methoxyethyl ether was held at reflux for 7 h. Additional 1.1 g of mercaptobenzyl alcohol and 0.72 g of triethylamine was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was held at reflux for additional 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled and poured into 6N HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was washed twice with 10% NaOH, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 9.6 g of residue. Purification by HPLC (20% EtOAc-hexane) gave 3.7 g (41%) of 16 as an oil.

Q, (11)

Example 13

2-Ethyl-2-((2-formylphenyl)thiomethyl)hexenal (17)

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A mixture of 3.7 g of 16, 5.6 g (0.026 mole) of pyridinium chlorochromate, 2 g of Celite and 30 mL of methylene chloride was stirred for 18 h and filtered through a bed of silica gel. The silica gel was eluted with methylene chloride. The combined methylene chloride eluant was purified by HPLC (20% ETOAc-hexane) to give 2.4 g (66%) of an oil. 0(5)~

Example 14

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine (18)

A mixture of 2.6 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust, 7.2 g (0.047 mole) of TiCl,, and 50 mL of DME was held at

reflux for 2 h and cooled to room temperature. To this mixture was added 2.4 g (8.6 mmole) of 17 in 20 mL of DME in 10 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and held at reflux for 1 h then was let standing at room temperature over weekend. The reaction mixture was poured into dilute HCl and was stirred with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride-water mixture was filtered through Celite. The methylene chloride layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo to give 3.0 g of a residue. Purification by HPLC gave 0.41 g (20%) of 18 as an oil in the early fraction.

Example 15

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(1aa,2a,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino[4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide (19a) and (1aa,2b,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino[4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide

(19b) (19b) (19b) (19b)

To a solution of 0.4 g of 0.4 g (1.6 mmole) of 18 in 30 mL of methylene chloride was added 2.2 g (3.2 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 30 mL of CHCl, and was held at reflux for 18 h under N₂. The reaction mixture was stirred with 100 mL of 10% NaOH and 5 g of sodium sulfite. The methylene chloride layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (20% EtOAc-hexane) to give a third fraction which was further purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-hexane) to give 0.12 g of syrup in the first fraction.

Recrystallization from hexane gave 0.08 g (17%) of 19a, mp 89.5-105.5 °C. The mother liquor from the first fraction was combined with the second fraction and was further purified by HPLC to give additional 19a in the first fraction and 60 mg of 19b in the second fraction.

Crystallization from hexane gave 56 mg of a white solid.

Example 16

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3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,5-dihydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (20)

This product was isolated along with 6b from hydrogenation of a mixture of 8a and 8b.

Sol But

Example 17

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (21)

A mixture of 25 mg (0.085 mmole) of 19b, 0.27 g 15 mmole) of thiophenol, 0.37 g (2.7 mmole) of potassium carbonate, and 4 mL of DMF was stirred at room temperature under N_2 for 19 h. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layer was washed 20 successively with 10% NaOH and brine, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.19 g of semisolid which contain substantial amounts of diphenyl disulfide. This material was purified by HPLC (5% 25 EtOAc-hexane) to remove diphenyl disulfide in the first fraction. The column was then eluted with 20% EtOAchexane to give 17 mg of a first fraction, 4 mg of a second fraction and 11 mg of a third fraction which were three different isomers of 21, i.e. 21a, 21b, and 30 21c, respectively, by H NMR and mass spectra.

Example 18

Alternative Synthesis of 6c and 6d

172

A. Preparation from 2-((2-Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (2)

Step 1. 2-((2-Benzoylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (44) $50_1 - 6\mu$

To a solution of 9.0 g (0.025 mole) of compound 2 in 100 ml of methylene chloride was added 14.6 g (0.025 mol) of 50-60% MCPBA portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 64 h then was stirred with 200 ml of 1 M potassium carbonate and filtered through Celite. The methylene chloride layer was washed twice with 300 ml of 1 M potassium carbonate, once with 10% sodium hydroxide and once with brine. The insoluble solid formed during washing was removed by filtration through Celite. The methylene chloride solution was dried and concentrated in vacuo to give 9.2 g (95%) of semisolid. A portion (2.6 g) of this solid was purified by HPLC(10% ethyl acetatehexane) to give 1.9 g of crystals, mp 135-136 °C

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Step 2. 2-((2-Benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2ethylhexanal (45)

A solution of 50 g (0.13 mole) of crude 44 in 250 ml of methylene chloride was divided in two portions and charged to two Fisher-Porter bottles. To each bottle was charged 125 ml of methanol and 5 g of 10% Pd/C. The bottles were pressurized with 70 psi of hydrogen and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 7 h before being charged with an additional 5 g of 10% Pd/C. The reaction mixture was again hydrogenated with 70 psi of hydrogen for 7 h. This procedure was repeated one more time but only 1 g of Pd/C was charged to the reaction mixture. The combined reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 46.8 g of 45 as brown oil.

Step 3. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

To a solution of 27.3 g (73.4 mmole) of 45 in 300 ml of anhydrous THF cooled to 2 °C with an ice bath was added 9.7 g (73.4 mmole) of 95% potassium t-butoxide. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min, quenched with 300 ml of 10% HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 24.7 g of yellow oil. Purification by HPLC (ethyl acetate-hexane) yielded 9.4 g of recovered 45 in the first fraction, 5.5 g (20%) of 6c in the second fraction and 6.5 g (24%) of 6d in the third fraction.

B. Preparation from 2-hydroxydiphenylmethane Step 1. 2-mercaptodiphenylmethane (46)

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To a 500 ml flask was charged 16 g (0.33 mol) of 60% sodium hydride oil dispersion. The sodium hydride was washed twice with 50 ml of hexane. To the reaction flask was charged 100 ml of DMF. To this mixture was added a solution of 55.2 g (0.3 mol) of 2hydroxydiphenylmethane in 200 ml of DMF in 1 h while temperature was maintained below 30 °C by an ice-water bath. After complete addition of the reagent, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min then cooled with an ice bath. To the reaction mixture was added 49.4 g (0.4 mole) of dimethyl thiocarbamoyl chloride at once. The ice bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h before being poured into 300 ml of water. The organic was extracted into 500 ml of toluene. The toluene layer was washed successively with 10% sodium hydroxide and brine and was concentrated in vacuo to give 78.6 g of a yellow oil which was 95% pure dimethyl O-2-benzylphenyl thiocarbamate. This oil was heated at 280-300 °C in a kugelrohhr pot under house vacuum for 30 min. The residue was kugelrohr distilled at 1 torr (180-280 °C). The distillate (56.3 g) was crystallized from methanol to give 37.3 g (46%) of the rearranged product dimethyl

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S-2-benzylphenyl thiocarbamate as a yellow solid. A mixture of 57 g (0.21 mole) of this yellow solid, 30 g of potassium hydroxide and 150 ml of methanol was stirred overnight then was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with 200 ml of water and extracted with ether. The aqueous layer was made acidic with concentrate HCl, The oily suspension was extracted into ether. The ether extract was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from hexane to give 37.1 g (88%) of 2-mercaptodiphenylmethane as a yellow solid.

Step 2. 2-((2-Benzylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (47)

A mixture of 60 g (03 mole) of yellow solid from step 1, 70 g (0.3 mole) of compound 1 from preparation 1, 32.4 g (0.32 mole) of triethylamine, 120 ml of 2-methoxyethyl ether was held at reflux for 6 hr and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with 500 ml of water and 30 ml of concentrate HCl. The organic was extracted into 400 ml of ether. The ether layer was washed successively with brine, 10% sodium hydroxide and brine and was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue (98.3 g) was purified by HPLC with 2-5% ethyl acetate-hexane as eluent to give 2-((2-benzylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal 47 as a yellow syrup.

step 3. 2-((2-Benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2ethylhexanal (45)

To a solution of 72.8 g (0.21 mole) of yellow syrup from step 2 in 1 liter of methylene chloride cooled to 10 °C was added 132 g of 50-60% MCPBA in 40 min. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h. An additional 13 g of 50-60% MCPBA was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and filtered

through Celite. The methylene chloride solution was washed twice with 1 liter of 1 M potassium carbonate then with 1 liter of brine. The methylene chloride layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated to 76 g of 2-((2-benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal 45 as a syrup.

Step 4. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

Reaction of 45 with potassium t-butoxide according to the procedure in step 3 of procedure A gave pure 6c and 6d after HPLC.

Example 19

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(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (25) and (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (26) Step 1. Preparation of 2-((2-benzoyl-4-methoxy phenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (22)

2-Hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone was converted to the dimethyl O-2-benzoyphenyl thiocarbamate by methods previously described in example 18. The product can be isolated by recrystallization from ethanol. Using this improved isolation procedure no chromatography was needed. The thermal rearrangement was performed by reacting the thiocarbamate(5 g) in diphenyl ether at 260 °C as previously described. The improved isolation procedure which avoided a chromatography step was described below.

The crude pyrolysis product was then heated at 65 °C in 100 ml of methanol and 100 ml of THF in the presence of 3.5 g of KOH for 4 h. After removing THF and methanol

by rotary evaporation the solution was extracted with 5 % NaOH and ether. The base layer was acidified and extracted with ether to obtain a 2.9 g of crude thiophenol product. The product was further purified by titrating the desired mercaptan into base with limited KOH. After acidification and extraction with ether pure 2-mercapto-4-methoxybenzophenone (2.3 g) was isolated.

2-mercapto-4-methoxybenzophenone can readily be converted to the 2-((2-benzoyl-4-methoxyphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (22) by reaction with 2-ethyl-2-(mesyloxymethyl)hexanal (1) as previously described.

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Step 2. 2-((2-Benzoyl-5-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)2-ethylhexanal (23)

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(13)

Substrate 22 was readily oxidized to 2-((2-benzoy1-5-methoxyphenyl-sulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (23) as described in example 18. $\mu_{so} \sim 50^{2} - cH_{2} \sim 8^{4}$

Step 3. 2-((2-benzyl-5-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (24)

Sulfone 23 was then reduced to 2-((2-benzyl-5-methoxyphenyl-sulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (24) as described in example 18.

Step 4. (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (25) and (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (26)

A 3-neck flask equipped with a powder addition of funnel, thermocouple and nitrogen bubbler was charged with 19.8 g (0.05 mole) of sulfone 24 in 100 ml dry THF. The reaction was cooled to -1.6 °C internal

temperature by means of ice/salt bath. Slowly add 5.61 g (0.05 mole) of potassium t-butoxide by means of the powder addition funnel. The resulting light yellow solution was maintained at -1.6 °C. After 30 min reaction 400 ml of cold ether was added and this solution was extracted with cold 10 % HCl. The acid layer was extracted with 300 ml of methylene chloride. The organic layers were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate and after filtration stripped to dryness to obtain 19.9 g of product. H nmr and glpc indicated a 96% conversion to a 50/50 mixture of 25 and 26. The only other observable compound was 4% starting sulfone 24.

The product was then dissolved in 250 ml of 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate by warming to 50 °C. The solution was allowed to cool to room temperature and in this way pure 26 can be isolated. The crystallization can be enhanced by addition of a seed crystal of 26. After 2 crystallizations the mother liquor which was now 85.4% 25 and has a dry weight of 8.7 g. This material was dissolved in 100 ml of 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate and 10 ml of pure ethyl acetate at 40 C. Pure 25 can be isolated by seeding this solution with a seed crystal of 25 after storing it overnight at 0 C.

Example 20

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,8-dihydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (27)

In a 25 ml round bottomed flask, 1 g of 26 (2.5 mmoles) and 10 ml methylene chloride were cooled to - 78 °C with stirring. Next 0.7 ml of boron tribromide(7.5 mmole) was added via syringe. The reaction was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature and stirred for 6 h. The reaction was then diluted with 50 ml methylene chloride and washed with saturated NaCl and then water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium

sulfate. The product (0.88g) 27 was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Example 21

General Alkylation of phenol 27

A 25 ml flask was charged with 0.15 g of 27(0.38 mmole), 5 ml anhydrous DMF, 54 mg of potassium carbonate(0.38 mmole) and 140 mg ethyl iodide (0.9 mmole). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was diluted with 50 ml ethyl ether and washed with water (25 ml) then 5% NaOH (20 ml) and then sat. NaCl. After stripping off the solvent the ethoxylated product 28 was obtained in high yield. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra. This same procedure was used to prepare products listed in table 1 from the corresponding iodides or bromides. For higher boiling alkyl iodides and bromides only one equivalent of the alkyl halide was used.

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	Compound No.	. R
	27	н
	26	Me
5	28	Et
	29	hexyl
	30	Ac
	31	(CH2)6-N-pthalimide

10 Example 22

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (37) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (38) Step 1. Preparation of 2-chloro-5-nitrodiphenylmethane

(32) (32)

Procedure adapted from reference :Synthesis -Stuttgart 9 770-772 (1986) Olah G. Et al

Under nitrogen, a 3 neck flask was charged with 45 g (0.172 mole) of 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzophenone in 345 ml methylene chloride and the solution was cooled to ice/water temperature. By means of an additional funnel, 150 g(0.172 mole) of trifluoromethane sulfonic acid in 345 ml methylene chloride was added slowly. Next 30 g of triethylsilane (0.172 mole) in 345 ml methylene chloride was added dropwise to the chilled solution. Both addition steps(trifluoromethane sulfonic acid and triethylsilane)were repeated. After the additions were completed the reaction was allowed to slowly warm up to room temperature and stirred for 12 h under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was then poured into a chilled stirred solution of 1600 ml of saturated sodium bicarbonate. Gas evolution occurred. Poured into a 4 liter separatory funnel and separated layers. The methylene chloride layer was isolated and

combined with two 500 ml methylene chloride extractions of the aqueous layer. The methylene chloride solution was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from hexane to give 39 g product. Structure 32 was confirmed by mass spectra and proton and carbon NMR.

Step 2. Preparation of 2-((2-benzyl-4-2N) (4)
nitrophenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (33)

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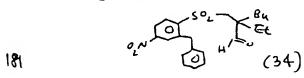
The 2-chloro-5-nitrodiphenylmethane product 32 (40 g, 0.156 mole) from above was placed in a 2 liter 2 neck flask with water condenser. Next 150 ml DMSO and 7.18 g (0.156 mole) of lithium sulfide was added and the solution was stirred at 75 °C for 12 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and then 51.7 g of mesylate IV was added in 90 ml DMSO. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 °C under nitrogen. After 12 h monitored by TLC and added more mysylate if necessary. Continued the reaction until the reaction was completed. Next the reaction mixture was slowly poured into a 1900 ml of 5% acetic aqueous solution with stirring, extracted with 4 X 700 ml of ether, and dried over MgSO4. After removal of ether, 82.7 g of product was isolated. The material can be further purified by silica gel chromatography using 95% hexane and 5 % ethyl acetate. If pure mysylate was used in this step there was no need for further purification. product 33 was characterized by mass spectra and NMR.

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Step 3. Oxidation of the nitro product 33 to the sulfone 2-((2-benzyl-4-nitrophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (34)

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The procedure used to oxidize the sulfide 33 to the sulfone 34 has been previously described.



WO 97/33882

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PCT/US97/04076

Step 4. Reduction of 34 to 2-((2-benzyl-4-hydroxyaminophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (35)

A 15 g sample of 34 was dissolved in 230 ml of ethanol and placed in a 500 ml rb flask under nitrogen. Next 1.5 g of 10 wt.% Pd/C was added and hydrogen gas was bubbled through the solution at room temperature until the nitro substrate 34 was consumed. The reaction could be readily monitored by silica gel TLC using 80/20 hexane/EtOAc. Product 35 was isolated by filtering off the Pd/C and then stripping off the EtOH solvent. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Step 5. Preparation of the 2-((2-benzyl-4-N, O-di-(t-butoxy-carbonyl)hydroxyaminophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (36).

A 13.35 g sample of 35 (0.0344 mole) in 40 ml of dry (36) THF was stirred in a 250 ml round bottomed flask. Next added 7.52 g (0.0344 mole) of di-t-butyl dicarbonate in 7 ml THF. Heated at 60 °C overnight. Striped off THF and redissolved in methylene chloride. Extracted with 1 % HCl; and then 5% sodium bicarbonate.

The product was further purified by column chromatography using 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate and then 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. The product 36 was obtained (4.12 g) which appeared to be mainly the di-(t-butoxycarbonyl) derivatives by proton NMR.

Step 6. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine1,1-dioxide (37) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (38) (+0 N)

A 250ml 3-neck round bottomed flask was charged with 4 g of **36** (6.8 mmoles), and 100 ml of anhydrous THF and cooled to -78 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. Slowly add 2.29 g potassium tert-butoxide(20.4 mmoles) with

stirring and maintaining a -78 °C reaction temperature. After 1 h at -78 °C the addition of base was completed and the temperature was brought to -10 °C by means of a ice/salt bath. After 3 h at -10 °C, only trace 36 remained by TLC. Next add 35 ml of deionized water to the reaction mixture at -10 °C and stirred for 5 min. Striped off most of the THF and added to separatory funnel and extracted with ether until all of the organic was removed from the water phase. The combined ether phases were washed with saturated NaCl and then dried over sodium sulfate. The only products by TLC and NMR were the two BOC protected isomers of 37 and 38. The isomers were separated by silica gel chromatography using 85% hexane and 15 % ethyl acetate; BOC-37 (0.71 g) and **BOC-38** (0.78 g).

Next the BOC protecting group was removed by reacting 0.87 g of BOC-38 (1.78 mmoles) with 8.7 ml of 4 M HCl (34.8 mmoles) in dioxane for 30 min. Next added 4.74 g of sodium acetate (34.8 mmoles) to the reaction mixture and 16.5 ml ether and stirred until clear. After transferring to a separatory funnel extracted with ether and water and then dried the ether layer with sodium sulfate. After removing the ether, 0.665 g of 38 was isolated. Isomer 37 could be obtained in a similar 40NH (39) procedure.

Example 23

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (40) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1dioxide (41)

Step 1. 2-((2-Benzyl-4-(n-

hexylamino)phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (39)

In a Fischer porter bottle weighed out 0.5 g of 34 (1.2 mmoles) and dissolved in 3.8 ml of ethanol under

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nitrogen. Next added 0.1 g of Pd/C and 3.8 ml of hexanal. Seal and pressure to 50 psi of hydrogen gas. Stirred for 48 h. After filtering off the catalyst and removing the solvent by rotary evaporation 39 was isolated by column chromatography (0.16 g) using 90/10 hexane ethyl acetate and gradually increasing the mobile phase to 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Step 2. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1dioxide (40) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(nhexylamino) -4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (41)

A 2-neck, 25 ml round bottomed flask with stir bar was charged with 0.158 g 39 (0.335 mmole) and 5 ml anhydrous THF under nitrogen. Cool to -10 °C by means of a salt/water bath. Slowly add 0.113 g of potassium tert butoxide (0.335 mmole). After 15 min at -10 °C all of the starting material was consumed by TLC and only the two isomers 40 and 41 were observed. Next added 5 ml of chilled 10% HCl and stirred at -10 °C for 5 min. Transferred to a separatory funnel and extract with ether. Dried over sodium sulfate. Proton NMR of the dried product (0.143 g) indicated only the presence of the two isomers 40 and 41. The two isomers were separated by silica gel chromatography using 90/10 hexane ethyl acetate and gradually increasing the mobile phase to 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. 40 (53.2 mg); 41(58.9 mg).

Her-Nu Sullingth (41) Example 24

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Quaternization of amine substrates 40 and 41

Amine products such as 40 and 41 can be readily alkylated to quaternary salts by reaction with alkyl halides. For example 40 in DMF with 5 equivalents of

methyl iodide in the presence of 2,6 dimethyl lutidine produces the dimethylhexylamino quaternary salt.

Example 25

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(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(4-iodophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (42)

In a 25 ml round bottomed flask 0.5 g (1.3 mmole) of 6d, 0.67 g of mercuric triflate were dissolved in 20 ml of dry methylene chloride with stirring. Next 0.34 g of Iodine was added and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 30 h. The reaction was then diluted with 50 ml methylene chloride and washed with 10 ml of 1 M sodium thiosulfate; 10 ml of saturated KI; and dried over sodium sulfate. See Tetrahedron, Vol.50, No. 17, pp 5139-5146 (1994) Bachki, F. Et al.Mass spectrum indicated a mixture of 6d, mono iodide 42 and a diiodide adduct. The mixture was separated by column chromatography and 42 was characterized bt NMR and mass spectra.

Example 26

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-5-(4-carbomethoxyphenyl)-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (43)

A 0.1 g sample of 42 (0.212 mmole), 2.5 ml dry methanol, 38 µl triethylamine (0.275 mmole), 0.3 ml toluene and 37 mg of palladium chloride (0.21 mmole) was charged to a glass lined mini reactor at 300 psi carbon monoxide. The reaction was heated at 100 °C overnight. The catalyst was filtered and a high yield of product was isolated.

The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Note the ester functionalized product 43 can be converted to the free acid by hydrolysis.

Example 27

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide
(48), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1dioxide (49)
Step 1. 2-Mercapto-5-methoxybenzophenone (50)

Step 1. 2-Mercapto-5-methoxybenzophenone (50)

Reaction of 66.2 g of 4-methoxythiophenol with 360 ml of 2.5 N n-butyllithium, 105 g of tetramethylethylenediamine and 66.7 g of benzonitrile in 600 ml cyclohexane according to the procedure in WO 93/16055 gave 73.2 g of brown oil which was kugelrohr distilled to remove 4-methoxythiophenol and gave 43.86 g of crude 50 in the pot residue.

ethylhexanal (51) (3co Step 2. 2-((2-Benzoyl-4-methoxyphenylthio)methyl)-2-

Reaction of 10 g (0.04 mole) of crude **50** with 4.8 g (0.02 mole) of mesylate **1** and 3.2 ml (0.23 mole) of triethylamine in 50 ml of diglyme according to the procedure for the preparation of **2** gave 10.5 g of crude product which was purified by HPLC (5% ethyl acetatehexane) to give 1.7 g (22%) of **51**.

Step 3. 2-((2-Benzoyl-4-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)2-ethyl-hexanal (52) (52)

A solution of 1.2 g (3.1 mmoles) of **51** in 25 ml of methylene chloride was reacted with 2.0 g (6.2 mmoles) of 50-60% MCPBA according to the procedure of step 2 of procedure A in example 18 gave 1.16 g (90%) of **52** as a yellow oil.

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Hydrogenation of 1.1 g of 52 according to the procedure of step 3 of procedure A of example 18 gave 53 as a yellow oil (1.1 g).

Step 5. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (48), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (49)

A solution of 1.1 g of 53, 0.36 g of potassium tbutoxide and 25 ml of anhydrous THF was held at reflux
for 2 h and worked up as in step 4 of procedure A of
example 18 to give 1.07 g of a crude product which was
purified by HPLC to give 40 mg (4%) of 48 as crystals,
mp 153-154 °C and 90 mg (8%) of 49 as solid, mp 136-140

°C.

Example 28

(54)

5-Phenyl-2,3-dihydrospirobenzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane (57)

Step 1. 1-(Hydroxymethyl)-cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (54)

To a cold (0°C'mixture of 100 g (0.891 mole) of cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde, 76.5 g of 37% of formaldehyde in 225 ml of methanol was added dropwise 90 ml of 1 N Sodium hydroxide in 1 h. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature over 48 then was evaporated to remove methanol. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 75 g (59.7%) of thick oil. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Step 2. 1-(mesyloxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (55)

To a cold (0°C' mixture of alcohol 54 (75 g, 0.54 mole) and 65.29 g (0.57 mole) of methanesulfonyl chloride in 80 ml of methylene chloride was added a solution of pyridine (47.96 g, 0.57 mole) in 40 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h then quenched with water, acidified with conc. HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 91.63 g (77.8%) of thick oil. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Step 3. 1-((2-

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Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (56)

A mixture of 69 g (0.303 mole) of 2mercaptobenzophenone, 82 g (0.303 mole) of mesylate 55,
32 g of triethylamine, and 150 ml of diglyme was
stirred and held at reflux for 24 h. The mixture was
cooled, poured into dil. HCl and extracted with
methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with
10% NaOH, water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate
and concentrated under vacuum to remove excess diglyme.
This was purified by silica gel flush column (5% EtOAc:
Hexane) and gave 18.6 g (75.9%) of yellow oil. Proton
NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Step 4. 5-Phenyl-2,3-dihydrospirobenzothiepine-3,1'cyclohexane (57)

To a mixture of 6.19 g of zinc dust and 100 ml of dry

To a mixture of 6.19 g of zinc dust and 100 ml of dry DME was added TiCl,(16.8 g, 0.108 mole). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 2 h. A solution of compound 56 (8.3 g, 0.023 mole) in 50 ml of DME was added dropwise to the reaction mixture in 1 h and the mixture was held at reflux for 18 h. The mixture was

cooled, poured into water and extracted with ether. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered through celite and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc: Hexane) to give 4.6 g (64%) of white solid, mp 90-91 °C. Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

(58)

Example 29

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8b-Phenyl-1a, 2, 3, 8b-tetrahydrospiro(benzothiepino[4, 5-b]oxirene-2, 1'-cyclohexane)-4, 4-dioxide (58)

To a solution of 57 (4.6 g, 15 mmole) in 50 ml chloroform under nitrogen was added 55% MCPBA (16.5 g, 52.6 mmole) portionwise with spatula. The reaction was held at reflux for 18 h and washed with 10% NaOH(3X), water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 5 g of crude product. This was recrystallized from Hexane/EtOAc to give 4.31 g (81%) of yellow solid, mp 154-155 °C. Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

25 Example 30

trans-4-Hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro spiro(benzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane)-1,1-dioxide (59)

A mixture of 0.5 g (1.4 mmoles) of **58**, 20 ml of ethanol,10 ml of methylene chloride and 0.4 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst was hydrogenated with 70 psi hydrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The crude reaction slurry was filtered through Celite and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-Hexane, 25% EtOAc-Hexane). The first fraction was 300 mg (60%) as a white solid, mp 99-100 °C. Proton NMR showed this was a trans isomer. The second fraction gave 200 mg of solid which was impure cis isomer.

Example 31

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cis-4-Hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro spiro(benzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane)-1,1-dioxide (60)

To a solution of 0.2 g (0.56 mmole) of 59 in 20 ml of CH₂Cl₂, was added 8 g of 50% NaOH and one drop of Aliquat-336 (methyltricaprylylammonium chloride) phase transfer catalyst. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 h at room temperature. Twenty g of ice was added to the mixture and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x10 ml) washed with water, brine and dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to recover 0.15 g of crude product. This was recrystallized from Hexane/EtOAc to give 125 mg of white crystal, mp 209-210 °C. Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Example 32

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine (61), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine (62)

To a solution of 0.5 g (1.47 mmole) of compound 47 in 5 ml of anhydrous THF was added 0.17 g (1.47 mmole) of 95% potassium t-butoxide. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and quenched with 10 ml of 10% HCl. The organic was extracted into methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (2% EtOAc-hexane) to give 47 mg of 61 in the second fraction and 38 mg of 62 in the third fraction. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the assigned structures.

Example 33

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-amino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (63) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-amino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide(64)

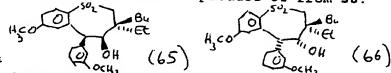
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An autoclave was charged with 200 mg of 37 in 40 cc ethanol and .02 g 10 % Pd/C. After purging with nitrogen the clave was charged with 100 psi hydrogen and heated to 55 C. The reaction was monitored by TLC and mass spec and allowed to proceed until all of 37 was consumed. After the reaction was complete the catalyst was filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo and the only observable product was amine 63. This same procedure was used to produce 64 from 38.

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Example 34

(3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (65), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (66).

Alkylation of e-methoxyphenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol in 35% yield. This material was converted to compound 65, mp 138.5-141.5 °C, and compound 66, mp 115.5-117.5 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

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Example 35

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (67), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (68).

191 Rec 0 64 (67) FC 0 64 (65)

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc. 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 67, mp 226.5-228 °C, and compound 68, mp 188-190°C, byu the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B. 64-

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Example 36 450 0H (69) 450 0H (70)

(3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (69), and (3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (70).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 69 and compound 70 by the procedure similar to

Example 37

Example 37

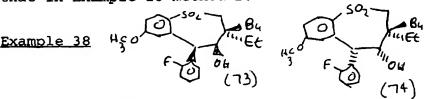
Example 37

Example 37

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (71), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (72).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 3-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J.

Chem. Soc. 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 71 and compound 72 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.



(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (73), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (74).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 2-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(2'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 73 and compound 74 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 39

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-7-bromo-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(3'methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1dioxide (75), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-7-bromo-3-ethyl-4hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (76).

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Alkylation of 4-bromophenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-bromo-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 75, mp 97-101.5 °C, and compound 76, mp 102-106 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 40

(3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (77), and
(3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (78).

Alkylation of 4-fluorophenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J.

Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-fluoro-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 77, mp 228-230 °C, and compound 78, mp 134.5-139 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 41

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-4-hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (79), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-40hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (80).

Alkylation of 4-fluorophenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-fluoro-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 79, as a solid and compound 80, mp 153-155 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 42

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (81).

A mixture of 0.68 (1.66 mmol) of compound 77, 0.2 g (5 mmol) of sodium methanethiolate and 15 ml of anhydrous DMF was stirred at room temperature for 16 days. The reaction mixture was dilute with ether and washed with water and brine and dried over M_gSO₄. The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The first fraction was impure (3a,4a,5a) 3-butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide. The second fraction was compound 81, mp 185-186.5 °C.

Example 43

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (82).

A mixture of 0.53 g (1.30 mmol) of compound 78 and 5 ml of pyrrolidine was held at reflux for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with ether and washed with water and brine and dried over M_sSO₄. The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from ether-hexanes to give compound 82, mp 174.5-177 °C.

Example 44

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(3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4hydroxy-7-(1-morpholinyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (83).

A mixture of 0.4 g (0.98 mmol) of compound 78 and 5.0 g (56 mmol) of morpholine was held at reflux for 2 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ether (30 ml) and washed with water and brine and dried over M_gSO₄. The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from etherhexanes to give compound 83, mp 176.5-187.5 °C.

Example 45

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (84), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (85).

Alkylation of 4-methylphenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methyl-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol). This material was converted to

compound 84 and compound 85 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(4'- 6µ hydroxyphenyl)-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (86), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,7-dihydroxy-5-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (87).

To a solution of 0.52 (1.2 mmol) of compound 66 in 20 ml of methylene chloride was added 1.7 g (6.78 mmol) of born tribromide. The reaction mixture was cooled to -78 °C and was stirred for 4 min. An additional 0.3 ml of boron tribromide was added to the reaction mixture and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and quenced with 2 N HCl. The organic was extracted into ether. The ether layer was washed with brine, dried over M_gSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue (0.48 g) was purified by HPLC (30% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The first fraction was 0.11 g of compound 86 as a white solid, mp 171.5-173 °C. The second fraction was crystallized from chloroform to give 0.04 g of compound 87 as a white solid, mp 264 °C (dec).

Example 47

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(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,7-dihydroxy-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (88).

Reaction of compound 70 with excess boron tribromide at room temperature and worked up as in Example 46 gave compound 88 after an HPLC purification.

Example 48

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-(1-azetidinyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (89).

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A mixture of 0.20 g (0.49 mmol) of compound 78, and 2.0 g (35 mmol) of aztidine was held at reflux for 3 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ether (30 ml) and washed with water and brine and dried over MgSO4. The ether solution was concentrated on a steam bath. The separated crystals were filtered to give 0.136 g of 89 as prisms, mp 196.5-199.5 °C.

Example 49
(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-4hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine1,1-dioxide (90). (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (91).

A mixture of 0.4~g (0.95~mmol) of compound 79, 0.08~g20 (1.14 mmol) of sodium methanethiclate and 15 ml of anhydrous DMF was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h. additional 1.4 mmol of sodium methanethiolate was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for an additional 2 h. The reaction mixture was 25 triturated with 100 ml of water and extracted methylene The methylene chloride water mixture was chloride. filtered through Celite and the methylene chloride layer was dried over M_qSO_4 and concentrated in vacuo. The first fraction (0.1 g) was compound 90, mp 117-121 30 °C. The second fraction (0.16 g) was compound 91, mp 68-76 °C.

A mixture of 2.6 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust, 7.2 g (0.047 mole) of TiCl, and 80 mL of anhydrous ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (DME) was held at reflux for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 5 °C. To the reaction mixture was added dropwise a solution of 3.54 g (0.01 mole) of 2 in 30 mL of DME in 40 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h and then was held at reflux for 2 h and cooled before being poured into brine. The organic was extract into methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (hexane) to give 1.7 g (43%) of 3 as an oil in the first fraction. The second fraction was discarded and the third fraction was further purified by HPLC (hexane) to give 0.07 g (2%) of 4a in the earlier fraction and 0.1 g (3%) of 4b in the later fraction.

<u>Example 2</u>

cis-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepin-(5H)4-one-1,1-dioxide (5a) and trans-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5phenyl-2,3-dihydro-benzothiepin-(5H)4-one-1,1-dioxide (5b)

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To a solution of 1.2 g (3.5 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA in 20 mL of methylene chloride was added 0.59 g (1.75 mmole) of a mixture of 4a and 4b in 10 mL of methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 h. An additional 1.2 g (1.75 mmole) of 50-60% MAPBA was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 3 h then was triturated with 50 mL of 10% NaOH. The insoluble solid was filtered. The methylene chloride layer of the filtrate was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The residual syrup was purified by HPLC (5% EtOAc-hexane) to give 0.2 g (30%) of 5a as an oil in the first fraction and 0.17 g (26%) of 5b as an oil in the second fraction.

Example 3

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(3a,4a,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6a), (3a,4b,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6b), (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

A. Reduction of 5a and 5b with Sodium Borohydride

To a solution of 0.22 g (0.59 mmole) of 5b in 10 mL of ethanol was added 0.24 g (6.4 mmole) of sodium borohydride. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and concentrated in vacuo to remove ethanol. The residue was triturated with water and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.2 g of syrup. In a separate experiment, 0.45 g of **5a** was treated with 0.44 g of sodium borohydride in 10 mL of ethanol and was worked up as described above to give 0.5 g of syrup which was identical to the 0.2 g of syrup obtained above. These two materials were combined and purified by HPLC using 10% EtOAc-hexane as eluant. The first fraction was 0.18 g (27%) of 6a as a syrup. The second fraction was 0.2 g (30%) of 6b also as a syrup. The column was then eluted with 20% EtOAc-hexane to give 0.077 g (11%) of 6c in the third fraction as a solid. Recrystallization from hexane gave a solid, mp 179-181 °C. Finally, the column was eluted with 30% EtOAc-hexane to give 0.08 g (12%) of 6d in the fourth fraction as a solid. Recrystallization from hexane gave a solid, mp 160-161 °C.

B. Conversion of 6a to 6c and 6d with NaOH and PTC

To a solution of 0.29 g (0.78 mmole) of **6a** in 10 mL CH₂Cl₂, was added 9 g of 40% NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature and was added one drop of Aliquat-336 (methyltricaprylylammonium chloride) phase transfer catalyst (PTC). The mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature before being treated with 25 mL of ice-crystals then was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x10 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to recover 0.17 g of a colorless film. The components of this mixture were separated using an HPLC and eluted with EtOAc-hexane to give 12.8 mg (4%) of 2-(2-benzylphenylsulfonylmethyl)-2-ethylhexenal in the first fraction, 30.9 mg (11%) of **6c** in the second fraction and 90.0 mg (31%) of **6d** in the third fraction.

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Oxidation of 6a to 5b

To a solution of 0.20 g (0.52 mmole) of **6a** in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 0.23 g (1.0 mmole) of pyridinium chlorochromate. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h then was treated with additional 0.23 g of pyridinium chlorochromate and stirred overnight. The dark reaction mixture was poured into a ceramic filterfrit containing silica gel and was eluted with CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to recover 167 mg (87%) of **5b** as a colorless oil.

Example 4

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (7)

To a solution of 5.13 g (15.9 mmole) of 3 in 50 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 10 g (31.9 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA (m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid) portionwise causing a mild reflux and formation of a white solid. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir overnight under N₂ and was triturated with 25 mL of water followed by 50 mL of 10% NaOH solution. The organic was extracted into CH₂Cl₂ (4x20 mL). The CH₂Cl₂ extract was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to dryness to recover 4.9 g (87%) of an opaque viscous oil.

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Example 5

(1aa,2b,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino[4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide (8a) (1aa,2a,8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a,2,3,8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino [4,5-b]oxirene-4,4-dioxide (8b)

To 1.3 g (4.03 mole) of 3 in 25 mL of CHCl, was added portionwise 5 g (14.1 mmole) of 50-60 % MCPBA causing a mild exotherm. The reaction mixture was stirred under N_2 overnight and was then held at reflux for 3 h. The insoluble white slurry was filtered. The filtrate was extracted with 10% potassium carbonate (3x50 mL), once with brine, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 1.37 g of a light yellow oil. Purification by HPLC gave 0.65 g of crystalline product. This product is a mixture of two isomers. Trituration of this crystalline product in hexane recovered 141.7 mg (10%) of a white crystalline product. This isomer was characterized by NMR and mass spectra to be the (1aa, 2b, 8ba) isomer 8a. The hexane filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 206 mg of white film which is a mixture of 30% 8a and 70% 8b by 'H NMR.

Example 6

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cis-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (9a), trans-3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (9b), and 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-cyclohexylidine-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (10)

A mixture of 0.15 g (0.4 mmole) of a 3:7 mixture of 8a and 8b was dissolved in 15 ml MeOH in a 3 oz. Fisher/Porter vessel, then was added 0.1 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst. This mixture was hydrogenated at 70 psi H. for 5 h and filtered. The filtrate was evaporated to dryness in vacuo to recover 0.117 g of a colorless oil. This material was purified by HPLC eluting with EtOAchexane. The first fraction was 4.2 mg (3%) of 9b. The second fraction, 5.0 mg (4%), was a 50/50 mixture of 9a and 9b. The third fraction was 8.8 mg (6%) of 6a . The fourth fraction was 25.5 mg (18%) of 6b. The fifth fraction was 9.6 mg (7%) of a mixture of 6b and a product believed to be 3-butyl-3-ethyl-4,5-dihydroxy-5phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide based on mass spectrum. The sixth fraction was 7.5 mg (5%) of a mixture of 6d and one of the isomers of 10, 10a.

Example 7

In another experiment, a product (3.7 g) from epoxidation of 3 with excess MCPBA in refluxing CHCl, under air was hydrogenated in 100 mL of methanol using 1 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst and 70 psi hydrogen. The product was purified by HPLC to give 0.9 g (25%) of 9b, 0.45 g (13%) of 9a, 0.27 g (7%) of 6a, 0.51 g (14%) of 6b, 0.02 g (1%) of 6c, 0.06 g (2%) of one isomer of 10, 10a and 0.03 g (1%) of another isomer of 10, 10b.

Example 8

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2-((2-Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)butyraldehyde (11)

To an ice bath cooled solution of 9.76 g (0.116 mole) of 2-ethylacrolein in 40 mL of dry THF was added 24.6 g (0.116 mole) of 2-mercaptobenzophenone in 40 mL of THF followed by 13 g (0.128 mole) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days , diluted with ether, and was washed successively with dilute HCl, brine, and 1 M potassium carbonate. The ether layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAchexane) to give 22 g (64%) of 11 in the second fraction. An attempt to further purifiy this material by kugelrohr distillation at 0.5 torr (160-190 °C) gave a fraction (12.2 g) which contained starting material indicating a reversed reaction during distillation. This material was dissolved in ether (100 mL) and was washed with 50 mL of 1 M potassium carbonate three times to give 6.0 g of a syrup which was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-hexane) to give 5.6 g of pure 11.

Example 9

in the second fraction.

3-Ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine (12)

To a mixture of 2.61 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust and 60 mL of DME was added 7.5 g (0.048 mole) of TiCl, The reaction mixture was held at reflux for 2 h. A solution of 2.98 g (0.01 mole) of 11 was added dropwise in 1 h. The reaction mixture was held at reflux for 18 h, cooled and poured into water. The organic was extracted into ether. The ether layer was washed with brine and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was dried over MgSO, and concentrated. The residual oil (2.5 g) was purified by HPLC to give 2.06 g (77%) of 12 as an oil

Example 10

(1aa, 2a, 8ba) 2-Ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a, 2, 3, 8b-tetrahydrobenzothiepino-[4,5-b] oxirene-4, 4-dioxide (13)

To a solution of 1.5 g (5.64 mmole) of 12 in 25 ml of CHCl, was added 6.8 g (19.4 mmole) of 50-60% MCPB portionwise causing an exothem and formation of a white solid. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight diluted with 100 ml methylene chloride and washed successively with 10% K₂CO₃ (4x50 ml), water (twice with 25 ml) and brine. The organic layer was then dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to dryness to recover 1.47 g of an off white solid. ¹H NMR indicated that only one isomer is present. This solid was slurried in 200 ml of warm Et₂O and filtered to give 0.82 g (46%) of 13 as a white solid, mp 185-186.5 °C.

Example 11

(3a,4b,5a) - 3-Ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (14a), (3a,4b,5b) 3-Ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (14b), and cis-3-Ethyl-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (15)

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A mixture of 0.5 g (1.6 mole) of 13, 50 ml of acetic acid and 0.5 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst was hydrogenated with 70 psi hydrogen for 4 h. The crude reaction slurry was filtered and the filtrate was stirred with 150 ml of a saturated NaHCO, solution followed by 89 g of NaHCO, powder portionwise to neutralize the rest of acetic acid. The mixture was extracted with methylene chloride (4x25 ml), then the organic layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.44 g (87%) of a voluminous white solid which was purified by HPLC (EtOAc-Hexane) to give 26.8 mg (6%) of 15 in the first fraction, 272 mg (54%) of 14a as a solid, mp 142-143.5 °C, in the second fraction, and 35 mg (7%) of impure 14b in the third fraction.

Example 12

2-Ethyl-2-((2-Hydroxymethylphenyl)thiomethyl)hexenal (16)

A mixture of 5.0 g (0.036 mole) of 2-mercaptobenzyl alcohol, 6.4 g (0.032 mole) of 1, 3.6 g (0.036 mole) of triethylamine and 25 mL of 2-methoxyethyl ether was held at reflux for 7 h. Additional 1.1 g of mercaptobenzyl alcohol and 0.72 g of triethylamine was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was held at reflux for additional 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled and poured into 6N HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was washed twice with 10% NaOH, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo to give 9.6 g of residue. Purification by HPLC (20% EtOAc-hexane) gave 3.7 g (41%) of 16 as an oil.

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Example 13

2-Ethyl-2-((2-formylphenyl)thiomethyl)hexenal (17)

A mixture of 3.7 g of 16, 5.6 g (0.026 mole) of pyridinium chlorochromate, 2 g of Celite and 30 mL of methylene chloride was stirred for 18 h and filtered through a bed of silica gel. The silica gel was eluted with methylene chloride. The combined methylene chloride eluant was purified by HPLC (20% ETOAc-hexane) to give 2.4 g (66%) of an oil.

Example 14

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-2,3-dihydrobenzothiepine (18)

A mixture of 2.6 g (0.04 mole) of zinc dust, 7.2 g (0.047 mole) of TiCl, and 50 mL of DME was held at reflux for 2 h and cooled to room temperature. To this mixture was added 2.4 g (8.6 mmole) of 17 in 20 mL of DME in 10 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at room

temperature for 2 h and held at reflux for 1 h then was let standing at room temperature over weekend. The reaction mixture was poured into dilute HCl and was stirred with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride-water mixture was filtered through Celite. The methylene chloride layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo to give 3.0 g of a residue. Purification by HPLC gave 0.41 g (20%) of 18 as an oil in the early fraction.

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Example 15

(1aa, 2a, 8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-1a, 2, 3, 8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino [4,5-b] oxirene-4, 4-dioxide (19a) and (1aa, 2b, 8ba) 2-Butyl-2-ethyl-8b-phenyl-1a, 2, 3, 8b-tetrahydro-benzothiepino [4,5-b] oxirene-4, 4-dioxide (19b)

To a solution of 0.4 g of 0.4 g (1.6 mmole) of 18 in 30 mL of methylene chloride was added 2.2 g (3.2 mmole) of 50-60% MCPBA. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 30 mL of CHCl, and was held at reflux for 18 h under N,. The reaction mixture was stirred with 100 mL of 10% NaOH and 5 g of sodium sulfite. The methylene chloride layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (20% EtOAc-hexane) to give a third fraction which was further purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-hexane) to give 0.12 g of syrup in the first fraction. Recrystallization from hexane gave 0.08 g (17%) of 19a, mp 89.5-105.5 °C. The mother liquor from the first fraction was combined with the second fraction and was further purified by HPLC to give additional 19a in the first fraction and 60 mg of 19b in the second fraction. Crystallization from hexane gave 56 mg of a white solid.

Example 16

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,5-dihydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (20)

This product was isolated along with 6b from hydrogenation of a mixture of 8a and 8b.

Example 17

3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (21)

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A mixture of 25 mg (0.085 mmole) of 19b, 0.27 g (2.7 mmole) of thiophenol, 0.37 g (2.7 mmole) of potassium carbonate, and 4 mL of DMF was stirred at room temperature under N_2 for 19 h. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layer was washed successively with 10% NaOH and brine, dried over MgSO,, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.19 g of semisolid which contain substantial amounts of diphenyl disulfide. This material was purified by HPLC (5% EtOAc-hexane) to remove diphenyl disulfide in the first fraction. The column was then eluted with 20% EtOAchexane to give 17 mg of a first fraction, 4 mg of a second fraction and 11 mg of a third fraction which were three different isomers of 21, i.e. 21a, 21b, and 21c, respectively, by 'H NMR and mass spectra.

Example 18

Alternative Synthesis of 6c and 6d

- A. Preparation from 2-((2-Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (2)
 - Step 1. 2-((2-Benzoylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (44)
- To a solution of 9.0 g (0.025 mole) of compound 2 in 100 ml of methylene chloride was added 14.6 g (0.025 mol) of 50-60% MCPBA portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 64 h then was stirred with 200 ml of 1 M potassium carbonate and

filtered through Celite. The methylene chloride layer was washed twice with 300 ml of 1 M potassium carbonate, once with 10% sodium hydroxide and once with brine. The insoluble solid formed during washing was removed by filtration through Celite. The methylene chloride solution was dried and concentrated in vacuo to give 9.2 g (95%)of semisolid. A portion (2.6 g) of this solid was purified by HPLC(10% ethyl acetatehexane) to give 1.9 g of crystals, mp 135-136 °C

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Step 2. 2-((2-Benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (45)

A solution of 50 g (0.13 mole) of crude 44 in 250 ml of methylene chloride was divided in two portions and charged to two Fisher-Porter bottles. To each bottle was charged 125 ml of methanol and 5 g of 10% Pd/C. The bottles were pressurized with 70 psi of hydrogen and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 7 h before being charged with an additional 5 g of 10% Pd/C. The reaction mixture was again hydrogenated with 70 psi of hydrogen for 7 h. This procedure was repeated one more time but only 1 g of Pd/C was charged to the reaction mixture. The combined reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 46.8 g of 45 as brown oil.

Step 3. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

To a solution of 27.3 g (73.4 mmole) of **45** in 300 ml of anhydrous THF cooled to 2 °C with an ice bath was added 9.7 g (73.4 mmole) of 95% potassium t-butoxide. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min, quenched with 300 ml of 10% HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give

24.7 g of yellow oil. Purification by HPLC (ethyl acetate-hexane) yielded 9.4 g of recovered 45 in the first fraction, 5.5 g (20%) of 6c in the second fraction and 6.5 g (24%) of 6d in the third fraction.

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B. Preparation from 2-hydroxydiphenylmethane Step 1. 2-mercaptodiphenylmethane (46)

To a 500 ml flask was charged 16 g (0.33 mol) of 60% sodium hydride oil dispersion. The sodium hydride was washed twice with 50 ml of hexane. To the reaction flask was charged 100 ml of DMF. To this mixture was added a solution of 55.2 g (0.3 mol) of 2hydroxydiphenylmethane in 200 ml of DMF in 1 h while temperature was maintained below 30 °C by an ice-water bath. After complete addition of the reagent, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min then cooled with an ice bath. To the reaction mixture was added 49.4 g (0.4 mole) of dimethyl thiocarbamoyl chloride at once. The ice bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h before being poured into 300 ml of water. The organic was extracted into 500 ml of toluene. The toluene layer was washed successively with 10% sodium hydroxide and brine and was concentrated in vacuo to give 78.6 g of a yellow oil which was 95% pure dimethyl O-2-benzylphenyl thiocarbamate. This oil was heated at 280-300 °C in a kugelrohhr pot under house vacuum for 30 min. The residue was kugelrohr distilled at 1 torr (180-280 °C). The distillate (56.3 g) was crystallized from methanol to give 37.3 g (46%) of the rearranged product dimethyl S-2-benzylphenyl thiocarbamate as a yellow solid. A mixture of 57 g (0.21 mole) of this yellow solid, 30 g $\,$ of potassium hydroxide and 150 ml of methanol was stirred overnight then was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with 200 ml of water and extracted with ether. The aqueous layer was made acidic with concentrate HC1, The oily suspension was extracted into ether. The ether extract was dried over magnesium

sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from hexane to give 37.1 g (88%) of 2-mercaptodiphenylmethane as a yellow solid.

5 Step 2. 2-((2-Benzylphenylthic)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (47)

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A mixture of 60 g (03 mole) of yellow solid from step 1, 70 g (0.3 mole) of compound 1 from preparation 1, 32.4 g (0.32 mole) of triethylamine, 120 ml of 2-methoxyethyl ether was held at reflux for 6 hr and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with 500 ml of water and 30 ml of concentrate HCl. The organic was extracted into 400 ml of ether. The ether layer was washed successively with brine, 10% sodium hydroxide and brine and was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue (98.3 g) was purified by HPLC with 2-5% ethyl acetate-hexane as eluent to give 2-((2-benzylphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal 47 as a yellow syrup.

Step 3. 2-((2-Benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (45)

To a solution of 72.8 g (0.21 mole) of yellow syrup from step 2 in 1 liter of methylene chloride cooled to 10 °C was added 132 g of 50-60% MCPBA in 40 min. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h. An additional 13 g of 50-60% MCPBA was added to the reaction mixture.

The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and filtered through Celite. The methylene chloride solution was washed twice with 1 liter of 1 M potassium carbonate then with 1 liter of brine. The methylene chloride layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated to 76 g of 2-((2-benzylphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal 45 as a syrup.

Step 4. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6c), and

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (6d)

Reaction of 45 with potassium t-butoxide according to the procedure in step 3 of procedure A gave pure 6c and 6d after HPLC.

Example 19

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (25) and (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (26) Step 1. Preparation of 2-((2-benzoyl-4-methoxy phenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (22)

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2-Hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone was converted to the dimethyl O-2-benzoyphenyl thiocarbamate by methods previously described in example 18. The product can be isolated by recrystallization from ethanol. Using this improved isolation procedure no chromatography was needed. The thermal rearrangement was performed by reacting the thiocarbamate(5 g) in diphenyl ether at 260 °C as previously described. The improved isolation procedure which avoided a chromatography step was described below.

The crude pyrolysis product was then heated at 65 °C in 100 ml of methanol and 100 ml of THF in the presence of 3.5 g of KOH for 4 h. After removing THF and methanol by rotary evaporation the solution was extracted with 5 % NaOH and ether. The base layer was acidified and extracted with ether to obtain a 2.9 g of crude thiophenol product. The product was further purified by titrating the desired mercaptan into base with limited KOH. After acidification and extraction with ether pure 2-mercapto-4-methoxybenzophenone (2.3 g) was isolated.

2-mercapto-4-methoxybenzophenone can readily be converted to the 2-((2-benzoyl-4-

methoxyphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (22) by reaction with 2-ethyl-2-(mesyloxymethyl)hexanal (1) as previously described.

5 Step 2. 2-((2-Benzoyl-5-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)2-ethylhexanal (23)

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Substrate 22 was readily oxidized to 2-((2-benzoy1-5-methoxyphenyl-sulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (23) as described in example 18.

Step 3. 2-((2-benzyl-5-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (24)

Sulfone 23 was then reduced to 2-((2-benzy1-5-methoxypheny1-sulfony1)methy1)-2-ethylhexanal (24) as described in example 18.

Step 4. (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide
(25) and (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-8methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1dioxide (26)

A 3-neck flask equipped with a powder addition funnel, thermocouple and nitrogen bubbler was charged with 19.8 g (0.05 mole) of sulfone 24 in 100 ml dry THF. The reaction was cooled to -1.6 °C internal temperature by means of ice/salt bath. Slowly add 5.61 g (0.05 mole) of potassium t-butoxide by means of the powder addition funnel. The resulting light yellow solution was maintained at -1.6 °C. After 30 min reaction 400 ml of cold ether was added and this solution was extracted with cold 10 % HCl. The acid layer was extracted with 300 ml of methylene chloride. The organic layers were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate and after filtration stripped to dryness to obtain 19.9 g of product. H nmr and glpc indicated a 96% conversion to a 50/50 mixture of 25 and

26. The only other observable compound was 4% starting sulfone 24.

The product was then dissolved in 250 ml of 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate by warming to 50 °C. The solution was allowed to cool to room temperature and in this way pure 26 can be isolated. The crystallization can be enhanced by addition of a seed crystal of 26. After 2 crystallizations the mother liquor which was now 85.4% 25 and has a dry weight of 8.7 g. This material was dissolved in 100 ml of 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate and 10 ml of pure ethyl acetate at 40 C. Pure 25 can be isolated by seeding this solution with a seed crystal of 25 after storing it overnight at 0 C.

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Example 20

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,8-dihydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (27)

In a 25 ml round bottomed flask, 1 g of 26(2.5 mmoles) and 10 ml methylene chloride were cooled to - 78 °C with stirring. Next 0.7 ml of boron tribromide(7.5 mmole) was added via syringe. The reaction was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature and stirred for 6 h.

The reaction was then diluted with 50 ml methylene chloride and washed with saturated NaCl and then water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate. The product (0.88g) 27 was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

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Example 21

General Alkylation of phenol 27

A 25 ml flask was charged with 0.15 g of 27(0.38 mmole), 5 ml anhydrous DMF, 54 mg of potassium carbonate(0.38 mmole) and 140 mg ethyl iodide (0.9 mmole). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was diluted with 50 ml ethyl ether and washed with water (25 ml) then 5% NaOH (20 ml) and then sat. NaCl. After stripping off the solvent

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the ethoxylated product 28 was obtained in high yield. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra. This same procedure was used to prepare products listed in table 1 from the corresponding iodides or bromides. For higher boiling alkyl iodides and bromides only one equivalent of the alkyl halide was used.

Table 1

	Compound No.	R
	27	н
	26	Me
5	28	Et
	29	hexyl
	30	Ac
	31	(CH2)6-N-pthalimide

10 Example 22

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (37) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (38) Step 1. Preparation of 2-chloro-5-nitrodiphenylmethane (32)

Procedure adapted from reference :Synthesis -Stuttgart 9 770-772 (1986) Olah G. Et al

Under nitrogen, a 3 neck flask was charged with 45 g (0.172 mole) of 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzophenone in 345 mlmethylene chloride and the solution was cooled to ice/water temperature. By means of an additional funnel, 150 g(0.172 mole) of trifluoromethane sulfonic acid in 345 ml methylene chloride was added slowly. Next 30 g of triethylsilane (0.172 mole) in 345 ml methylene chloride was added dropwise to the chilled solution. Both addition steps(trifluoromethane sulfonic acid and triethylsilane)were repeated. After the additions were completed the reaction was allowed to slowly warm up to room temperature and stirred for 12 h under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was then poured into a chilled stirred solution of 1600 ml of saturated sodium bicarbonate. Gas evolution occurred. Poured into a 4 liter separatory funnel and separated layers. The methylene chloride layer was isolated and combined with two 500 ml methylene chloride extractions

of the aqueous layer. The methylene chloride solution was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from hexane to give 39 g product. Structure 32 was confirmed by mass spectra and proton and carbon NMR.

Step 2. Preparation of 2-((2-benzyl-4-nitrophenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (33)

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The 2-chloro-5-nitrodiphenylmethane product 32 (40 g, 10 0.156 mole) from above was placed in a 2 liter 2 neck flask with water condenser. Next 150 ml DMSO and 7.18 q (0.156 mole) of lithium sulfide was added and the solution was stirred at 75 °C for 12 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and then 51.7 g of 15 mesylate IV was added in 90 ml DMSO. The reaction mixture was heated to 80 °C under nitrogen. After 12 h monitored by TLC and added more mysylate if necessary. Continued the reaction until the reaction was completed. Next the reaction mixture was slowly poured 20 into a 1900 ml of 5% acetic aqueous solution with stirring, extracted with 4 X 700 ml of ether, and dried over MgSO4. After removal of ether, 82.7 g of product was isolated. The material can be further purified by silica gel chromatography using 95% hexane and 5% 25 ethyl acetate. If pure mysylate was used in this step there was no need for further purification. The product 33 was characterized by mass spectra and NMR.

30 Step 3. Oxidation of the nitro product 33 to the sulfone 2-((2-benzyl-4-nitrophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (34)

The procedure used to oxidize the sulfide 33 to the sulfone 34 has been previously described.

Step 4. Reduction of 34 to 2-((2-benzyl-4-hydroxyaminophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (35)

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A 15 g sample of 34 was dissolved in 230 ml of ethanol and placed in a 500 ml rb flask under nitrogen. Next 1.5 g of 10 wt.% Pd/C was added and hydrogen gas was bubbled through the solution at room temperature until the nitro substrate 34 was consumed. The reaction could be readily monitored by silica gel TLC using 80/20 hexane/EtOAc. Product 35 was isolated by filtering off the Pd/C and then stripping off the EtOH solvent. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Step 5. Preparation of the 2-((2-benzyl-4-N,O-di-(t-butoxy-carbonyl)hydroxyaminophenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (36).

A 13.35 g sample of **35** (0.0344 mole) in 40 ml of dry THF was stirred in a 250 ml round bottomed flask. Next added 7.52 g (0.0344 mole) of di-t-butyl dicarbonate in 7 ml THF. Heated at 60 °C overnight. Striped off THF and redissolved in methylene chloride. Extracted with 1 % HCl; and then 5% sodium bicarbonate.

The product was further purified by column chromatography using 90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate and then 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. The product 36 was obtained (4.12 g) which appeared to be mainly the di-(t-butoxycarbonyl) derivatives by proton NMR.

Step 6. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (37) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-hydroxyamino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (38)

A 250ml 3-neck round bottomed flask was charged with 4 g of **36** (6.8 mmoles), and 100 ml of anhydrous THF and cooled to -78 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. Slowly add 2.29 g potassium tert-butoxide(20.4 mmoles) with stirring and maintaining a -78 °C reaction temperature. After 1 h at -78 °C the addition of base was completed and the temperature was brought to -10 °C by means of a

ice/salt bath. After 3 h at -10 °C, only trace 36 remained by TLC. Next add 35 ml of deionized water to the reaction mixture at -10 °C and stirred for 5 min. Striped off most of the THF and added to separatory funnel and extracted with ether until all of the organic was removed from the water phase. The combined ether phases were washed with saturated NaCl and then dried over sodium sulfate. The only products by TLC and NMR were the two BOC protected isomers of 37 and 38. The isomers were separated by silica gel chromatography using 85% hexane and 15 % ethyl acetate; BOC-37 (0.71 g) and BOC- 38 (0.78 g).

Next the BOC protecting group was removed by reacting 0.87 g of BOC-38 (1.78 mmoles) with 8.7 ml of 4 M HCl (34.8 mmoles) in dioxane for 30 min. Next added 4.74 g of sodium acetate (34.8 mmoles) to the reaction mixture and 16.5 ml ether and stirred until clear. After transferring to a separatory funnel extracted with ether and water and then dried the ether layer with sodium sulfate. After removing the ether, 0.665 g of 38 was isolated. Isomer 37 could be obtained in a similar procedure.

25 Example 23

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (40) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (41)

Step 1. 2-((2-Benzyl-4-(n-hexylamino)phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (39)

In a Fischer porter bottle weighed out 0.5 g of 34 (1.2 mmoles) and dissolved in 3.8 ml of ethanol under nitrogen. Next added 0.1 g of Pd/C and 3.8 ml of hexanal. Seal and pressure to 50 psi of hydrogen gas. Stirred for 48 h. After filtering off the catalyst and removing the solvent by rotary evaporation 39 was

isolated by column chromatography (0.16 g) using 90/10 hexane ethyl acetate and gradually increasing the mobile phase to 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

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step 2. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (40) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-(n-hexylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (41)

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A 2-neck, 25 ml round bottomed flask with stir bar was charged with 0.158 g 39 (0.335 mmole) and 5 ml anhydrous THF under nitrogen. Cool to -10 °C by means of a salt/water bath. Slowly add 0.113 g of potassium tert butoxide (0.335 mmole). After 15 min at -10 °C all of the starting material was consumed by TLC and only the two isomers 40 and 41 were observed. Next added 5 ml of chilled 10% HCl and stirred at -10 °C for 5 min. Transferred to a separatory funnel and extract with ether. Dried over sodium sulfate. Proton NMR of the dried product (0.143 g) indicated only the presence of the two isomers 40 and 41. The two isomers were separated by silica gel chromatography using 90/10 hexane ethyl acetate and gradually increasing the mobile phase to 70/30 hexane/ethyl acetate. 40 (53.2 mg); 41(58.9 mg).

Example 24

Quaternization of amine substrates 40 and 41

Amine products such as 40 and 41 can be readily alkylated to quaternary salts by reaction with alkyl halides. For example 40 in DMF with 5 equivalents of methyl iodide in the presence of 2,6 dimethyl lutidine produces the dimethylhexylamino quaternary salt.

Example 25

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(4-iodophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (42)

In a 25 ml round bottomed flask 0.5 g (1.3 mmole) of 6d, 0.67 g of mercuric triflate were dissolved in 20 ml of dry methylene chloride with stirring. Next 0.34 g of Iodine was added and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 30 h. The reaction was then diluted with 50 ml methylene chloride and washed with 10 ml of 1 M sodium thiosulfate; 10 ml of saturated KI; and dried over sodium sulfate. See Tetrahedron, Vol.50, No. 17, pp 5139-5146 (1994) Bachki, F. Et al.Mass spectrum indicated a mixture of 6d, mono iodide 42 and a diiodide adduct. The mixture was separated by column chromatography and 42 was characterized bt NMR and mass spectra.

Example 26

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(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-5-(4-carbomethoxyphenyl)-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (43)

A 0.1 g sample of **42** (0.212 mmole), 2.5 ml dry methanol, 38 µl triethylamine (0.275 mmole), 0.3 ml toluene and 37 mg of palladium chloride (0.21 mmole) was charged to a glass lined mini reactor at 300 psi carbon monoxide. The reaction was heated at 100 °C overnight. The catalyst was filtered and a high yield of product was isolated.

The product was characterized by NMR and mass spectra.

Note the ester functionalized product 43 can be converted to the free acid by hydrolysis.

35 Example 27

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (48), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-

methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (49)

Step 1. 2-Mercapto-5-methoxybenzophenone (50)

Reaction of 66.2 g of 4-methoxythiophenol with 360 ml of 2.5 N n-butyllithium, 105 g of tetramethylethylenediamine and 66.7 g of benzonitrile in 600 ml cyclohexane according to the procedure in WO 93/16055 gave 73.2 g of brown oil which was kugelrohr distilled to remove 4-methoxythiophenol and gave 43.86 g of crude 50 in the pot residue.

Step 2. 2-((2-Benzoyl-4-methoxyphenylthio)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (51)

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Reaction of 10 g (0.04 mole) of crude **50** with 4.8 g (0.02 mole) of mesylate **1** and 3.2 ml (0.23 mole) of triethylamine in 50 ml of diglyme according to the procedure for the preparation of **2** gave 10.5 g of crude product which was purified by HPLC (5% ethyl acetatehexane) to give 1.7 g (22%) of **51**.

step 3. 2-((2-Benzoyl-4-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)2-ethyl-hexanal (52)

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A solution of 1.2 g (3.1 mmoles) of **51** in 25 ml of methylene chloride was reacted with 2.0 g (6.2 mmoles) of 50-60% MCPBA according to the procedure of step 2 of procedure A in example 18 gave 1.16 g (90%) of **52** as a yellow oil.

Step 4. 2-((2-Benzyl-4-methoxyphenylsulfonyl)methyl)-2-ethylhexanal (53)

35 Hydrogenation of 1.1 g of 52 according to the procedure of step 3 of procedure A of example 18 gave 53 as a yellow oil (1.1 g).

Step 5. (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (48), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (49)

A solution of 1.1 g of **53**, 0.36 g of potassium t-butoxide and 25 ml of anhydrous THF was held at reflux for 2 h and worked up as in step 4 of procedure A of example 18 to give 1.07 g of a crude product which was purified by HPLC to give 40 mg (4%) of **48** as crystals, mp 153-154 °C and 90 mg (8%) of **49** as solid, mp 136-140 °C.

15 Example 28

5-Phenyl-2,3-dihydrospirobenzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane (57)

Step 1. 1-(Hydroxymethyl)-cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (54)

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To a cold (0°C'mixture of 100 g (0.891 mole) of cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde, 76.5 g of 37% of formaldehyde in 225 ml of methanol was added dropwise 90 ml of 1 N Sodium hydroxide in 1 h. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature over 48 then was evaporated to remove methanol. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 75 g (59.7%) of thick oil. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Step 2. 1-(mesyloxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (55)

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To a cold (0°C' mixture of alcohol **54** (75 g, 0.54 mole) and 65.29 g (0.57 mole) of methanesulfonyl chloride in 80 ml of methylene chloride was added a solution of pyridine (47.96 g, 0.57 mole) in 40 ml of methylene

chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h then quenched with water, acidified with conc. HCl and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 91.63 g (77.8%) of thick oil. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

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Benzoylphenylthio)methyl)cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (56)

A mixture of 69 g (0.303 mole) of 2mercaptobenzophenone, 82 g (0.303 mole) of mesylate 55,
32 g of triethylamine, and 150 ml of diglyme was
stirred and held at reflux for 24 h. The mixture was
cooled, poured into dil. HCl and extracted with
methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with
10% NaOH, water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate
and concentrated under vacuum to remove excess diglyme.
This was purified by silica gel flush column (5% EtOAc:
Hexane) and gave 18.6 g (75.9%) of yellow oil. Proton
NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

25 Step 4. 5-Phenyl-2,3-dihydrospirobenzothiepine-3,1'cyclohexane (57)

To a mixture of 6.19 g of zinc dust and 100 ml of dry DME was added TiCl,(16.8 g, 0.108 mole). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 2 h. A solution of compound 56 (8.3 g, 0.023 mole) in 50 ml of DME was added dropwise to the reaction mixture in 1 h and the mixture was held at reflux for 18 h. The mixture was cooled, poured into water and extracted with ether. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate, filtered through celite and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc: Hexane) to give 4.6 g (64%) of white

solid, mp 90-91 °C. Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

5 Example 29

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8b-Phenyl-1a, 2, 3, 8b-tetrahydrospiro(benzothiepino[4, 5-b]oxirene-2, 1'-cyclohexane)-4, 4-dioxide (58)

To a solution of 57 (4.6 g, 15 mmole) in 50 ml chloroform under nitrogen was added 55% MCPBA (16.5 g, 52.6 mmole) portionwise with spatula. The reaction was held at reflux for 18 h and washed with 10% NaOH(3X), water, brine, and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 5 g of crude product. This was recrystallized from Hexane/EtOAc to give 4.31 g (81%) of yellow solid, mp 154-155 °C. Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

20 Example 30

trans-4-Hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro spiro(benzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane)-1,1-dioxide (59)

A mixture of 0.5 g (1.4 mmoles) of **58**, 20 ml of ethanol,10 ml of methylene chloride and 0.4 g of 10% Pd/C catalyst was hydrogenated with 70 psi hydrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The crude reaction slurry was filtered through Celite and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-Hexane, 25% EtOAc-Hexane). The first fraction was 300 mg (60%) as a white solid, mp 99-100 °C. Proton NMR showed this was a trans isomer. The second fraction gave 200 mg of solid which was impure cis isomer.

35 Example 31

cis-4-Hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro
spiro(benzothiepine-3,1'-cyclohexane)-1,1-dioxide (60)

To a solution of 0.2 g (0.56 mmole) of **59** in 20 ml of CH₂Cl₂, was added 8 g of 50% NaOH and one drop of Aliquat-336 (methyltricaprylylammonium chloride) phase transfer catalyst. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 h at room temperature. Twenty g of ice was added to the mixture and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x10 ml) washed with water, brine and dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to recover 0.15 g of crude product. This was recrystallized from Hexane/EtOAc to give 125 mg of white crystal, mp 209-210 °C . Proton and carbon NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the product.

Example 32

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine (61), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine (62)

To a solution of 0.5 g (1.47 mmole) of compound 47 in 5 ml of anhydrous THF was added 0.17 g (1.47 mmole) of 95% potassium t-butoxide. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h and quenched with 10 ml of 10% HCl. The organic was extracted into methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extract was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (2% EtOAc-hexane) to give 47 mg of 61 in the second fraction and 38 mg of 62 in the third fraction. Proton NMR and mass spectra were consistent with the assigned structures.

Example 33

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-amino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (63) and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-amino-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide(64)

An autoclave was charged with 200 mg of 37 in 40 cc ethanol and .02 g 10 % Pd/C. After purging with

nitrogen the clave was charged with 100 psi hydrogen and heated to 55 C. The reaction was monitored by TLC and mass spec and allowed to proceed until all of 37 was consumed. After the reaction was complete the catalyst was filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo and the only observable product was amine 63. This same procedure was used to produce 64 from 38.

10 Example 34

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (65), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (66).

Alkylation of e-methoxyphenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol in 35% yield. This material was converted to compound 65, mp 138.5-141.5 °C, and compound 66, mp 115.5-117.5 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 35

25 (3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (67), and (3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-5-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (68). 30 Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc. 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)phenol. This 35 material was converted to compound 67, mp 226.5-228 °C, and compound 68, mp 188-190°C, byu the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 36

(3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (69), and (3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (70).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 69 and compound 70 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

15 Example 37

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(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (71), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (72).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 3-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(3'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 71 and compound 72 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 38

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (73), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (74).

Alkylation of 4-methoxyphenol with 2-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methoxy-2-(2'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to

compound 73 and compound 74 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 39

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-7-bromo-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (75), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-7-bromo-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (76).

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Alkylation of 4-bromophenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-bromo-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 75, mp 97-101.5 °C, and compound 76, mp 102-106 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 40

20 (3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (77), and
(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (78).

Alkylation of 4-fluorophenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-fluoro-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 77, mp 228-230 °C, and compound 78, mp 134.5-139 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

35 Example 41

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-4-hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (79), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-7-fluoro-

40hydroxy-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (80).

Alkylation of 4-fluorophenol with 3-methoxybenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-fluoro-2-(3'-methoxybenzyl)phenol. This material was converted to compound 79, as a solid and compound 80, mp 153-155 °C, by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

Example 42

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(3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (81).

A mixture of 0.68 (1.66 mmol) of compound 77, 0.2 g (5 mmol) of sodium methanethiolate and 15 ml of anhydrous DMF was stirred at room temperature for 16 days. The reaction mixture was dilute with ether and washed with water and brine and dried over M_oSO₄. The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by HPLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The first fraction was impure (3a,4a,5a) 3-butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide. The second fraction was compound 81, mp 185-186.5 °C.

30 Example 43

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (82).

A mixture of 0.53 g (1.30 mmol) of compound 78 and 5 ml of pyrrolidine was held at reflux for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with ether and washed with water and brine and dried over MgSO4. The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was

crystallized from ether-hexanes to give compound 82, mp 174.5-177 °C.

Example 44

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(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-(1-morpholinyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (83).

A mixture of 0.4 g (0.98 mmol) of compound 78 and 5.0 g (56 mmol) of morpholine was held at reflux for 2 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ether (30 ml) and washed with water and brine and dried over M_oSO_4 . The ether solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from etherhexanes to give compound 83, mp 176.5-187.5 °C.

Example 45

(3a,4a,5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (84), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (85).

Alkylation of 4-methylphenol with 4-fluorobenzyl chloride according to the procedure described in J. Chem. Soc, 2431 (1958) gave 4-methyl-2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenol). This material was converted to compound 84 and compound 85 by the procedure similar to that in Example 18 method B.

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Example 46

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-7-methoxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (86), and (3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,7-dihydroxy-5-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (87).

To a solution of 0.52 (1.2 mmol) of compound 66 in 20 ml of methylene chloride was added 1.7 g (6.78 mmol) of born tribromide. The reaction mixture was cooled to -78 °C and was stirred for 4 min. An additional 0.3 ml of boron tribromide was added to the reaction mixture and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and quenced with 2 N HCl. The organic was extracted into ether. The ether layer was washed with brine, dried over M_oSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue (0.48 g) was purified by HPLC (30% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The first fraction was 0.11 g of compound 86 as a white solid, mp 171.5-173 °C. The second fraction was crystallized from chloroform to give 0.04 g of compound 87 as a white solid, mp 264 °C (dec).

Example 47

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-4,7-dihydroxy-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (88).

Reaction of compound 70 with excess boron tribromide at room temperature and worked up as in Example 46 gave compound 88 after an HPLC purification.

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Example 48

(3a,4b,5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-(1-azetidinyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (89).

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A mixture of 0.20 g (0.49 mmol) of compound 78, and 2.0 g (35 mmol) of aztidine was held at reflux for 3 h and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ether (30 ml) and washed with water and brine and dried over MgSO4. The ether solution was concentrated on a steam bath. The separated crystals were filtered to give 0.136 g of 89 as prisms, mp 196.5-199.5 °C.

Example 49

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(3a, 4a, 5a) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (90). (3a, 4b, 5b) 3-Butyl-3-ethyl-5-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide (91).

A mixture of 0.4 g (0.95 mmol) of compound 79, 0.08 g (1.14 mmol) of sodium methanethiclate and 15 ml of anhydrous DMF was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h. An additional 1.4 mmol of sodium methanethiclate was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for an additional 2 h. The reaction mixture was triturated with 100 ml of water and extracted methylene chloride. The methylene chloride water mixture was filtered through Celite and the methylene chloride layer was dried over M_oSO_o and concentrated in vacuo. The first fraction (0.1 g) was compound 90, mp 117-121 °C. The second fraction (0.16 g) was compound 91, mp 68-76 °C.

Example 50

Preparation of polyethyleneglycol functionalized benzothiepine $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$.

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No. 141

No.136

A 50 ml rb flash under a nitrogen atmospherewas charged with 0.54 g of M-Tres-5000 (Polyethyleneglycol 10 Tresylate [methoxy-PEG-Tres, MW 5000] purchased from Shearwater Polymers Inc., 2130 Memorial Parkway, SW, Huntsville, Alabama 35801), 0.055 g Compound No. 136, 0.326 C,CO, and 2cc anhydrous acetonitrile. The reaction was stirred at 30 C for 5 days and then the solution was 15 filtered to remove salts. Next, the acetonitrile was removed under vacuum and the product was dissolved in THF and then precipitated by addition of hexane. The polymer precipitate was isolate by filtration from the solvent mixture (THF/hexane). This precipitation procedure was 20 continued until no Compound No. 136 was detected in the precipitated product (by TLC SiO2). Next, the polymer precipitate was dissolved in water and filtered and the water soluble polymer was dialyzed for 48 hours through a cellulose dialysis tube (Spectrum® 7 ,45 mm \times 0.5 ft, cutoff 1,000 MW). The polymer solution was then removed from the dialysis tube and lyophilized until dried. The NMR was consistent with the desired product \underline{A} and gel permeation

chromatography indicated the presence of a 4500 MW polymer and also verified that no free Compound No. 136 was present. This material was active in the IBAT in vitro cell assay.

5 Example 51

Preparation of Compound 140

No. 140

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A 2-necked 50 ml round bottom Flask was charged with 0.42g of Tres-3400 (Polyethyleneglycol Tresylate [Tres-PEG-Tres,MW 3400] purchased from Shearwater Polymers Inc., 2130 Memorial Parkway, SW, Huntsville, Alabama 35801), 0.1 potassium carbonate, 0.100g of Compound No. 111 and 5 ml anhydrous DMF. Stir for 6 days at 27 °C. TLC indicated the disappearance of the starting

Compound No. 111. The solution was transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with 50 cc methylene chloride and then extracted with water. The organic layer was evaporated to dryness by means of a rotary evaporator. Dry wgt. 0.4875 g. Next, the polymer was dissolved in water and then dialyzed for 48 hours at 40 °C through a cellulose dialysis tube (spectrum® 7 ,45mm x 0.5 ft, cutoff 1,000 MW). The polymer solution was then removed from the dialysis tube and lyophilized until dried 0.341 g). NMR was consistent with the desired product B.

Example 52

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No. 134

A 10 cc vial was charged with 0.21 g of Compound No. 136 (0.5mmoles), 0.17g (1.3 mmoles)potassium carbonate, 0.6g (1.5 mmoles) of 1,2-bis-(2-iodoethoxy)-ethane and 10 cc DMF. The reaction was stirred for 4 days at room temperature and then worked up by washing with ether/water. The ether layer was stripped to dryness and the desired product Compound No. 134 was isolated on a silica gel column using 80/20 hexane ethyl acetate.

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Example 53

No. 112

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Example 54

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A two necked 25 ml round bottom Flask was charged with 0.5g (1.24mmoles) of 69462, 13 mls of anhydrous DMF, 0.055g of 60% NaH dispersion and 0.230g (0.62 mmoles) of 1,2-Bis [2-iodoethoxylethane] at 10 °C under nitogen. Next, the reaction was slowly heated to 40 °C. After 14 hours all of the Compound No. 113 was consumed and the reaction was cooled to room temperature and extracted with ether/water. The ether layer was evaporated to dryness and then chromatographed on Silicage (80/20 ethyl

acetate/hexane). Isolated Compound No. 112 (0.28 g) was characterized by NMR and mass spec.

Example 55

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No. 135

No. 136

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In a 50 ml round bottom Flask, add 0.7g (1.8 mmoles) of Compound No. 136, 0.621g of potassium carbonate, 6 ml DMF, and 0.33g of 1,2-Bis [2-iodoethoxylethane]. Stir at 40 °C under nitrogen for 12 hours. The workup and isolation was the same procedure for Compound No. 112.

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Examples 56 and 57 (Compound Nos. 131 and 137) The compositions of these compounds are shown in Table 3.

The same procedure as for Example 55 except appropriate 20 benzothiepine was used.

Example 58 (Compound No. 139)

The composition of this compound is shown in Table 3.

Same procedure as for Example 55 with appropriate

benzothiepine 1,6 diiodohexane was used instead of 1,2
Bis [2-iodoethoxylethane].

Example 59 (Compound No. 101)

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This compound is prepared by condensing the 7-NH₂ benzothiepine with the 1,12-dodecane dicarboxylic acid or acid halide.

Example 60 (Compound No. 104)

No. 104

2-Chloro-4-nitrobenzophenone is reduced with triethylsilane and trifluoromethane sulfonic acid to 2-chloro-4-nitrodiphenylmethane 32. Reaction of 32 with lithium sulfide followed by reacting the resulting sulfide with mesylate IV gives sulfide-aldehyde XXIII. Oxidation of XXIII with 2 equivalents of MCPBA yields sulfone-aldehyde XXIV (see Scheme 5). Reduction of the sulfone-aldehyde XXV formaldehyde and 100 psi hydrogen and 55 C for 12 hours catalyzed by palladium on carbon in the same reaction vessel yields the substituted dimethylamine derivative XXVIII. Cyclization of XXVII with potassium t-butoxide yields a mixture of substituted amino derivatives of this invention Compound No. 104.

Scheme 6

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Example 61

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No. 102

A 1 oz. Fisher-porter bottle was charged with 0.14 g (0.34 mmoles) of 70112, 0.97 gms (6.8 mmoles) of methyl iodide, and 7 ml of anhydrous acetonitrile. Heat to 50 °C for 4 days. The quat. Salt Compound No. 192 was isolated by concentrating to 1 cc acetonitrile and then precipitating with diethyl ether.

15 Example 62

No. 125

A 0.1 g (0.159 mmoles) sample of Compound No. 134 was dissolved in 15 ml of anhydrous acetonitrile in a Fischer-porter bottle and then trimethylamine was bubbled through the solution for 5 minutes at 0 °C and then capped and warmed to room temperature. The reaction was stirred overnight and the desired product was isolated by removing solvent by rotary evaporation.

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Example 63 (Compound No. 295)

No. 295

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No. 113

Sodium Hydride 60% (11 mg, 0.27 mmoles) in 1 cc of acetonitrile at 0 °C was reacted with 0.248 mmoles (.10 g) of Compound No. 54 in 2.5cc of acetonitrile at 0 °C. Next, 0.(980g 2.48 mmoles) of 1,2-Bis [2-iodoethoxylethane]. After warming to room temperature, stir for 14 hours. The product was isolated by column chromatography.

10 Example 64 (Compound No. 286)

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No. 286

Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 86, infra (see Compound No. 118), the title 15 compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid; mp 180-181 °C; ^{1}H NMR (CHC1,) d 0.85 (t, J = 6 Hz, $3H_{-}$, 0.92 (t, J = 6 Hz, 3H), 1.24-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.46-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.80 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.38 (m, 1H), 3.15 (AB, $J_{AB} = 15$ Hz, Dv = 42 Hz, 2H), 4.20 (d, J 20 = 8 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 6.46 (s, 1H),6.68 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.51 (m, 10H), 7.74 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H). FABMS m/z 494 (M+H), HRMS calcd for (M+H) 494.2001, found 494.1993. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₈H₃₁NO₅S: C, 68.13; H, 6.33; N, 2.84. Found: C, 25 68.19; H, 6.56; N, 2.74.

Example 65 (Compound No. 287)

No. 287

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Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 89, infra (see Compound No. 121), the title compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid: mp 245-246 °C, ¹H NMR (CDC1,) d 0.84 (t, J=6 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, J=6 Hz, 3H), 1.28, (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 1.32-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.48-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.80 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.36 (m, 1H), 3.09 (AB, $J_{AB}=15$ Hz, DV=42 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (bs, 2H), 4.15 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (s, 1H), 5.95 (s, 1H), 6.54 (d, J=7 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.53 (m, 5H), 7.88 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H); ESMS 366 (M+Li). Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{25}NO_3S$: C, 66.82; H, 7.01; N, 3.90. Found: C, 66.54; H, 7.20; N, 3.69.

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Example 66 (Compound No. 288)

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No. 288

Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 89, infra (see Compound No. 121), the title compound was prepared and purified by silica gel chromatography to give the desired product as a colorless solid: mp $185-186^{\circ}$ C; 1 H NMR (CDC1,) d1.12 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 3.00 (d, J = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (d, J = 15 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.97 (s, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 2.1, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.52 (m, 5H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). MS (FAB+) (M+H) m/z 332.

Example 67 (Compound No. 289)

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No. 289

Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 89 (see Compound No. 121), the title compound was prepared and purified by silica gel chromatography to give the desired product as a white solid: mp 205-206 °C; ¹H NMR (CDC1,) d 0.80-0.95 (m, 6H), 1.10-1.70 (m, 7H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 3.02 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 2H), 3.15 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, br, 2H), 4.14 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.94 (d, J = 2.2, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.50 (m, 6H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H). MS (FAB): m/z 388 (M+H).

Example 68 (Compound No. 290)

No. 290

Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 89, infra (see Compound No. 121), the title compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid: mp = 96-98 °C, 'H NMR (CDCl₁) d 0.92 (t, J = 7 Hz, 6H), 1.03-1.70 (m, 11H), 2.21 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (AB, J_{AB} =- 18 Hz, Dv = 38 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (bs, 2H), 4.14 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.94 (s, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.53 (m, 6H), 7.87 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H); FABMS m/z 416 (M+H).

15 Example 69

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No. 291

Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 86, infra (see Compound No. 118), the title compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid: 'H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.91 (t, J = 7 Hz, 6H), 1.02-1.52 (m, 11H), 1.60-1.70 (m, 1H), 2.23 (t, J = 8 Hz,

1H), 3.12 (AB, J_{AB} = 18 Hz, Dv = 36 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 6.65 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.52 (m, 10H), 7.74 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H); ESMS m/z 556 (M+Li).

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Example 70 (Compound No. 292)

No. 292

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Following a procedure similar to the one descried in Example 89, infra (see Compound No. 121), the title compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid: mp = $111-112.5^{\circ}$ C, 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.90 (t, J = 8 Hz, 6H), 1.03-1.50 (m, 10H), 1.55-1.70 (m, 2H), 2.18 (t, J = 12 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (AB, J_{AB} = 15 Hz, DV = 45 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (bs, 2H), 5.49 (s, 1H), 5.91 (s, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H).

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Example 71 (Compound No. 293)

No. 293

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During the preparation of Compound No. 290 from Compound No. 291 using BBr, the title compound was

isolated: ¹H NMR (CDC1₃) d 0.85 (t, J = 6 Hz, 6H), 0.98-1.60 (m, 10H), 1.50-1.66 (m, 2H), 2.16 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (AB, J_{AB} = 15 Hz, Dv = 41 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.26 (m, 10H), 7.83 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H); ESMS m/z 512 (M+Li).

Example 72 (Compound No. 294)

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Following a procedure similar to the one described in Example 60 (Compound No. 104), the title compound was prepared and purified as a colorless solid: 'H NMR (CDC1₃) d 0.90 (t, J = 6 Hz, 6H), 1.05-1.54 (m, 9H), 1.60-1.70 (m, 1H), 2.24 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 3.05 (AB, J_{AB} = 15 Hz, Dv = 42 Hz, 2H), 4.05-4.18 (m, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.45 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H); ESMS m/z 444 (M+H).

Structures of the compounds of Examples 33 to 72 are shown in Tables 3 and 3A.

Examples 73-79, 87, 88 and 91-102

Using in each instance a method generally described in those of Examples 1 to 72 appropriate to the substituents to be introduced, compounds were prepared having the structures set forth in Table 3. The starting materials illustrated in the reaction schemes shown above were varied in accordance with principles of organic synthesis well known to the art to introduce the indicated substituents in the 4- and 5- positions (R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶) and in the indicated position on the benzo ring (R³).

Structures of the the compounds produced in Examples 73-102 are set forth in Tables 3 and 3A.

Examples 80-84

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Preparation of 115, 116, 111, 113

Preparation of 4-chloro-3-[4-methoxy-phenylmethyl]-nitrobenzene.

In a 500 ml 2-necked rb flask weigh out 68.3 gms phosphorus pentachloride (0.328 mole 1.1 eq). Add 50 mls chlorobenzene. Slowly add 60 gms 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzoic acid (0.298 mole). Stir at room temp overnight under N2 then heat 1 hr at 50C.

Remove chlorobenzene by high vacuum. Wash residue with hexane. Dry wt=55.5 gms.

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In the same rb flask, dissolve acid chloride (55.5 g 0.25 mole) from above with 100 mls anisole (about 3.4 eq). Chill solution with ice bath while purging with N2. Slowly add 40.3g aluminum chloride (1.2 eq 0.3 mole). Stir under N_2 for 24 hrs.

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After 24 hrs, the solution was poured into 300 mls 1N HCl soln. (cold). Stir this for 15 min. Extract several times with diethyl ether. Extract organic layer once with 2% aqueous NaOH then twice with water. Dry organic layer with MgSO4, dry on vac line. Solid is washed well with ether and then ethanol before drying. Wt=34.57g (mixture of meta, ortho and para).

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Elemental	theory	found
С	57.65	57.45
н	3.46	5.51
N	4.8	4.8
Cl	12.15	12.16

With the next step of the reduction of the ketone with trifluoromethane sulfonic aid and triethyl silane, crystallization with ethyl acetate/hexane affords pure 4-chloro-3-[4-methoxy-phenylmethyl]-nitrobenzene.

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4-Chloro-3-[4-methoxy-phenylmethyl]-nitrobenzene was then reacted as specified in the synthesis of 117 and 118 from 2-chloro-4-nitrophenylmethane. From these procedures 115 and 116 can be synthesized. Compounds 111 and 113 can be synthesized from the procedure used to prepare compound 121.

Compound 114 can be prepared by reaction of 116 with ethyl mercaptan and aluminum trichloride.

Examples 85 and 86

Preparation of 117 and 118

2-Chloro-4-nitrobenzophenone is reduced with triethylsilane and trifluoromethane sulfonic acid to 2-chloro-4-nitrodiphenylmethane 32. Reaction of 32 with lithium sulfide followed by reacting the resulting sulfide with mesylate IV gives sulfide-aldehyde XXIII. Oxidation of XXIII with 2 equivalents of MCPBA yields sulfone-aldehyde XXIII. Oxidation of XXIII with 2 equivalents of MCPBA yields sulfone-aldehyde XXIV (see Scheme 5).

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The sulfone-aldehyde (31.8 g) was dissolved in ethanol/toluene and placed in a parr reactor with 100 ml toluene and 100 ml of ethanol and 3.2 g of 10% Pd/C and heated to 55 C and 100 psi of hydrogen gas for 14 hours. The reaction was then filtered to remove the catalyst. The amine product (.076 moles, 29.5 g) from this reaction was then reacted with benzyl chloroformate (27.4g) in toluene in the presence of 35 g of potassium carbonate and stirred at room

temperature overnight. After work up by extraction with water, the CBZ protected amine product was further purified by precipitation from toluene/hexane.

The CBZ protected amine product was then reacted with 3 equivalents of potassium t-butoxide in THF at 0 C to yield compounds 117 and 118 which were separated by silica gel column chromatography.

Examples 89 and 90

10 Preparation of 121 or 122

Compound 118 (.013 moles, 6.79g) is dissolved in 135 ml of dry chloroform and cooled to -78 C, next 1.85 ml of boron tribromide (4.9 g) was added and the reaction is allowed to warm to room temperature. Reaction is complete after 1.5 hours. The reaction is quenched by addition of 10% potassium carbonate at 0 C and extract with ether. Removal of ether yields compound 121. A similar procedure can be used to produce 122 from 117.

Examples 93-96

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Compounds 126, 127, 128 and 129 as set forth in Table 3 were prepared substantially in the manner described above for compounds 115, 116, 111 and 113, respectively, except that fluorobenzene was used as a starting material in place of anisole.

TABLE 3
Specific compounds (#102-111,113-130,132-134,136,138,142-144,262-296)

$$(R^{x})q = \frac{118}{117} \frac{117}{6} \frac{117}{8} \frac{117}{8} \frac{117}{117} \frac{117}{117}$$

-						···		
<u>.</u> _	Cp#	Rl	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R6	(R [≭]) q
	102	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph~	H-	I-, 7- (CH ₃) ₃ N ⁺ -
	103	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	I ⁻ , 7- (CH ₃) ₃ N ⁺ -
	104	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7- (CH ₃) 2N-
	105	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7- CH3SO2NH-
	106	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-Br-CH ₂₋ CONH-
	107	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	p-n-C ₁₀ H ₂₁ - -O-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
	108	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7- C5H11CONH-
	109	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-n-C ₁₀ H ₂₁ - -O-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
	110	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-CH3CONH-
	111	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	p-EO-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
	113	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-HO-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
	114	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-CH30-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
	115	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	p-CH3O-Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
	116	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-CH ₃ O-Ph-	H-	7-NH-CB2

85	117	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
86	118	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
87	119	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NHCO ₂ -t- Bu
88	120	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NHCO ₂ -t- Bu
89	121	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
90	122	n-Bu-	Et	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
91	123	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-n-C ₆ H ₁₃ - NH-
92	124	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-n-C ₆ H ₁₃ - NH-
62	125	Et-	n-Bu-	EO-	H-	Ph-	H-	I ⁻ , 8- (CH ₃) ₃ N ⁺ (CH ₂ CH ₂ O) ₃ -
93	126	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
94	127	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
95	128	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
96	129	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	н-	7-NH ₂ -
97	130	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	I ⁻ , 8- (CH ₃) ₃ N ⁺ C ₆ H ₁₂ O-
98	132	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	8-phthal- imidyl- C ₆ H ₁₂ O-
99	133	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	8-n-C ₁₀ H ₂₁ -
52	134	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H	8- I- (C ₂ H ₄ O) ₃ -
100	136	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	8- но-

101	138	n-Bu-	Et-	HO-	н-	Ph-	H-	8- CH3CO2-
49	90	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	Ħ -	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7 - 67 - 6
49	01							_
	91	Et-				m-CH3O-Ph-		7-CH3S-
48	89	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-(N)- azetidine
34	66	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-CH3O-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ 0-
34	65	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O-
35	68	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-CF3-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ O-
35	67	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	m-CF ₃ -Ph-	7-CH ₃ 0-
46	87	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-HO-Ph-	H-	7-HO-
46	86	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	н-	m-HO-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ O-
36	70	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ O-
36	69	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O-
47	88	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-HO-
39	76	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	H	7-Br-
39	75	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-Br-
40	77	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	E-	p-F-Ph-	7-F-
40	78	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-F-
41	79	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	m-CH3O-Ph-	7-F-
41	80	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	H-	7-F-
37	72	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	m-F-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ 0-
38	73	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	o-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O-
37	71	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	m-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O-

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38	74	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	o-F-Ph-	H-	7-CH30-
42	81	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-CH3S-
45	85	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-CH ₃ -
45	84	Et-	n-Bu-	H-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ -
44	83	· Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	н-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-(N)- morpholine.
43	8 2	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	н-	7-(N)~ pyrroli- dine
64	286	Et-	Et-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
65	287	Et-	Et-	HO-	E-	Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
66	288	CH3-	CH3-	HO-	E-	Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
67	289	n- C3H7-	n- C3H7-	HO-	H-	Ph-	E-	7-NH2-
68	290	n-Bu-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H -	7-NH ₂ -
69	291	n-Bu-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-NH-CBZ
70	292	n-Bu-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-F-Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
71	293	n-Bu-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-PhCH2N-
72	294	n-Bu-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	Ph-	H-	7-(CH ₃) ₂ N-
63	295	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	p-I- (C ₂ H ₄ O) ₃ - Ph-	H-	7-NH ₂ -
102	296	Et-	n-Bu-	HO-	H-	I ⁻ , p- (CH ₃) ₃ N ⁺ (C ₂ H ₄ O) ₃ -Ph-	H	7-NH ₂ -

TABLE 3A
Bridged Benzothiephenes (#101,112,131,135,137,139-141)

CPD #112 (Ex. 53)

CPD#131 (Ex. 56)

CPD #135 (Ex. 55)

CPD #137 (Ex. 57)

CPD #139 (Ex. 58)

Examples 104-231

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Using in each instance a method generally described in those of Examples 1 to 72 appropriate to the substituents to be introduced, including where necessary other common synthesis expedients well known to the art, compounds are prepared having the structures set forth in Table 4. The starting materials illustrated in the reaction schemes shown above are varied in accordance with principles of organic synthesis well known to the art in order to introduce the indicated substituents in the 4- and 5-positions (R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶) and in the indicated position on the benzo ring (R²).

TABLE 4
Alternative compounds #1 (#302-312, 314-430)

		
Cpd#	R ⁵	(R ^x) q
302	p-F-Ph-	7-(1-aziridine)
303	p-F-Ph-	7-Ets-
304	p-F-Ph-	7-CH3S (O) -
305	p-F-Ph-	7-CH3S (O) 2-
306	p-F-Ph-	7-Phs-
307	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ S-
308	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
309	p-F-Ph-	7-Et-
310	p-F-Ph-	7-iPr-
311	p-F-Ph-	7-t-Bu-
312	p-F-Ph-	7-(1-pyrazole)-
314	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-(1-azetidine)
315	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(1-aziridine)
316	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-EtS-
317	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-CH3S (O) -
318	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-CH ₃ S (O) ₂ -
319	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-PhS-

320	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-сн ₃ s- 9-сн ₃ s-
321	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-СН ₃ О- 9-СН ₃ О-
322	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-Et-
323	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-iPr-
324	m-CH ₃ O-Ph	7-t-Bu-
325	p-F-Ph-	6-СН ₃ О- 7-СН ₃ О- 8-СН ₃ О-
326	p-F-Ph-	7-(1-azetidine) 9-CH ₃ -
327	p-F-Ph-	7-EtS- 9-CH ₃ -
328	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ S (O) - 9-CH ₃ -
329	p-F-Ph-	7-Сн ₃ S (О) ₂ - 9-Сн ₃ -
330	p-F-Ph-	7-PhS- 9-CH ₃ -
331	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ -
332	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ -
333	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ - 9-CH ₃ -
334	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
335	p-F-Ph-	7-(1-pyrrole)
336	p-F-Ph-	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine

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337	p-F-Ph-	Ph-
338	p-F-Ph-	7-CH ₃ C (=CH ₂) -
339	p-F-Ph-	7-cyclpropyl
340	p-F-Ph-	7-(CH ₃) ₂ NH -
341	p-F-Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine 9-CH ₃ S-
342	p-F-Ph-	7-(N-pyrrolidine) 9-CH ₃ S-
343	p-F-Ph-	7-(CH ₃) ₂ N- 9-CH ₃ S-
344	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(1-pyrazole)
345	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(N)N'-methylpiperazine
346	m-CH3O-Ph-	Ph-
347	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-CH ₃ C (=CH ₂) -
348	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-cyclopropyl
349	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(CH ₃) ₂ NH -
350	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(N)-azetidine 9-CH ₃ S-
351	m-CH3O-Ph-	7-(N-pyrrolidine)-
		9-CH3S-
352	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(CH ₃) ₂ N- 9-CH ₃ S-
353	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	6-СН ₃ О- 7-СН ₃ О- 8-СН ₃ О-
354	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-(1-azetidine) 9-CH3-

355	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-Ets- 9-CH ₃ -
356	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-CH ₃ S (O) - 9-CH ₃ -
357	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-СH ₃ S (O) ₂ - 9-СH ₃ -
358	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-Phs- 9-CH ₃ -
359	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-СН ₃ S- 9-СН ₃ -
360	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-СН ₃ О- 9-СН ₃ -
361	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-СН ₃ - 9-СН ₃ -
362	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	7-СH ₃ O- 9-СH ₃ O-
363	thien-2-yl	7-(1-aziridine)
363 364	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-(1-aziridine) 7-EtS-
	_	
364	thien-2-yl	7-EtS-
364 365	thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)-
364 365 366	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)- 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ -
364 365 366 367	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)- 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ - 7-PhS- 7-CH ₃ S-
364 365 366 367 368	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)- 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ - 7-PhS- 7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ S-
364 365 366 367 368	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)- 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ - 7-PhS- 7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ S- 7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
364 365 366 367 368 369	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O)- 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ - 7-PhS- 7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ S- 7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371	thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl thien-2-yl	7-Ets- 7-CH ₃ S(O) - 7-CH ₃ S(O) ₂ - 7-PhS- 7-CH ₃ S- 9-CH ₃ S- 7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O- 7-Et- 7-iPr-

	•	
375	thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ S-
376	thien-2-yl	7-(1-azetidine)
377	thien-2-yl	7-Me-
	•	
378	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(1-azetidine)
379	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(1-aziridine)
380	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-EtS-
381	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH3S (O)-
382	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ S (O) ₂ -
383	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-PhS-
384	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ S-
		9-CH3S-
385	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
386	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-Et-
387	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-iPr-
388	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-t-Bu-
389	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH3O-
390	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH3S-
391	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-Me
392	thien-2-yl	7-(1-azetidine) 9-CH ₃ -
393	thien-2-yl	7-EtS- 9-CH ₃ -
394	thien-2-yl	7-СH ₃ S (O) - 9-СH ₃ -
395	thien-2-yl	7-СH ₃ S (O) ₂ - 9-СH ₃ -

396	thien-2-yl	7-Phs-
397	thien-2-yl	9-CH ₃ - 7-CH ₃ S-
		9-CH ₃ -
398	thien-2-yl	7-СH ₃ О- 9-СН ₃ -
399	thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ - 9-CH ₃ -
400	thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
401	thien-2-yl	7-(1-pyrazrole)
402	thien-2-yl	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
403	thien-2-yl	Ph-
404	thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ C (=CH ₂) -
405	thien-2-yl	7-cyclpropyl
406	thien-2-yl	7-(CH ₃) ₂ NH -
407	thien-2-yl	7-(N)-azetidine 9-CH ₃ S-
408	thien-2-yl	7-(N-pyrrolidine) 9-CH ₃ S-
409	thien-2-yl	7-(CH ₃) ₂ N- 9-CH ₃ S-
411	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(1-pyrazrole)
412	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(N)-N'-methylpiperazine
413	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	Ph-
414	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ C (=CH ₂)-
415	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-cyclopropy1
416	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(CH ₃) ₂ NH -

417	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(N)-azetidine 9-CH ₃ S-
418	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(N-pyrrolidine)-
		9-CH ₃ S-
419	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(CH ₃) ₂ N- 9-CH ₃ S-
420	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-(1-azetidine) 9-CH ₃ -
421	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-EtS- 9-CH ₃ -
422	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ S(O)- 9-CH ₃ -
423	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	"7-CH ₃ S (O) ₂ - 9-CH ₃ -
424	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-Phs- 9-CH ₃ -
425	5-C1-thien-2-yl	7-сн ₃ s- 9-сн ₃ -
426	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-сн ₃ 0- 9-сн ₃ -
427	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ - 9-CH ₃ -
428	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	7-CH ₃ O- 9-CH ₃ O-
429	thien-2-yl	6-сн ₃ 0- 7-сн ₃ 0- 8-сн ₃ 0-
430	5-Cl-thien-2-yl	6-СН ₃ О- 7-СН ₃ О- 8-СН ₃ О-

Examples 232-1394 .

Using in each instance a method generally described in those of Examples 1 to 72 appropriate to the substituents to be introduced, including where necessary other common synthesis expedients well known to the art, compounds are prepared having the structures set forth in Table 1. The starting materials illustrated in the reaction schemes shown above are varied in accordance with principles of organic synthesis well known to the art in order to introduce the indicated substituents in the 4- and 5-positions $(R^3,\ R^4,\ R^5,\ R^6)$ and in the indicated position on the benzo ring (R^8) .

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Example 1395

Dibutyl 4-fluorobenzene dialdehyde

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<u>Step 1:</u> Preparation of dibutyl 4-fluoro benzene dialdehyde

To a stirred solution of 17.5 g (123 mmol) of 2,5-difluorobenzaldehyde (Aldrich) in 615 mL of DMSO at ambient temperature was added 6.2 g (135 mmol) of lithium sulfide (Aldrich). The dark red solution was stirred at 75 C for 1.5 hours, or until the starting material was completely consumed, and then 34 g (135 mmol) of dibutyl mesylate aldehyde was added at about 50 C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 75 C for three hours or until the reaction was completed. The cooled solution was poured into water and extracted

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with ethyl acetate. The combined extracts were washed with water several times, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. Silica gel chromatographic purification of the crude product gave 23.6 g (59%) of fluorobenzene dialdehyde as a yellow oil: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.87 (t, J=7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.0-1.4 (m, 8H), 1.5-1.78 (m, 4H), 3.09 (s, 2H), 7.2-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.5-7.6 (m, 2H), 9.43 (s, 1H), 10.50 (d, J=2.62 Hz, 1H).

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Preparation of dibutyl 4-fluorobenzyl alcohol 10 Step 2: To a solution of 22.6 g (69:8 mmol) of the dialdehyde obtained from Step 1 in 650 mL of THF at -60 C was added 69.8 mL (69.8 mmol) of DIBAL (1M in THF) via a syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred at -40 C for 15 20 hours. To the cooled solution at -40 C was added sufficient amount of ethyl acetae to quench the excess of DIBAL, followed by 3 N HCl. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with water, dried (MgSO_s), and concentrated in vacuo. Silica gel 20 chromatographic purification of the crude product gave 13.5 g (58%) of recovered starting material, and 8.1 g (36%) of the desired fluorobenzyl alcohol as a colorless oil: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.88 (t, J = 7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.0-1.4 (m, 8H), 1.5-1.72 (m, 4H), 1.94 (br s, 25 1H), 3.03 (s, 2H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 6.96 (dt, J = 8.46, 3.02 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, J = 9.47, 2.82 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.67, 5.64, 1H), 9.40 (s, 1H).

Step 3: Preparation of dibutyl 4-fluorobenzyl bromide To a solution of 8.1 g (25 mmol) of benzyl alcohol obtained from Step 2 in 100 mL of DMF at -40 C was added 47 g (50 mmol) of bromotriphenyphosphonium bromide (Aldrich). The resulting solution was stirred cold for 30 min, then was allowed to warm to 0 C. To the mixture was added 10% solution of sodium sulfite and ethyl acetate. The extract was washed a few times with water, dried (MgSO4), and concentrated in vacuo.

The mixture was stirred in small amount of ethyl acetate/hexane mixture (1:4 ratio) and filtered through a pad of silica gel, eluting with same solvent mixture. The combined filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 9.5 g (98%) of the desired product as a colorless oil: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.88 (t, J=7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.0-1.4 (m, 8H), 1.55-1.78 (m, 4H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 7.02 (dt, J=8.46, 3.02 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J=9.47, 2.82 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J=8.67, 5.64, 1H), 9.45 (s, 1H).

Step 4: Preparation of sulfonyl 4-fluorobenzyl
bromide

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To a solution of 8.5 g (25 mmol) of sulfide obtained from Step 3 in 200 mL of CH_2Cl_2 at 0 $^{\circ}C$ was added 15.9 g 15 (60 mmol) of mCPBA (64% peracid). The resulting solution was stirred cold for 10 min, then was allowed to stirred ambient temperature for 5 hours. To the mixture was added 10% solution of sodium sulfite and 20 ethyl acetate. The extract was washed several times with saturated Na_2CO_3 , dried $(MgSO_4)$, and concentrated in vacuo to give 10.2 g (98%) of the desired product as a colorless oil: ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.91 (t, J = 7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.03-1.4 (m, 8H), 1.65-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.90-2.05 (m, 25 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 7.04-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J = 8.87, 2.42 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (dd, J = 8.86, 5.64, 1H), 9.49 (s, 1H).

Example 1396

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Generic Scheme X

Generic Scheme X: The nucleophilic substitution of an appropriately substituted 2-fluorobenzaldehyde with lithium sulfide or other nucleophilic sulfide anion in polar solvent (such as DMF, DMA, DMSO ..etc), followed by the addition of dialkyl mesylate aldehyde (X), provided a dialkyl benzene dialdehyde Y. DIBAL reduction of the dialdehyde at low temperature yielded benzyl alcohol monoaldehyde Z. Conversion of benzyl alcohol to benzyl bromide, followed by oxidation of sulfide to sulfone yielded the key intermediate W.

Preparation of N-propylsulfonic acid

15 To a solution of 51 mg (111 μ m) Compound X in ethanol (400 μ l) was added 1,3 propane sultone (19.5 μ l, 222 μm). The reaction was stirred in a sealed vial at 55 °C for 25 hr. Sample was concentrated under a nitrogen stream and purified by reversed phase chromatography 20 using acetonitrile/water as eluent (30-45%) and afforded the desired material as an off-white solid (28.4 mg, 44%): 'H NMR (CDCL,) d 0.82-0.96 (m, 6H), 1.11-1.52 (m of m, 10H), 1.58-1.72 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.21 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 3.02-3.22 (m)25 of m, 5H), 3.58-3.76 (m, 2H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 6.45-6.58 (m, 1H), 6.92-7.02 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.51 (m, 2H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H),8.12-8.25 (m, 1H); MS ES- M-H m/z 579.

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Example 1397

The 7-fluoro, 9-fluoro and 7,9-difluoro analogs of benzothiepine compounds of this invention can be reacted with sulfur and nitrogen nucleophiles to give the corresponding sulfur and nitrogen substituted analogs. The following example demonstrates the

synthesis of these analogs.

3,3-Dibutyl-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-7-methylthio-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothispine-1,1-dioxide.

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A mixture of 0.4 g Of 3,3-dibutyl-7-fluoro-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide, prepared by previously described method, 0.12 g of sodium methanethiolate and 20 ml of DMF was stirred at 50 C for 3 days. An additional 0.1 g of sodium methanethiolate was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred for additional 20 h at 50 C then was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with water and extracte with ether. The ether extract was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to 0.44 g of an oil. Purification by HPLC (10% EtOAc in hexane) gave 0.26 g of needles, mp 164-165.5%C.

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3,3-Dibutyl-9-dimethylamino-7-fluoro-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide and 7,9-Bis(dimethylamino)-3,3-dibutyl-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide.

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A solution of 0.105 g of 3,3-dibutyl-7,9-difluoro-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide, prepared by the method described previously, in 20 ml of 2 N dimethylamine in THF was heated at 160 C in a sealed Parr reactor overnight. The reaction mixture was cooled and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with 25 ml of water and extracted with ether. The ether extract was dried over ${\rm MgSO_4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The resdue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc in hexane) to give 35 mg of an earlier fraction which was identified as 3,3-dibutyl-9-dimethylamino-7-fluoro-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide, MS (CI) m/e 480 $(M^+ +1)$, and 29 mg of a later fraction which was identified as 7,9-bis(dimethylamino)-3,3-dibutyl-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-2,3,4,5tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide, MS (CI) m/e 505 $(M^+ + 1)$.

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The compounds of this invention can also be synthesized using cyclic sulfate (A, below) as the reagent as shown in the following scheme. The following example describes a procedure for using the cyclic sulfate as the reagent.

(R^x)_q

1.NaH, diglyme

$$(R^x)_q$$
 $(R^y)_p$

1.NaH, diglyme

 $(R^y)_p$

1.NaH, diglyme

 $(R^y)_p$

1.NaH, diglyme

 $(R^y)_p$

3. H₂SO₄

$$(R^{x})_{q}$$
 $(R^{y})_{p}$
 $(R^{y})_{p}$
 $(R^{y})_{p}$
 $(R^{y})_{p}$

Dibutyl cyclic sulfite:



A solution of 2,2-dibutyl-1,3-propandiol (103g, 0.548 mol) and triethylamine (221g, 2.19 mol) in anhydrous methylene chloride (500 ml) and was stirred at 0 degrees C under nitrogen. To the mixture, thionyl chloride (97.8 g, 0.82 mol) was added dropwise and within 5 min the solution turned yellow and then turned black when the addition was completed within half an hour. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hrs. GC showed that there was no starting material left. The mixture was washed with ice water twice then with brine twice. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give the cyclic sulfite 128 g (100%) as a black oil. Mass spectrum (MS) was consistent with the product.

To a solution of the above compound (127.5g , 0.54 mol) in 600 ml acetonitrile and 500 ml of water cooled in an ice bath under nitrogen was added ruthenium(III) chloride (1 g) and sodium periodate (233 g, 1.08 mol). The reaction was stirred overnight and the color of the solution turned black. GC showed that there was no starting material left. The mixture was extracted with 300 ml of ether and the ether extract was washed three times with brine. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and passed through celite. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and gave the cyclic sulfate 133 g (97.8%) as an oil. Proton, carbon NMR and MS were consistent with the product.

2-[(2-(4'-Fluorobenzyl)-4-methylphenylthio)methyl]-2-butylhexanol:

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Sodium hydride (60% oil dispersion), 0.27 g (6.68 mmole), was washed with hexane and the hexane wash was decanted. To the washed sodium hydride was added 20 ml of 2-methoxyethyl ether (diglyme) and the mixture was cooled in an ice bath. A solution of 1.55 g (6.68 mmole) of 2-(4'-fluorobenzyl)-4-methylbenzenethiol in 10 ml of 2-methoxyethyl ether was added dropwise to the reaction mixture in 15 min. A mixture of 2.17 g (8.68 mmole) of the dibutyl cyclic sulfate in 10 ml of 2methoxyethyl ether was added once and stirred for 30 min at 0 C then at room temperature for 1 hr under nitrogen. GC showed that there was no thiol left. The solvent was evaporated and triturated wth water then was extracted with ether twice. The water layer was separated, treated with 20 ml of 10% NaOH then was boiled for 30 min and cooled, acidified with 6N HCl and boiled for 10 min. The reaction mixture was cooled and extracted with ether. The organic layer was washed successively with water and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum to give 2.47 g (92.5%) of an oil. Proton NMR , $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR and MS were consistent with the product.

2-[(2-(4'-Fluorobenzyl)-4-methylphenylthio)methyl]-2-butylhexanal:

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To a solution of the above product (2 g , 4.9 mmol) in 40 ml methylene chloride cooled in an ice bath under nitrogen was added pyridinium chlorochromate (2.18 g, 9.9 mmol) at once. The reaction was stirred with 3 hrs and filtered through a bed of silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give 1.39 g (70%) of an oil. Proton, carbon NMR and MS were consistent with the product.

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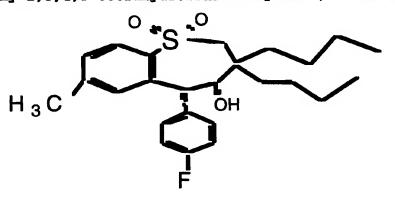
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2-[(2-(4'-Fluorobenzyl)-4methylphenylsulfonyl)methyl]-2-butylhexanal

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To a solution of the above product (0.44 g ,1.1 mmole) in 20 ml methylene chloride solution cooled in an ice bath under nitrogen was added 70% m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.54 g, 2.2 mmol) at once. The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hrs and filtered. The filtrate was washed successively with 10% NaOH (3X), water and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under vacum to give 0.42 g (90%) of an oil. Proton, carbon NMR and MS were consistent with the product.

3,3-Dibutyl-7-methyl-5a-(4'-fluorophenyl)-4ahydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzothiepine-1,1-dioxide:



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A mixture of 0.37 g (0.85 mmol) of the above product in 30 ml of anhydrous THF was stirred at 0 %C. Then potassium t-butoxide (102 mg, 0.85 mmol) was added. After 3 hrs, TLC showed that there was a product and some starting material left. The crude reaction mixture was acidified with 10% HCl and extracted with ether. The ether extract was washed successively with water and brine, dried with MgSO₄ and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by HPLC (10% EtOAc-Hexane). The first fraction was 0.1 g of starting material as an oil and the second fraction was a white solid, 0.27 g (75%). Proton NMR and carbon NMR were consistent with the desired product. Mass spectrum (CI)

also confirmed the product, m/e 433 (M^+ 1).

Example 1398

Step 1

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 $C_{14}H_{10}C1NO_4$ fw=291.69

In an inert atmosphere, weigh out 68.3 gms phosphorus pentachloride (0.328mole Aldrich 15,777-5) into a 2-necked 500ml round bottom flask. Fit flask with a N₂ inlet adapter and suba seal. Remove from inert atmosphere and begin N₂ purge. Add 50mls anhydrous chlorobenzene (Aldrich 28,451-3) to the PCl, via syringe and begin stirring with magnetic stir bar.

Weigh out 60 gms 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzoic acid (0.298 mole Aldrich 12,511-3). Slowly add to the chlorobenzene solution while under N₂ purge. Stir at room temperature overnight. After stirring at room temperature for ~20hrs, place in oil bath and heat at 50C for 1hr. Remove chlorobenzene by high vacuum. Wash residue with anhydrous hexane. Dry acid chloride wt=61.95gms. Store in inert and dry atmosphere.

In inert atmosphere, dissolve acid chloride with 105mls anhydrous anisole (0.97 mole Aldrich 29,629-5). Place solution in a 2-necked 500ml round bottom flask.

Weigh out 45.1gms aluminum chloride (0.34 moles Aldrich 29,471-3) and place in a solid addition funnel. Fit reaction flask with addition funnel and a N, inlet adapter. Remove from inert atmosphere. Chill reaction solution with ice bath and begin N, purge. Slowly add

AlCl, to chilled solution. After addition is complete, allow to warm to room temperature. Stir overnight .

Quench reaction by pouring into a solution of 300 mls 1N HCl and ice. Stir 15 min. Extract twice with ether. Combine organic layers and extract twice with 2% NaOH, then twice with deionized H₂O. Dry with MgSO₄, filter and rotovap to dryness. Remove anisole by high vacuum. Crystalize product from 90% ethanol 10% ethyl acetate. Dry on vacuum line. Wt=35.2gms. Yield 41%. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=292).

Step 2

 $C_{14}H_{12}C1NO_3$ fw=277.71

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Dissolve 38.10gms (0.131 moles) of the benzophenone from step 1 in 250mls anhydrous methylene chloride. Place in a 3 liter flask fitted with $N_{\rm z}$ inlet, addition funnel and stopper. Stir with magnetic stir bar. Chill solution with ice bath.

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Prepare a solution of 39.32 gms trifluoromethane sulfonic acid (0.262 mole Aldrich 15,853-4) and 170 mls anhydrous methylene chloride. Place in addition funnel and add dropwise to chilled solution under N_2 . Stir 5 minutes after addition is complete.

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Prepare a solution of 22.85 gms triethyl silane (0.197mole Aldrich 23,019-7) and 170mls anhydrous methylene chloride. Place in addition funnel and add dropwise to chilled solution under N_2 . Stir 5 minutes after addition is complete.

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Prepare a second solution of 39.32 gms trifluoromethane sulfonic acid and 170mls anhydrous

methylene chloride. Place in addition funnel and add dropwise to chilled solution under N_2 . Stir 5 minutes after addition is complete.

Prepare a second solution of 22.85 gms triethyl silane and 170mls anhydrous methylene chloride. Place in addition funnel and add dropwise to chilled solution under N₂. After all additions are made allow to slowly warm to room temperature overnight. Stir under N₂ overnight.

Prepare 1300 mls saturated NaHCO, in a 4 liter beaker. Chill with ice bath. While stirring vigorously, slowly add reaction mixture. Stir at chilled temperature for 30 min. Pour into a separatory funnel and allow separation. Remove organic layer and extract aqueous layer 2 times with methylene chloride. Dry organic layers with MgSO4. Crystallize from ethanol. Dry on vacuum line. Dry wt=28.8gms. Confirm by NMR and mass spec (m/z=278).

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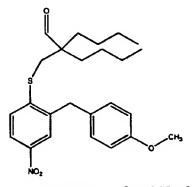
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Step 3



 $C_{25}H_{33}NO_4S$ fw=443.61

Dissolve 10.12 gms (0.036 moles) of product 2 with 200 mls anhydrous DMSO. Place in a 500 ml round bottom flask with magnetic stir bar. Fit flask with water condenser, N₂ inlet, and stopper. Add 1.84 gms Li₂S (0.040 moles Aldrich 21,324-1). Place flask in oil bath and heat at 75°C under N₂ overnight then cool to

room temperature. .

Weigh out 10.59 gms dibutyl mesylate (0.040 moles). Dissolve with anhydrous DMSO and add to reaction solution. Purge well with N_2 , heat overnight at 80°C .

Cool to room temperature. Prepare 500 mls of 5% acetic acid in a 2 liter beaker. While stirring, slowly add reaction mixture. Stir 30 min. Extract with ether 3 times. Combine organic layers and extract with water and sat'd NaCl. Dry organic layer with MgSO₄, filter and rotovap to dryness. Dry oil on vacuum line. Obtain pure product by column chromatography using 95% hexane and 5% ethyl acetate as the mobile phase. Dry wt=7.8 gms. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=444).

Step 4

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 $C_{25}H_{13}NO_6S$ fw=475.61

Dissolve 9.33 gms (0.021 moles) of product 3 with 120 mls anhydrous methylene chloride. Place in a 250 ml round bottom flask with magnetic stir bar. Fit flask with N₂ inlet and stopper. Chill solution with ice bath under N₂ purge. Slowly add 11.54 gms 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.0435 moles, Fluka 25800, ~65%). After addition is complete warm to room temperature and monitor reaction by TLC. Reaction goes

quickly to the sulphoxide intermediate but takes 8 hrs to convert to the sulphone. Chill solution over night in freezer. Filter solid from reaction, extract filtrate with 10% K,CO,. Extract aqueous layer twice with methylene choride. Combine organic layers and dry with MgSO₄. Filter and rotovap to dryness. Obtain pure product by crystallizing from ethanol or isolating by column chromatography. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=476).

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Step 5

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Reaction is done in a 300 ml stainless steel Parr stirred mini reactor. Place 9.68 gms (0.0204 moles) of product 4 in reactor base. Add 160 mls ethanol. For safety reasons next two compounds are added in a N₂ atmosphere glove bag. In glove bag, add 15.3 mls formaldehyde (0.204 moles, Aldrich 25,254-9, about 37 wt% in water) and 1.45 gms 10% Pd/Carbon (Aldrich 20,569-9). Seal reactor before removing from glove bag. Purge reactor three times with H₂. Heat to 55°C under H₂. Run reaction at 200 psig H₂, 55°C, and a stir rate of 250 rpm. Run overnight under these conditions.

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Cool reactor and vent H_2 . Purge with N_2 . Check progress of run by TLC. Reaction is a mixture of desired product and intermediate. Filter reaction

mixture over a bed of celite washing well with ether.

Rotovap and redissolve with ether. Extract with water.

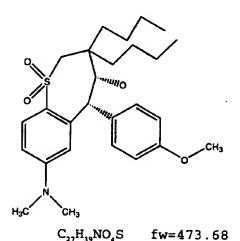
Dry organic layer with MgSO₄, filter and rotovap to dryness. Dry on vacuum line.

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Charge reactor again with same amounts, seal reactor and run overnight under same conditions. After second run all of the material has been converted to the desired product. Cool and vent H, pressure. Purge with N₂. Filter over a bed of celite, washing well with ether. Rotovap to dryness. Dissolve with ether and extract with water. Dry organic layer with MgSO₄, filter and rotovap to dryness. Dry on vacuum line. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=474).

15 Step 6



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Dissolve 8.97 gms (0.0189 mole) of product 5 with 135 mls anhydrous THF. Place in a 250 ml round bottom flask with magnetic stir bar. Fit flask with N, inlet and stopper. Chill solution with ice/salt bath under N, purge. Slowly add 2.55 gms potassium t-butoxide (0.227 mole Aldrich 15,667-1). After addition is complete, continue to stir at -10°C monitoring by TLC. Once reaction is complete, quench by adding 135 mls 10% HCl stirring 10 min. Extract three times with

ether. Dry organic layer with MgSO, filter and rotovap to dryness. Crystallize from ether. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=474).

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Step 7

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Dissolve 4.67 gms (0.01 moles) of product 6 with 100 mls anhydrous chloroform. Place in a 250 ml round bottom flask with magnetic stir bar. Fit flask with N, inlet adapter and suba seal. Chill solution with dry ice /acetone bath under a N, purge. Slowly add, via syringe, 2.84 mls boron tribromide (0.03 moles Aldrich 20,220-7). Stir at cold temperature for 15 min after addition then allow to warm to room temperature. Monitor reaction progress by TLC. Reaction is usually complete in 3 hrs.

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Chill solution with ice bath. Quench with 100 mls 10% K₂CO, while stirring rapidly. Stir 10 min. then transfer to sep funnel and allow separation. Remove aqueous layer. Extract organic layer once with 10% HCl, once H₂O, and once with saturated NaCl solution. Dry organic layer with MgSO₄, filter and rotovap to dryness. Crystallize product from ether. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=460).

Step 8

 $C_{32}H_{48}NO_{6}SI$ fw=701.71

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Weigh 0.38 gms NaH (9.57 mmoles Aldrich 19,923-0 60% disp. in mineral oil) in a 250 ml round bottom flask with magnetic stir bar. Fit flask with N_2 inlet and stopper. Chill NaH with ice bath and begin N_2 purge.

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Dissolve 4.0 gms (8.7 mmoles) of product 7 with 60 mls anhydrous DMF. Add to the cold NaH. Stir at cold temperature for 30 min. Add 1.33 gms K_2CO_3 (9.57 mmoles Fisher P-208).

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Dissolve 16.1 gms 1,2-bis-(2-iodoethoxy)ethane (43.5 mmoles Aldrich 33,343-3) with 60 mls anhydrous DMF. Add to cold reaction mixture. Warm to room temperature then heat to 40° C overnight under N₂.

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Cleanup by diluting with ether and extracting sequentially with 5% NaOH, $\rm H_2O$, and saturated NaCl. Dry organic layer with MgSO₄, filter and dry. Obtain pure product by column chromatography using 75% hexane 25% ethyl acetate as the mobile phase. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=702).

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Step 9

 $C_{38}H_{63}N_{2}O_{6}SI$ fw=802.90

Dissolve 1.0 gms (1.43 mmoles) of product 8 with 10 mls anhydrous acetonitrile. Place in a 3 ounce Fischer-Porter pressure reaction vessel with magnetic stir bar. Add 2.9 gms triethyl amine (28.6 mmoles Aldrich 23,962-3) dissolved in 10 mls anhydrous acetonitrile. Purge well with N₂ then close system. Heat at 45°C. Monitor reaction by TLC. Reaction is usually complete in 48 hrs.

Perform cleanup by removing acetonitrile under vacuum. Redissolve with anhydrous chloroform and precipitate quaternary ammonium salt with ether. Repeat several times. Dry to obtain crystalline product. Obtain NMR and mass spec (m/z=675).

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Example 1399

Step 1. Preparation of 1

5 To a solution of 144 g of KOH (2560 mmol) in 1.1 L of DMSO was added 120 g of 2-bromobenzyl alcohol (641 mmol) slowly via addition funnel. Then was added 182 g of methyliodide (80 mL, 1282 mmol) via addition funnel. Stirred at ambient temperature for fifteen minutes. 10 Poured reaction contents into 1.0 L of water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. Purified by silica-gel chromatography through a 200 mL plug using hexanes (100%) as elutant yielded 103.2 g 15 (80%) of 1 as a clear colorless liquid. H NMR (CDCl,) d 3.39 (s, 3H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 7.18-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.45, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H).

Step 2. Preparation of 2

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To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of 95 g (472 mmol) of 1 in 1.5 L THF was added 240 mL of 2.5 M n-butyl lithium (576 mmol). The mixture was stirred for one hour, and then to it was added 180 g of zinc iodide (566 mmol) dissolved in 500 ml THF. The mixture was stirred thirty minutes, allowed to warm to 5 C, cooled to -10 °C and to it was added 6 g of Pd(PPh₁), (5.2 mmol) and 125 g 2,5-difluorobenzoyl chloride (708 mmol). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18

hoursand then cooled to 10 °C, quenched with water, partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and washed organic layer with 1N HCL and with 1N NaOH. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-500) using 5% ethyl acetate/hexanes as elutant gave 53.6 g (43 %) of 2 as an orange oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) d 3.40 (s, 3H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 7.12-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.50, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.45, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.45, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H).

Step 3. Preparation of 3

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A solution of 53 g (202.3 mmol) of 2 and 11.2 g Li2S (242.8 mmol) in 250 mL DMF was heated to 100 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 18 hours. The reaction was cooled (0 °C) and 60.7 g of X' (the cyclic sulfate compound of example 1397) (242.8 mmol) in 50 mL DMF was added. Stirred at ambient temperature for 18 hours then condensed in vacuo. Added 1 L water to organic residue and extracted twice with diethyl ether. Aqueous layer acidified (pH 1) and refluxed 2 days. Cooled to ambient temperature and extracted with methylene chloride, dried organic layer over MgSO, and condensed in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-500) using 10% ethyl acetate / hexanes as elutant gave 42.9 g (48 %) of 3 as a yellow oil. H NMR (CDC1,) d 0.86 (t, J = 7.25Hz, 6H), 1.10 - 1.26 (m, 12H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 4.48 (s, 3H), 7.02 (dd, J = 8.26 Hz and 2.82 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dt, J = 8.19 Hz and 2.82 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.65 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.69(d, J = 7.85 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H).

Step 4. Preparation of 4

To a cooled (-40 $^{\circ}$ C) solution of 42.9 g (96.2 mmol) of 5 3 in 200 mL of methylene chloride was added 21.6 g trifluoromethane sulfonic acid (12.8 mL, 144 mmol) followed by the addition of 22.4 g triethyl silane (30.7 mL, 192.4 mmol). Stirred at -20 °C for two hours, 10 quenched with water and warmed to ambient temperature. Partitioned between methylene chloride and water, dried the organic layer over MgSO, and condensed in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-500) using 10% ethyl acetate/ hexanes as 15 elutant gave 24.2 g (60%) of 4 as a oil. H NMR (CDCl,) d 0.89 (t, J = 7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.17 - 1.40 (m, 12H), 1.46 (t, J = 5.84 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (s, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.43(d, J = 5.23 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 6.80(d, J = 9.67 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (t, J = 8.46 Hz, 1H), 7.0920 (d, J = 7.45 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.25 - 7.32(m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 1H).

Step 5. Preparation of 5

To a cooled (15-18 °C) solution of 24.2 g (55.8 mmol) of 4 in 100 mL DMSO was added 31.2 g sulfur trioxide pyridine complex (195 mmol). Stirred at ambient temperature for thirty minutes. Poured into cold water

and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. Washed organics with 5% HCl (300 mL) and then with brine (300 mL), dired organics over MgSO, and condensed in vacuo to give 23.1 g (96 %) of $\bf 5$ as a light brown oil. H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.87 (t, J = 7.05 Hz, 6H), 1.01 - 1.32 (m, 8H), 1.53 - 1.65 (m, 4H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 6.81 (dd, J = 9.66 Hz and 2.82 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (t, J = 8.62 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.46 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.65 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.66 Hz and 5.64 Hz, 1H), 9.40 (s, 1H).

Step 6. Preparation of 6

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To a cooled (0 °C) solution of 23.1 g (53.6 mmol) of 5 in 200 mL methylene chloride was added 28.6 g meta cholorperoxy-benzoic acid (112.6 mmol). Stirred at ambient temperature for 24 hours. Quenched with 100 mL 10% Na₂SO₃, partitioned between water and methylene chloride. Dried organic layer over MgSO₄ and condensed in vacuo to give 24.5 g (98%) of 6 as a light yellow oil. H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.86 - 1.29 (m, 14H), 1.58 - 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.82 - 1.91 (m, 2H), 3.13 (s, 2H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 9.07 Hz, 1H), 7.10 - 7.33 (m, 5H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 9.38 (s, 1H).

Step 7. Preparartion of 7

To a solution of 24.5 g (52.9 mmol) of 6 in 20 mL of THF contained in a stainless steel reaction vessel was added 100 mL of a 2.0 M solution of dimethyl amine and 20 mL of neat dimethyl amine. The vessel was sealed and heated to 110 °C for 16 hours. The reaction vessel was cooled to ambient temperature and the contents concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-500) using 15 % ethyl acetate/hexanes gave 21.8 g (84 %) of 7 as a clear colorless oil. H NMR (CDCl₁) d 0.85 (t, J = 7.25 Hz, 6H), 0.93 - 1.29 (m, 8H), 1.49 - 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.70 -1.80 (m, 2H), 2.98 (s, 8H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J = 9.0 Hz and 2.61 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.45 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.85 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.06 Hz, 1H), 9.36 (s, 1H).

20 Step 8. Preparation of 8

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A solution of 21.8 g (44.8 mmol) of 7 in 600 mL of THF was cooled to 0 °C. 58.2 mL of a 1 M solution of potassium

t-butoxide was added slowly, maintaining the temperature at <5 °C. Stirred for 30 minutes, then

quenched with 50 mL of saturated ammonium chloride. The organic layer was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by recrystalization from ~10% ethyl acetate/hexanes gave 15.1 g of 8 as a white solid. The mother liquor was purified by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-500) using 30% ethyl acetate/hexanes as the elutant to give 3.0 g of 8 as a white solid. MS (FABLi) m/e 494.6. HRMS (EI) calculated for M+H 487.2756. Found 487.2746.

Step 9. Preparation of 9

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A solution of 2.0 g (4.1 mmol) of 8 in 20 mL of methylene chloride was cooled to -60 °C. 4.1 mL of a 1M solution of boron tribromide was added. Stirred at ambient temperature for thirty minutes. Cooled reaction to ~10 °C and quenched with 50 mL of water. The organic layer was partitioned between methylene chloride and water, dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by recrystalization from 50% ethyl acetate/methylene chloride gave 1.95 g (89%) of 9 as a white solid. MS (FABH) m/e 537. HRMS (FAB) calculated for M 536.1834. Found 536.1822.

Step 10. Preparation of 10

A solution of 1.09 g (2.0 mmol) of 9 and 4.9 g (62 mmol) of pyridine in 30 mL of acetonitrile was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 hours. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo. Purification by recrystallization from methanol/ diethyl ether gave 1.19 g (96%) of 10 as an off white solid. MS (FAB') m/e 535.5.

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Example 1398

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Step 1. Preparation of 2

5 To a solution of 6.0 g of dibutyl 4-fluorobenzene dialdehyde of Example 1395 (14.3 mmol) in 72 mL of toluene and 54 mL of ethanol was added 4.7 g 3nitrobenzeneboronic acid (28.6 mmol), 0.8 g of tetrakis (triphenylphosphine) palladium(0) (0.7 mmol) and 45 mL 10 of a 2 M solution of sodium carbonate in water. This heterogeneous mixture was refluxed for three hours. then cooled to ambient temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was dried over MgSO, and concentrated in vacuo. 15 Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-2000) using ethyl acetate/hexanes (25/75) gave 4.8 g (73%) of the title compound as a yellow solid. 'H NMR

(CDCl₃) d 0.88 (t, J = 7.45 Hz, 6H), 0.99-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.62-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.85-2.00 (m, 2H), 3.20 (s, 2H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 6.93 (dd, J = 10.5 and 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dt, J = 8.4 and 2.85 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.59 (m, 2H), 8.05-8.16 (m, 3H), 9.40 (s, 1H).

Step 3. Preparation of 3

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A solution of 4.8 g (10.4 mmol) of 2 in 500 mL THF was cooled to 0 °C in an ice bath. 20 mL of a 1 M solution of potassium t-butoxide was added slowly, maintaining the temperature at <5 °C. Stirring was continued for 30 minutes, then the reaction was quenched with 100 mL of saturated ammonium chloride. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water; the organic layer was washed with brine, then dried (MgSO,) and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography through a 100 ml plug using CH,Cl, as eluent yielded 4.3 g (90%) of 3 as a pale yellow foam. ¹H NMR (CDCl₁) d 0.93 (t, J = 7.25 Hz, 6H), 1.00-1.55 (m, 8H), 1.59-1.74 (m, 3H), 2.15-2.95 (m, 1H), 3.16 $(q_{AB}, J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}, \Delta V = 33.2 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 4.17 (d, J = 10.0 \text{ Hz})$ 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J=9.6 and 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dt, J = 8.5 and 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J =8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (dd, J =9.9 and 3.6 Hz, 1H), 8.23-8.30 (m, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H). MS(FABH+) m/e (relative intensity) 464.5 (100), 446.6 (65). HRMS calculated for M+H 464.1907. 464.1905.

Step 4. Preparation of 4

5 To a cooled (0 °C) solution of 4.3 g (9.3 mmol) of 3 in 30 ml THF contained in a stainless steel reaction vessel was added 8.2 g dimethyl amine (182 mmol). vessel was sealed and heated to 110 °C for 16 hours. The reaction vessel was cooled to ambient temperature 10 and the contents concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography (Waters Prep-2000) using an ethyl acetate/hexanes gradient (10-40% ethyl acetate) gave 4.0 g (88%) of 4 as a yellow solid. H NMR (CDCl,) d 0.80-0.95 (m, 6H), 0.96-1.53 (m, 8H), 15 1.60-1.69 (m, 3H), 2.11-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.79 (s, 6H), 3.09 $(q_{AB}, J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}, DV = 45.6 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 4.90 (d, J)$ = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H),6.52 (dd, J = 9.6 and 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.80 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 20 1H), 8.20 (dd, J = 8.4 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H). MS(FABH⁺) m/e (relative intensity) 489.6 (100), 471.5 (25). HRMS calculated for M+H 489.2423. Found

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489.2456.

Step 5. Preparation of 5

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To a suspension of 1.0 g (2.1 mmol) of 4 in 100 ml ethanol in a stainless steel Parr reactor was added 1 g 10% palladium on carbon. The reaction vessel was sealed, purged twice with H_2 , then charged with H_2 (100 psi) and heated to 45 °C for six hours. The reaction vessel was cooled to ambient temperature and the contents filtered to remove the catalyst. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 0.9 g (96%) of 5. H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.80-0.98 (m, 6H), 1.00-1.52 (m, 10H), 1.52-1.69 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.83 (s, 6H), $3.07 (q_{AB}, J_{AB} = 15.1 Hz, DV = 44.2 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s,$ 2H), 4.14 (s, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 6.09 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 12.2 and 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J =7.8 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.50Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H). MS(FABH⁺) m/e (relative intensity) 459.7 (100). HRMS calculated for M+H 459.2681. Found 459.2670.

Step 6. Preparation of 6

To a solution of 914 mg (2.0 mmol) of 5 in 50 ml THF was added 800 mg (4.0 mmol) 5-bromovaleroyl chloride. Next was added 4 g (39.6 mmol) TEA. The reaction was stirred 10 minutes, then partitioned between ethyl acetate and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography through a 70 ml MPLC column using a gradient of ethyl acetate(20-50%) in hexane as eluent yielded 0.9 g (73%) of 6 as a pale yellow oil. 'H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.84-0.95 (m, 6H), 1.02-1.53 (m, 10H), 1.53-1.68 (m, 1H), 1.80-2.00 (m, 4H), 2.12-2.26 (m, 4H), 2.38 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 3.07 (q_{AB} , $J_{AB} = 15.6 \text{ Hz}, DV = 40.4 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 3.43 (t, J = 6.9 \text{ Hz},$ 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 9.3 and 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 1H).

Step 7. Preparation of 7

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To a solution of 0.9 g (1.45 mmol) of **6** in 25 ml acetonitrile add 18 g (178 mmol) TEA. Heat at 55 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by reverse-phase silica gel chromatography (Waters Delta Prep 3000) using an acetonitrile /water

Step 6. Preparation of 6

To a solution of 914 mg (2.0 mmol) of 5 in 50 ml THF was added 800 mg (4.0 mmol) 5-bromovaleroyl chloride. Next was added 4 g (39.6 mmol) TEA. The reaction was stirred 10 minutes, then partitioned between ethyl acetate and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO,) and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by silica gel chromatography through a 70 ml MPLC column using a gradient of ethyl acetate(20-50%) in hexane as eluent yielded 0.9 g (73%) of 6 as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) d 0.84-0.95 (m, 6H), 1.02-1.53 (m, 10H), 1.53-1.68 (m, 1H), 1.80-2.00 (m, 4H), 2.12-2.26 (m, 4H), 2.38 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 3.07 (q_{AB} , $J_{AB} = 15.6 \text{ Hz}, DV = 40.4 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 3.43 (t, J = 6.9 \text{ Hz},$ 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 2.4 H2, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 9.3 and 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J= 9.0 Hz, 1H).

Step 7. Preparation of 7

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To a solution of 0.9 g (1.45 mmol) of **6** in 25 ml acetonitrile add 18 g (178 mmol) TEA. Heat at 55 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by reverse-phase silica gel chromatography (Waters Delta Prep 3000) using an acetonitrile /water

gradient containing 0.05% TFA (20-65% acetonitrile) gave 0.8 g (73%) of 7 as a white foam. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl,) d 0.80-0.96 (m, 6H), 0.99-1.54 (m, 19H), 1.59-1.84 (m, 3H), 2.09-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.81 (s, 6H), 3.09 (q_{AB} , J_{AB} = 15.6 Hz, DV = 18.5 Hz, 2H), 3.13-3.31 (m, 8H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 6.08 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J = 9.3 and 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 9.22 (s, 1H). HRMS calcd 642.4304; observed 642.4343.

Example 1400

15 Step 1

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 $C_{14}H_{13}O_2F$ fw=232.25

A 12-liter, 4-neck round-bottom flask was equipped with

reflux condenser, N₂ gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and an addition funnel. The system was purged with N₂. A slurry of sodium hydride (126.0g/4.988mol) in toluene (2.5 L) was added, and the mixture was cooled to 6 C. A solution of 4-fluorophenol (560.5g/5.000mol) in toluene (2.5 L) was added via addition funnel over a period of 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux (100 C) for 1h. A solution of 3-methoxybenzyl chloride (783.0g/5.000mol) in toluene (750 mL) was added via addition funnel while maintaining reflux. After 15 h. refluxing, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into H₂O (2.5 L). After 20 min.

layer was extracted with a solution of potassium

stirring, the layers were separated, and the organic

hydroxide (720g) in MeOH (2.5 L). The MeOH layer was added to 20% aqueous potassium hydroxide, and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. The mixture was then washed 5 times with toluene. The toluene washes were extracted with 20% aq. KOH. All 20% aq. KOH solutions were combined and acidified with concentrated HCl. The acidic solution was extracted three times with ethyl ether, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by Kugelrohr distillation to give a clear, colorless oil (449.0g/39% yield). b.p.: 120-130 C/50mtorrHg. 1 H NMR and MS [(M + H) $^+$ = 233] confirmed desired structure.

Step 2

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 $C_{17}H_{18}NO_2FS$ fw=319.39

A 12-liter, 3-neck round-bottom flask was fitted with mechanical stirrer and N_2 gas adaptor. The system was purged with N_2 . 4-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-phenol (455.5g/1.96lmol) and dimethylformamide were added. The solution was cooled to 6 C, and sodium hydride (55.5g/2.197mol) was added slowly. After warming to room temperature, dimethylthiccarbamoyl chloride (242.4g/1.96lmol) was added. After 15 h, the reaction mixture was poured into H_2O (4.0 L), and extracted two times with ethyl ether. The combined organic layers were washed with H_2O and saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give

the product (605.3g, 97% yield). ^{1}H NMR and MS [(M+H) $^{+}$ = 320] confirm desired structure.

5 Step 3

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 $C_{14}H_{13}OFS$ fw=248.32

A 12-liter, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and reflux condenser. system was purged with N_2 . 4-Fluoro-2-(3methoxybenzyl)-phenyldimethylthiocarbamate (605.3g/1.895mol) and phenyl ether (2.0kg) were added, and the solution was heated to reflux for 2 h. The mixture was stirred for 64 h. at room temparature and then heated to reflux for 2 h. After cooling to room temperature, MeOH (2.0 L) and THF (2.0 L) were added, and the solution was stirred for 15 h. Potassium hydroxide (425.9g/7.590mol) was added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 4 h. After cooling to room temparature, the mixture was concentrated by rotavap, dissolved in ethyl ether (1.0 L), and extracted with $\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$. The aqueous extracts were combined, acidified with concentrated HCl, and extracted with ethyl ether. The ether extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give an amber oil (463.0g, 98% yield). 1H NMR confirmed desired structure.

Step 4

 $C_{25}H_{35}O_{2}FS$ fw=418.61

A 5-liter, 3-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with ${\rm N}_{\rm 2}$ gas adaptor and mechanical stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . 4-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)thiophenol (100.0g/403.2mmol) and 2-methoxyethyl ether (1.0 L) were added and the solution was cooled to 0 C. Sodium hydride (9.68g/383.2mmol) was added slowly, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temparature, 2,2-Dibutylpropylene sulfate (110.89g/443.6mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 64 h. reaction mixture was concentrated by rotavap and dissolved in H2O. The aqueous solution was washed with ethyl ether, and concentrated H₂SO₄ was added. aqueous solution was heated to reflux for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and extracted with ethyl ether. The ether solution was dried $(MgSO_4)$, filtered, and conc'd in vacuo to give an amber oil (143.94g/85% yield). ^{1}H NMR and MS [(M + H) $^{+}$ = 419] confirm the desired structure.

Step 5

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 $C_{25}H_{33}O_{2}FS$ fw=416.59

A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor, and mechanical stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding alcohol (143.94g/343.8mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 L) were added and cooled to 0 C. Pyridinium chlorochromate (140.53g/651.6mmol) was added. After 6 h., CH_2Cl_2 was added. After 20 min, the mixture was filtered through silica gel, washing with CH_2Cl_2 . The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give a dark yellow-red oil (110.6g, 77% yield). 1 H NMR and MS [(M + H) + = 417]

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Step 6

confirm the desired structure.

 $C_{25}H_{33}O_4FS$ fw=448.59

A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor and mechanical stirrer. The system was

purged with N_2 . The corresponding sulfide (110.6g/265.5mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 L) were added. The solution was cooled to 0 C, and 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (158.21g/531.7mmol) was added portionwise. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature After 3.5 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 C and filtered through a fine fritted funnel. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous K_2CO_3 . An emulsion formed which was extracted with ethyl ether. The organic layers were combined, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the product (93.2g, 78% yield). ¹H NMR confirmed the desired structure.

Step 7

 $C_{25}H_{33}O_4FS$ fw=448.59

5 A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and a powder addition funnel. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding aldehyde (93.2g/208mmol) and THF (1.0 L) were added, and the mixture was cooled to 0 C. 10 Potassium tert-butoxide (23.35g/208.1mmol) was added via addition funnel. After 1h, 10% aq/ HCl (1.0 L) was added. After 1 h, the mixture was extracted three times with ethyl ether, dried $(MgSO_4)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified 15 by recryst. from 80/20 hexane/ethyl acetate to give a white solid (32.18 g). The mother liquor was concentrated in vacuo and recrystelized from 95/5 toluene/ethyl acetate to give a white solid (33.60g/ combined yield: 71%). 1H NMR confirmed the desired 20 product.

Step 8

 $C_{27}H_{39}O_4NS$ fw=473.67

5 A Fisher porter bottle was fitted with ${\rm N}_2$ line and magnetic stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . corresponding fluoro-compound (28.1g/62.6mmol) was added, and the vessel was sealed and cooled to -78 C. Dimethylamine (17.1g/379mmol) was condensed via a 10 ${\rm CO}_2/{\rm acetone}$ bath and added to the reaction vessel. mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was heated to 60 C. After 20 h, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool and was dissolved in ethyl ether. The ether solution was washed with H2O, saturated aqueous NaCl, dried $(MgSO_4)$, filtered, and concentrated in 15 vacuo to give a white solid (28.5g/96% yield). 1H NMR confirmed the desired structure.

Step 9

 $C_{26}H_{37}O_{4}NS$ fw=459.64

A 250-mL, 3-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with 5 N_2 gas adaptor and magnetic stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding methoxy-compound (6.62g/14.0mmol) and CHCl_3 (150 mL) were added. reaction mixture was cooled to -78 C, and boron 10 tribromide (10.50g/41.9mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature After 4 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 C and was quenched with 10% K_2CO_3 (100 mL). After 10 min, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted two times with ethyl ether. The $CHCl_3$ and ether extracts 15 were combined, washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried (MgSO $_4$), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the product (6.27g/98% yield). ¹H NMR confirmed

the desired structure.

Step 10

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In a 250 ml single neck round bottom Flask with stir bar place 2- diethylamineoethyl chloride hydochloride (fw 172.10g/mole) Aldrich D8, 720-1 (2.4 mmol,4.12g), 34 ml dry ether and 34 ml of 1N KOH(aqueous). Stir 15 minutes and then separate by ether extraction and dry over anhydrous potassium carbonate.

In a separate 2-necked 250 ml round bottom flask with stir bar add sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 100 mg, 2.6 mmol) and 34 ml of DMF. Cool to ice temperature. Next add phenol product(previous step) 1.1 g (2.4 mmilomoles in 5 ml DMF and the ether solution prepared above. Heat to 40C for 3 days. The product which contained no starting material by TLC was diluted with ether and extracted with 1 portion of 5% NaOH, followed by water and then brine. The ether layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and isolated by removing ether by rotary evaporation (1.3 gms). The product may be further purified by chromatography (SiO2 99% ethyl acetate/1% NH4OH at 5ml/min.). Isolated yield: 0.78 g (mass spec, and H1 NMR)

Step 11

The product from step 10 (0.57gms, 1.02 millimole fw 558.83 g/mole) and 1.6 gms iodoethane (10.02 mmol) was placed in 5 ml acetonitrile in a fischer-porter bottle and heated to 45 C for 3 days. The solution was evaporated to dryness and redissolved in 5 mls of chloroform. Next ether was added to the chloroform solution and the resulting mixture was chilled. The desired product is isolated as a precipitate 0.7272 gms. Mass spec M-I = 587.9 , H NMR).

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Example 1401

Step 1

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 $C_{14}H_{13}O_2F$ fw=232.25

A 12-liter, 4-neck round-bottom flask was equipped with reflux condenser, N2 gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and an addition funnel. The system was purged with N_2 . A slurry of sodium hydride (126.0g/4.988mol) in 5 toluene (2.5 L) was added, and the mixture was cooled to 6 C. A solution of 4-fluorophenol (560.5g/5.000mol) in toluene (2.5 L) was added via addition funnel over a period of 2.5 h. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux (100 C) for 1h. A solution of 3-methoxybenzyl 10 chloride (783.0g/5.000mol) in toluene (750 mL) was added via addition funnel while maintaining reflux. After 15 h. refluxing, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into H2O (2.5 L). After 20 min. stirring, the layers were separated, and the organic 15 layer was extracted with a solution of potassium hydroxide (720g) in MeOH (2.5 L). The MeOH layer was added to 20% aqueous potassium hydroxide, and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. The mixture was then washed 5 times with toluene. The toluene washes were 20 extracted with 20% ag. KOH. All 20% aqueous KOH solutions were combined and acidified with concentrated The acidic solution was extracted three times with ethyl ether, dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified 25 by Kugelrohr distillation to give a clear, colorless oil (449.0g/39% yield). b.p.: 120-130 C/50mtorrHg. ^{1}H NMR and MS [(M + H) $^{+}$ = 233] confirmed desired structure.

30 Step 2

 $C_{17}H_{18}NO_2FS$ fw=319.39

A 12-liter, 3-neck round-bottom flask was fitted with mechanical stirrer and N_2 gas adaptor. The system was purged with N_2 . 4-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-phenol (455.5g/1.961mol) and dimethylformamide were added. The solution was cooled to 6 C, and sodium hydride (55.5g/2.197mol) was added slowly. After warming to room temperature, dimethylthiocarbamoyl chloride (242.4g/1.961mol) was added. After 15 h, the reaction mixture was poured into H_2O (4.0 L), and extracted two times with ethyl ether. The combined organic layers were washed with H_2O and saturated aqueous NaCl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the product (605.3g, 97% yield). 1H NMR and MS [(M+H)+ = 320] confirm desired structure.

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Step 3

 $C_{14}H_{13}OFS$ fw=248.32

A 12-liter, round-bottom flask was equipped with No gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and reflux condenser. The system was purged with N2. 4-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-phenyldimethylthiocarbamate (605.3g/1.895mol) and phenyl ether (2.0kg) were added, and the solution was heated to reflux for 2 h. mixture was stirred for 64 h. at room temperature and then heated to reflux for 2 h. After cooling to room temperature, MeOH (2.0 L) and THF (2.0 L) were added, and the solution was stirred for 15 h. Potassium hydroxide (425.9g/7.590mol) was added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 4 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was concentrated by rotavap, dissolved in ethyl ether (1.0 L), and extracted with H₂O. The aqueous extracts were combined, acidified with conc. HCl, and extracted with ethyl ether. ether extracts were dried (MgSO,), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give an amber oil (463.0g, 98% yield). ¹H NMR confirmed desired structure.

Step 4

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 $C_{25}H_{35}O_{2}FS$ fw=418.61

A 5-liter, 3-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor and mechanical stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . 4-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)thiophenol (100.0g/403.2mmol) and 2-methoxyethyl ether (1.0 L) were added and the solution was cooled to 0 C. Sodium hydride (9.68g/383.2mmol) was added slowly, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature 2,2-Dibutylpropylene sulfate (110.89g/443.6mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 64 h. reaction mixture was concentrated by rotavap and dissolved in H2O. The aqueous solution was washed with ethyl ether, and conc. H_2SO_4 was added. The aqueous solution was heated to reflux for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and extracted with ethyl ether. ether solution was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give an amber oil (143.94g/85% yield). ^{1}H NMR and MS [(M + H) $^{+}$ = 419] confirm the desired structure.

Step 5

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 $C_{25}H_{33}O_{2}FS$ fw=416.59

A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor, and mechanical stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding alcohol (143.94 g/343.8 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 L) were added and cooled to 0 C. Pyridinium chlorochromate (140.53g/651.6mmol) was added. After 6 h., CH_2Cl_2 was added. After 20 min, the mixture was filtered through silica gel, washing with CH_2Cl_2 . The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give a dark yellow-red oil (110.6g, 77% yield). 1H NMR and MS [(M + H)⁺ = 417] confirm the desired structure.

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Step 6

 $C_{25}H_{33}O_4FS$ fw=448.59

A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor and mechanical stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding sulfide (110.6g/265.5mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 L) were added. The solution was cooled to 0 C, and 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (158.21g/531.7mmol) was added portionwise. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature After 3.5 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 C and filtered through a fine fritted funnel. The filtrate was washed with 10% aqueous K_2CO_3 . An emulsion formed which was extracted with ethyl ether. The organic layers were combined, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the product (93.2g, 78% yield). ¹H NMR confirmed the desired structure.

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Step 7

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 $C_{25}H_{33}O_4FS$ fw=448.59

A 2-liter, 4-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N₂ gas adaptor, mechanical stirrer, and a powder addition funnel. The system was purged with N₂. The corresponding aldehyde (93.2g/208mmol) and THF (1.0 L) were added, and the mixture was cooled to 0 C.

Potassium tert-butoxide (23.35g/208.1mmol) was added via addition funnel. After 1h, 10% aq/ HCl (1.0 L) was added. After 1 h, the mixture was extracted three times with ethyl ether, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by recrystallized from 80/20 hexane/ethyl acetate to

toluene/ethyl acetate to give a white solid (33.60g, combined yield: 71%). ¹H NMR confirmed the desired product.

give a white solid (32.18g). The mother liquor was concentrated in vacuo and recrystallized from 95/5

Step 8

 $C_{27}H_{39}O_4NS$ fw=473.67

5 A Fisher porter bottle was fitted with N_2 line and magnetic stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . corresponding fluoro-compound (28.1g/62.6mmol) was added, and the vessel was sealed and cooled to -78 C. Dimethylamine (17.1g/379mmol) was condensed via a 10 CO₂/acetone bath and added to the reaction vessel. mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was heated to 60 C. After 20 h, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool and was dissolved in ethyl ether. ether solution was washed with H2O, saturated aqueous 15 NaCl, dried over MgSO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give a white solid (28.5g/96% yield). 1H NMR confirmed the desired structure.

Step 9

 $C_{26}H_{37}O_{4}NS$ fw=459.64

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A 250-mL, 3-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with N_2 gas adaptor and magnetic stirrer. The system was purged with N_2 . The corresponding methoxy-compound (6.62g/14.0 mmol) and CHCl_3 (150 mL) were added. The reaction mixture was cooled to -78 C, and boron tribromide (10.50g/41.9 mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature After 4 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 C and was quenched with 10% $K_2\text{CO}_3$ (100 mL). After 10 min, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted two times with ethyl ether. The CHCl_3 and ether extracts were combined, washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give the product (6.27g/98% yield). ^1H NMR confirmed the desired structure.

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Step 10

In a 250 ml single neck round bottom flask with stir bar place 2- diethylamineoethyl chloride hydochloride (fw 172.10g/mole) Aldrich D8, 720-1 (2.4 millimoles, 4.12g), 34 ml dry ether and 34 ml of 1N KOH (aqueous). Stir 15 minutes and then separate by ether extraction and dry over anhydrous potassium carbonate.

In a separate 2-necked 250 ml round bottom flask with stir bar add sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 100 mg, (2.6 mmol) and 34 ml of DMF. Cool to ice temperature. Next add phenol product (previous step) 1.1 g (2.4 mmol in 5 ml DMF and the ether solution prepared above. Heat to 40C for 3 days. The product which contained no starting material by TLC was diluted with ether and extracted with 1 portion of 5% NaOH, followed by water and then brine. The ether layer was dried over Magnesium sulfate and isolated by removing ether by rotary evaporation (1.3 gms). The product may be further purified by chromatography (silica 99% ethyl acetate/1% NH4OH at 5ml/min.). Isolated yield: 0.78 g (mass spec , and H1 NMR)

Step 11

The product from step 10 (0.57gms, 1.02 millimole fw 558.83 g/mole) and iodoethane (1.6 gms (10.02 mmilimoles) was place in 5 ml acetonitrile in a Fischer-Porter bottle and heated to 45 C for 3 days. The solution was evaporated to dryness and redissolved in 5 mls of chloroform. Next ether was added to the chloroform solution and the resulting mixture was chilled. The desired product is isolated as a precipitate 0.7272 gms. Mass spec M-I = 587.9, 'H NMR).

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BIOLOGICAL ASSAYS

The utility of the compounds of the present invention is shown by the following assays. These assays are performed *in vitro* and in animal models essentially using a procedure recognized to show the utility of the present invention.

In Vitro Assay of compounds that inhibit IBAT-mediated uptake of [14C]-Taurocholate (TC) in H14 Cells

Baby hamster kidney cells (BHK) transfected with the cDNA of human IBAT (H14 cells) are seeded at 60,000

cells/well in 96 well Top-Count tissue culture plates for assays run within in 24 hours of seeding, 30,000 cells/well for assays run within 48 hours, and 10,000 cells/well for assays run within 72 hours.

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On the day of assay, the cell monolayer is gently washed once with 100 ml assay buffer (Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's medium with 4.5 g/L glucose + 0.2% (w/v) fatty acid free bovine serum albumin- (FAF)BSA). To each well 50 ml of a two-fold concentrate of test compound in assay buffer is added along with 50 ml of 6 mM [14C]-taurocholate in assay buffer (final concentration of 3 mM ["C]-taurocholate). The cell culture plates are incubated 2 hours at 37°C prior to gently washing each well twice with 100 ml 4° C Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 0.2% (w/v) (FAF)BSA. The wells are then gently washed once with 100 ml 4° C PBS without (FAF)BSA. To each 200 ml of liquid scintillation counting fluid is added, the plates are heat sealed and shaken for 30 minutes at room temperature prior to measuring the amount of radioactivity in each well on a Packard Top-Count

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instrument.

In Vitro Assay of compounds that inhibit uptake of ["C]-Alanine

The alanine uptake assay is performed in an identical fashion to the taurocholate assay, with the exception that labeled alanine is substituted for the labeled taurocholate.

In Vivo Assay of compounds that inhibit Rat Ileal uptake of ["C]-Taurocholate into Bile

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(See "Metabolism of 3a,7b-dihydroxy-7a-methyl-5b-cholanoic acid and 3a,7b-dihydroxy-7a-methyl-5b-cholanoic acid in hamsters" in Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 833 (1985) 196-202 by Une et al.)

Male wistar rats (200-300 g) are anesthetized with inactin @100 mg/kg. Bile ducts are cannulated with a 10" length of PE10 tubing. The small intestine is exposed and laid out on a gauze pad. A canulae (1/8" luer lock, tapered female adapter) is inserted at 12 cm from the junction of the small intestine and the cecum. A slit is cut at 4 cm from this same junction (utilizing a 8 cm length of ileum). 20 ml of warm Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline, pH 6.5 (PBS) is used to flush out the intestine segment. The distal opening is cannulated with a 20 cm length of silicone tubing $(0.02" I.D. \times 0.037" O.D.)$. The proximal cannulae is hooked up to a peristaltic pump and the intestine is washed for 20 min with warm PBS at 0.25 Temperature of the gut segment is monitored continuously. At the start of the experiment, 2.0 ml of control sample ([14C]-taurocholate @ 0.05 mi/ml with 5 mM cold taurocholate) is loaded into the gut segment with a 3 ml syringe and bile sample collection is begun. Control sample is infused at a rate of 0.25 ml/min for 21 min. Bile samples fractions are collected every 3 minute for the first 27 minutes of the procedure. After the 21 min of sample infusion, the ileal loop is washed out with 20 ml of warm PBS

(using a 30 ml syringe), and then the loop is washed out for 21 min with warm PBS at 0.25 ml/min. A second perfusion is initiated as described above but this with test compound being administered as well (21 min administration followed by 21 min of wash out) and bile sampled every 3 min for the first 27 min. If necessary, a third perfusion is performed as above that typically contains the control sample.

Measurement of Hepatic Cholesterol Concentration (HEPATIC CHOL)

Liver tissue was weighed and homogenized in chloroform:methanol (2:1). After homogenization and centrifugation the supernatant was separated and dried under nitrogen. The residue was dissolved in isopropanol and the cholesterol content was measured enzymatically, using a combination of cholesterol oxidase and peroxidase, as described by Allain, C. A., et al. (1974) Clin. Chem. 20, 470.

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Measurement of Hepatic HMG CoA-Reductase Activity (HMG COA)

Hepatic microsomes were prepared by homogenizing liver samples in a phosphate/sucrose buffer, followed by centrifugal separation. The final pelleted material was resuspended in buffer and an aliquot was assayed for HMG CoA reductase activity by incubating for 60 minutes at 37° C in the presence of "C-HMG-CoA (Dupont-NEN). The reaction was stopped by adding 6N HCl followed by centrifugation. An aliquot of the supernatant was separated, by thin-layer chromatography, and the spot corresponding to the enzyme product was scraped off the plate, extracted and radioactivity was determined by scintillation counting. (Reference: Akerlund, J. and Bjorkhem, I. (1990) J. Lipid Res. 31, 2159).

Determination of Serum Cholesterol (SER.CHOL, HDL-CHOL, TGI and VLDL + LDL)

Total serum cholesterol (SER.CHOL) was measured enzymatically using a commercial kit from Wako Fine Chemicals (Richmond, VA); Cholesterol C11, Catalog No. 276-64909. HDL cholesterol (HDL-CHOL) was assayed using this same kit after precipitation of VLDL and LDL with Sigma Chemical Co. HDL Cholesterol reagent, Catalog No. 352-3 (dextran sulfate method). Total serum triglycerides (blanked) (TGI) were assayed enzymatically with Sigma Chemical Co. GPO-Trinder, Catalog No. 337-B. VLDL and LDL (VLDL + LDL) cholesterol concentrations were calculated as the difference between total and HDL cholesterol.

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Measurement of Hepatic Cholesterol 7-a-Hydroxylase Activity (7a-OHase)

Hepatic microsomes were prepared by homogenizing liver samples in a phosphate/sucrose buffer, followed by centrifugal separation. The final pelleted material was resuspended in buffer and an aliquot was assayed for cholesterol 7-a-hydroxylase activity by incubating for 5 minutes at 37° C in the presence of NADPH. Following extraction into petroleum ether, the organic solvent was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in acetonitrile/ methanol. The enzymatic product was separated by injecting an aliquot of the extract onto a C₁₈ reversed phase HPLC column and quantitating the eluted material using UV detection at 240nm. (Reference: Horton, J. D., et al. (1994) J. Clin. Invest. 93, 2084).

Measurement of Fecal Bile Acid Concentration (FBA)

Total fecal output from individually housed hamsters was collected for 24 or 48 hours, dried under a stream of nitrogen, pulverized and weighed.

Approximately 0.1 gram was weighed out and extracted

into an organic solvent (butanol/water). Following separation and drying, the residue was dissolved in methanol and the amount of bile acid present was measured enzymatically using the 3a-hydroxysteroid steroid dehydrogenase reaction with bile acids to reduce NAD. (Reference: Mashige, F., et al. (1981) Clin. Chem. 27, 1352).

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['H]taurocholate Uptake in Rabbit Brush Border Membrane Vesicles (BBMV)

Rabbit Ileal brush border membranes were prepared from frozen ileal mucosa by the calcium precipitation method describe by Malathi et al. (Reference: (1979) Biochimica Biophysica Acta, 554, 259). The method for measuring taurocholate was essentially as described by Kramer et al. (Reference: (1992) Biochimica Biophysica Acta, 1111, 93) except the assay volume was 200 µl instead of 100 µl. Briefly, at room temperature a 190 μl solution containing 2μM ['H]-taurocholate(0.75 μCi), 20 mM tris, 100 mM NaCl, 100 mM mannitol pH 7.4 was incubated for 5 sec with 10 µl of brush border membrane vesicles (60-120 µg protein). The incubation was initiated by the addition of the BBMV while vortexing and the reaction was stopped by the addition of 5 ml of ice cold buffer (20 mM Hepes-tris, 150 mM KCl) followed immediately by filtration through a nylon filter (0.2 µm pore) and an additional 5 ml wash with stop buffer.

Acyl-CoA; cholesterol Acyl Transferase (ACAT)

Hamster liver and rat intestinal microsomes were prepared from tissue as described previously (Reference: (1980) J. Biol. Chem. 255, 9098) and used as a source of ACAT enzyme. The assay consisted of a 2.0 ml incubation containing 24 µM Oleoyl-CoA (0.05 µCi) in a 50 mM sodium phosphate, 2 mM DTT ph 7.4 buffer containing 0.25 % BSA and 200 µg of microsomal

protein. The assay was initiated by the addition of oleoyl-CoA. The reaction went for 5 min at 37° C and was terminated by the addition of 8.0 ml of chloroform/methanol (2:1). To the extraction was added 125 µg of cholesterol oleate in chloroform methanol to act as a carrier and the organic and aqueous phases of the extraction were separated by centrifugation after thorough vortexing. The chloroform phase was taken to dryness and then spotted on a silica gel 60 TLC plate and developed in hexane/ethyl ether (9:1). The amount of cholesterol ester formed was determined by measuring the amount of radioactivity incorporated into the cholesterol oleate spot on the TLC plate with a Packard instaimager.

Data from each of the noted compounds in the assays described above is as set forth in TABLES 5, 6, 7, and 8 as follows:

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TABLE 5

				
COMPOUND	IC50 uM*	In vitro % Inhibition of TC Uptake @ 100 uM #	% Inhibition of Alanine Uptake @ 100 uM #	% of Control Transport of TC in Rat Ileum @ 0.1mM #
Benzothiaze pine=	2		0	45.4 +/- 0.7
12		25		
3		0		
4a		3		
5a		34		
5b	40		0	72.9 ± 5.4 @ 0.5 mM
4 b		9		
18		6		
14b		18		
1 4 a		13		
13		23		
15	60			
19a		0		,
19b		15		
8a		41		
Mixture of 8a and 8b		69		
Mixture of 9a and 9b	6			
6a	5			

	1		,	
6b		85		
9a	5		0% @ 25 mM	53.7 +/- 3.9
Mixture of	13			
6a and 20				
Mixture of	0.8		14% @ 25	
6d and 10a			MM	
21a		37		
21c		52		
21b		45		
6c	2		58.5	68.8 +/- 5.7 at 0.4 mM
6d	0.6		77.7	16.1 +/- 1.1 @ 0.5 mM 30.2 +/- 0.9 @ 0.15 mM
17		10		·
7	50		49.3	
10a	7		77.6	62.4 =/- 2.5 @ 0.2 mM
10b	15		68.6	
25	0.1		4% @ 10 mM	26.0 +/- 3.3
26	2		31% @ 25 mM	87.9 +/- 1.5
27	5		7% @ 20 mM	
28	8		31% @ 20mM	
29		88 @ 50 mM		
30		96 @ 50 mM		-
31		41 0 50 mM		
37	3		0% @ 5 mM	

38	0.3	·	11% @ 5mM	20.6 +/- 5.7
40		49 @ 50 mM		
41	2 .		0% @ 20 mM	
42	1.5			
43	1.5		16% @ 25 mM	
48	2		22% @ 20 mM	
49	0.15		21% @ 200 mM	21.2 +/- 2.7
57		51 @ 50 mM		
58		20 @ 50 mM		
59	70			
60	9		59	
61	30		175	
62	10			
63		90 @ 6 mM		
64		100 @ 6 mM		

^{*} In vitro Taurocholate Cell Uptake

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[#] Unless otherwise noted

⁼ Comparative Example is Example No. 1 in WO 93/16055

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TABLE 6

Comp	TC-uptake	TC-uptake	TC-uptake	ACAT	ACAT
ound					
	(H14 cells)	Ileal Loop	(BBMV)	(liver)	intestine
		доор			
	IC(50)	EC (50)	IC(50)	IC(50)	IC(50
)
COMP. EXAMPLE	1 mM	74 mM	3 mM	20 mM	20 mM
6d	0.6 mM	31 mM	1.5 mM	25	
	0.0 mm	JI MM	T.5 IM	25 mM	20 mM
* 38	0.3 mM	12 mM	2 mM	15 mM	N.D.
49	0.1 mM	12 mM	N.D.	6 mM	N.D.
25	0.1 mM	20 mM	0.8 mM	8 mM	8 mM

Comparative Example is Example No. 1 in WO 93/16055

TABLE 7 EFFICACY OF COMPOUND NO. 25 IN CHOLESTEROL-FED HAMSTERS PARAMETER CONTROL 4% CHOLES-0.2% TYRAMINE CPD. NO. 25 WEIGHT (G) (mean ± SEM, *p<0.05, A-Student's t, B-Dunnett's) day 1 117 114(6) 117(5) day 14 (2) 127(3) 132(4) LIVER WEIGHT (G) 127(3 4.9(0.4 5.8(0.2) SER. CHOL (mg%))) 126(2)*A HDL-CHOL (mg%) 5.4(0 119(4)* ,B VLDL + LDL .3) A,B 76(1)*A, TGI (mg%) 143(7 76(3)*A В

HEPATIC CHOL(mg/g)]).	, B	50/31
meratic chon(mg/g)	' '	, B	50(3)
HMG COA (pm/mg/min.)	89(4)	42(3)*A	175(11)
i	54(7)	190(15)	1.9(0.1)
7a-OHase (pm/mg/min.)	203 (3	1.9(0.1	*A,B
24 HR. FECAL Wt (G)	2))*A,B	312.9(37.5)*A
FBA (mM/24H/100g)	2.5(0	448.8(2	, B
	.3)	1.6)*A,B	
	15.8(291.0(6.
	7.6)	357.2(2	0)*A
		8.3)*A,B	2.4(0.04
	235.3(25.1	2.7(0.1)
))*A,B	11.9(0.5
	2.3(0	12.3(1.)*A,B
	.1)	5)*A,B	
	6.2(0		
	.8)		0-

TABLE 8 EFFICACY OF COMPOUND NO. 25 IN RAT ALZET MINIPUMP MODEL				
PARAMETER	CONTROL	20 MPL/DAY CPD. NO. 25		
WEIGHT (G)	(mean ± SEM, *p<0.05 Dunnett's)	, A-Student's t, B-		
day 1	307 (4)	307 (3)		
day 8	330 (4)	310 (4)*A,B		
LIVER WEIGHT (G)	15.5 (0.6)	14.6 (0.4)		
SER.CHOL(mg%)	85 (3)	84 (3)		
HEPATIC CHOL(mg/g)	21 (0.03)	2.0 (0.03)		
HMG COA pm/mg/min	75.1 (6.4)	318.0		
		(40.7)*A,B		
7a-OHase (pm/mg/min)	281.9 (13.9)			
24 HR. FECAL WT (G)	5.8 (0.1)	535.2		
FBA (mM/24H/100g)	17.9 (0.9)	(35.7)*A,B		
1		5.7 (0.4)		
		39.1 (4.5)*A,B		

Additional taurocholate uptake tests were conducted in

5 the following compounds listed in Table 9.

TABLE 9
Biological Assay Data for Some Compounds of the Present Invention

Number IC $_{50}$ (μM) Percent Inhibitio @ μM 101 0 @ 1.0 102 0.083 103 13 @ 0.25 104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	Compound	T.C. T.C.	A1 . YY . 1
(μM) @ μM 101 0 @ 1.0 102 0.083 103 13 @ 0.25 104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	Compound	Human TC	Alanine Uptake
101 0 @ 1.0 102 0.083 103 13 @ 0.25 104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	Number	1	
102 0.083 103 13 @ 0.25 104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25		(μM)	@ μM
103 13 @ 0.25 104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	101		0 @ 1.0
104 0.0056 105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	102	0.083	
105 0.6 106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	103		13 @ 0.25
106 0.8 107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	104	0.0056	
107 14.0 @ 0.063 108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	105	0.6	
108 0.3 109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	106	0.8	
109 2.0 @ 0.063 110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	107		14.0 @ 0.063
110 0.09 111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	108	0.3	*****
111 2.5 112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	109		2.0 @ 0.063
112 3.0 113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	110	0.09	
113 0.1 114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	111	2.5	
114 0.19 115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	112	3.0	
115 8.0 116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	113	0.1	
116 0.3 117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25		0.19	
117 12.0 @ 0.625 118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	115	8.0	
118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	116	0.3	
118 0.4 119 1.3 120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	117		12.0 @ 0.625
120 34.0 @ 5.0 121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	118	0.4	
121 0.068 122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	119	1.3	
122 1.07 123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	120		34.0 @ 5.0
123 1.67 124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	121	0.068	
124 14.0 @ 6.25 125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	122	1.07	
125 18.0 126 18 @ 1.25	123	1.67	
126 18 @ 1.25	124		14.0 @ 6.25
10 3 1:23		18.0	
127 0.55			18 @ 1.25
	127	0.55	
128 0.7	128	0.7	
129 0.035		0.035	
131 1.28		1.28	
132 5.4 @ 0.063	132		5.4 @ 0.063
133 16.0	133	16.0	
134 0.3	134	0.3	
135 22.0		22.0	
136 0.09	136	0.09	

107		7-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
137	2.4	
138	3.0	
139	>25.0	
142	0.5	
143	0.03	
144	0.053	
262	0.07	
263	0.7	
264	0.2	
265	2.0	
266	0.5	
267	0.073	
268	0.029	
269	0.08	
270	0.12	
271	0.07	
272	0.7	
273	1.9	
274	0.18	
275		5.0 @ 0.25
276	0.23	
277	0.04	
278	3.0	
279	0.4	
280	0.18	
281	0.019	
282	0.021	
283	0.35	
284	0.08	
286	19.0	
287	4.0	
288		10.0 @ 6.25
289	. 0.23	
290	0.054	
291	0.6	
292	0.046	
293	1.9	
294	0.013	
295	1.3	
296	1.6	
1005	0.0004	
1006	0.001	
	0.001	

1007	0.001	
1008	0.001	
1009	0.001	·
1010	0.001	
1011	0.001	
1012	0.001	
1013	0.0013	
1013	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	0.002	ļ
1015	0.002	
1016 1017	0.002	···
	0.002	
1018	0.002	
1019	0.002	
1020	0.002	
1021	0.002	
1022	0.002	
1023	0.002	
1024	0.002	
1025	0.002	
1026	0.002	
1027	0.002	
1028	0.002	
1029	0.002	
1030	0.002	
1031	0.002	
1032	0.002	
1033	0.002	
1034	0.002	
1035	0.002	
1036	0.002	
1037	0.0022	
1038	0.0025	
1039	0.0026	
1040	0.003	
1041	0.003	
1042	0.003	
1043	0.003	
1044	0.003	
1045	0.003	
1046	0.003	
1047	0.003	
1048	0.003	

1050 0.003 1051 0.003 1052 0.003 1053 0.003 1054 0.003 1055 0.003 1056 0.003 1057 0.003 1058 0.003 1059 0.003 1060 0.0036 1061 0.004 1062 0.004 1063 0.004 1064 0.004 1065 0.004 1066 0.004 1067 0.004 1068 0.004 1070 0.004 1071 0.004 1072 0.004 1073 0.004 1074 0.004 1075 0.0043 1076 0.0045 1077 0.0045 1079 0.005 1080 0.005 1081 0.005 1082 0.005 1084 0.005	1049	0.003	
1051 0.003 1052 0.003 1053 0.003 1054 0.003 1055 0.003 1056 0.003 1057 0.003 1058 0.003 1059 0.003 1060 0.0036 1061 0.004 1062 0.004 1063 0.004 1064 0.004 1065 0.004 1066 0.004 1069 0.004 1070 0.004 1071 0.004 1072 0.004 1073 0.004 1074 0.004 1075 0.0043 1076 0.0045 1079 0.005 1080 0.005 1081 0.005 1082 0.005 1084 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055			
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1058 0.003 1059 0.003 1060 0.0036 1061 0.004 1062 0.004 1063 0.004 1064 0.004 1065 0.004 1066 0.004 1067 0.004 1068 0.004 1070 0.004 1071 0.004 1072 0.004 1073 0.004 1074 0.004 1075 0.0043 1076 0.0045 1079 0.005 1080 0.005 1081 0.005 1082 0.005 1083 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055			
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1067 0.004 1068 0.004 1069 0.004 1070 0.004 1071 0.004 1072 0.004 1073 0.004 1074 0.004 1075 0.0043 1076 0.0045 1079 0.0045 1079 0.005 1080 0.005 1081 0.005 1082 0.005 1083 0.005 1084 0.005 1085 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055			
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1082 0.005 1083 0.005 1084 0.005 1085 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055	1081		
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1084 0.005 1085 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055	1083		
1085 0.005 1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055	1084		
1086 0.005 1087 0.005 1088 0.0055	1085		
1088 0.0055	1086	0.005	
1088 0.0055	1087	0.005	
1000 0.0057	1088		
1009 0.005/	1089	0.0057	
1090 0.006	1090	0.006	

1091	0.006	
1092	0.006	
1093	0.006	
1094	0.006	
1095	0.006	
1096	0.006	
1097	0.006	
1098	0.006	
1099	0.0063	
1100	0.0068	
1101	0.007	
1102	0.007	
1103	0.007	
1104	0.007	
1105	0.007	
1106	0.0073	
1107	0.0075	
1108	0.0075	
1109	0.008	
1110	0.008	
1111	0.008	
1112	0.008	
1113	0.009	
1114	0.009	
1115	0.0098	
1116	0.0093	
1117	0.01	
1118	0.01	
1119	0.01	
1120	0.01	
1121	0.01	
1122	0.011	
1123	0.011	
1124	0.011	
1125	0.012	
1126	0.013	
1127	0.013	
1128	0.017	
1129	0.018	
1130	0.018	
1131	0.02	
1132	0.02	

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1133	. 0.02	
1134	0.02	
1135	0.021	
1136	0.021	
1137	0.021	
1138	0.022	
1139	0.022	
1140	0.023	
1141	0.023	
1142	0.024	
1143	0.027	
1144	0.028	
1145	0.029	
1146	0.029	
1147	0.029	
1148	0.03	
1149	0.03	
1150	0.03	
1151	0.031	
1152	0.036	
1153	0.037	
1154	0.037	
1155	0.039	
1156	0.039	
1157	0.04	
1158	0.06	
1159	0.06	
1160	0.062	
1161	0.063	
1162	0.063	
1163	0.09	
1164	0.093	
1165	0.11	
1166	0.11	
1167	0.12	
1168	0.12	
1169	0.12	
1170	0.13	
1171	0.14	
1172	0.14	
1173	0.15	
1174	0.15	

1175	0.17	
1176	0.18	
1177	. 0.18	
1178	0.19	
1179	0.19	
1180	0.2	
1181	0.22	
1182	0.25	
1183	0.28	
1184	0.28	
1185	0.28	
1186	0.3	
1187	0.32	
1188	0.35	
1189	0.35	
1190	0.55	
1191	0.65	
1192	1.0	
1193	1.0	
1194	1.6	
1195	1.7	
1196	2.0	
1197	2.2	
1198	2.5	
1199	4.0	
1200	6.1	
1201	8.3	
1202	40.0	
1203		0 @ 0.063
1204	0.05	
1205	0.034	
1206	0.035	
1207	0.068	
1208	0.042	
1209		0 @ 0.063
1210	0.14	
1211	0.28	
1212	0.39	
1213	1.7	
1214	0.75	
1215	0.19	
1216	0.39	

1217 0.32 1218 0.19 1219 0.34 1220 0.2 1221 0.041 1222 0.065 1223 0.28 1224 0.33 1225 0.12 1226 0.046 1227 0.25 1228 0.038 1229 0.049 1230 0.062 1231 0.075 1232 1.2 1233 0.15 1234 0.067 1235 0.045 1236 0.05 1237 0.07 1238 0.8 1239 0.035 1240 0.016 1241 0.047 1242 0.029 1243 0.63 1244 0.062 1245 0.32 1246 0.018 1247 0.017 1248 0.33			
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1255 0.69 1256 0.011 1257 0.1			
1256 0.011 1257 0.1	_		
1257 0.1			
1258 0.12			
	1258	0.12	

1259	16.5	
1260	0.012	
1261	0.019	
1262	0.03	
1263	0.079	
1264	0.21	
1265	0.24	
1266	0.2	
1267	0.29	
1268	0.035	
1269	0.026	
1270	0.026	
1271	0.011	
1272	0.047	
1273	0.029	
1274	0.028	
1275	0.024	
1276	0.029	
1277	0.018	
1278	0.017	
1279	0.028	
1280	0.76	
1281	0.055	
1282	0.17	
1283	0.17	
1284	0.011	
1285	0.027	
1286	0.068	
1287	0.071	
1288	0.013	
1289	0.026	
1290	0.017	
1291	0.013	
1292	0.025	
1293	0.019	
1294	0.011	
1295	0.014	
1296	0.063	
1297	0.029	
1298	0.018	
1299	0.012	
1300	1.0	

1201	0.15	
1301	0.15	
1302	1.4	
1303	0.26	
1304	0.25	
1305	0.25	
1306	1.2	
1307	3.1	
1308	0.04	
1309	0.24	
1310	1.16	
1311	3.27	
1312	5.0	
1313	6.1	
1314	0.26	
1315	1.67	
1316	3.9	
1317	21.0	
1319		11.0 @ 0.25
1321		11.1 @ 5.0
1322		3.0 @ 0.0063
1323		4.0 @ 0.0063
1324		43.0 @ 0.0008
1325		1.0 @ 0.0063
1326		36.0 @ 0.0008
1327		3.0 @ 0.0063
1328		68.0 @ 0.0063
1329		2.0 @ 0.0063
1330		9.0 @ 0.0063
1331		57.0 @ 0.0008
1332		43.0 @ 0.0008
1333		0 @ 0.0063
1334		50.0 @ 0.0008
1335		38.0 @ 0.0008
1336		45.0 @ 0.0008
1337		0 @ 0.0063
1338		1.0 @ 0.25
1339		0 @ 0.063
1340		9.0 @ 0.063
1341		1.0 @ 0.063
1342		1.0 @ 0.063
1345		13.0 @ 0.25
1347	0.0036	

1351	0.44	
1352	0.10	
1353	0.0015	
1354	0.006	
1355	0.0015	
1356	0.22	
1357	0.023	
1358	0.008	
1359	0.014	
1360	0.003	
1361	0.004	
1362	0.019	
1363	0.008	
1364	0.006	·
1365	0.008	
1366	0.015	
1367	0.002	
1368	0.005	
1369	0.005	
1370	0.002	
1371	0.004	
1372	0.004	
1373	0.008	
1374	0.007	
1375	0.002	
1449	0.052	
1450	0.039	
1451	0.014	

The examples herein can be repeated with similar success by substituting the generically or specifically described reactants and/or operating conditions of this invention for those used in the preceding examples.

Novel compositions of the invention are further illustrated in attached Exhibits A and B.

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The invention being thus described, it is apparent that the same can be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the present invention, and all such modifications and equivalents as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

Table C2: Alternative compounds #2 (Families F101-F123)

$$(R^{x})q$$
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{5}
 R^{1}
 R^{2}

Family	Cpd#	R1=R2	R 5	(R ^x) q
F101		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D *	Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F102		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	p-F-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F103		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-F-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F104		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	p-CH ₃ O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F105		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-CH ₃ O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F106		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	p-(CH ₃) ₂ N-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F107		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-(CH ₃) ₂ N-Ph	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F108		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I^- , $p^-(CH_3)_3-N^+-Ph^-$	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F109		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I-, m-(CH ₃) ₃ -N ⁺ -Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F110		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I-, p-(CH ₃) ₃ -N ⁺ -CH ₂ CH ₂ - (OCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ -O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F111		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I ⁻ , m-(CH ₃) ₃ -N ⁺ -CH ₂ CH ₂ - (OCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ -O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F112		CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I ⁻ , p-(N,N- dimethylpiperazine)-(N')- CH ₂ -(OCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ -O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D

F113	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	I-, m-(N,N- dimethylpiperazine)-(N')- CH ₂ -(OCH ₂ CH ₂) ₂ -O-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F114	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-F-Ph- p-CH ₃ O-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F115	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	3,4,dioxy-methylene-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F116	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-F-Ph- p-F-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F117	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	m-CH ₃ O- p-F-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F118	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	4-pyridine	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F119	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	N-methyl-4-pyridinium	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F120	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	3-pyridine	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F121	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	N-methyl-3-pyridinium	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F122	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	2-pyridine	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D
F123	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D	p-CH ₃ O ₂ C-Ph-	CHOSEN FROM TABLE D

Similar families can be generated where $R^1 <> R^2$, such as R^1 = Et and R^2 = n-Bu, but $(R^x)q$ is chosen from table C1.

What Is Claimed Is:

1. A compound of formula (I):

$$(R^{x})_{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}_{n} = \begin{pmatrix} R^{8} \\ R^{5} \\ R^{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(I)$$

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wherein:

q is an integer from 1 to 4; n is an integer from 0 to 2:

R¹ and R² are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, haloalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylamino, alkylthio, (polyalkyl)aryl, and cycloalkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, haloalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylamino, alkylthio, (polyalkyl)aryl, and cycloalkyl optionally are substituted with one or more substituent selected from the group consisting of OR⁹, NR⁹R¹⁰, N'R'R'WA', SR⁹, S'R'A-. P'R'R'R'A', S(O)R⁹, SO₂R⁹, SO₃R⁹, CO₂R⁹, CN, halogen, oxo, and CONR⁹R¹⁰,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkylaryl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, polyalkyl, aryl, and cycloalkyl optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0, NR 9 , N $^+$ R 9 R 10 A $^-$, S, SO, SO $_2$, S $^+$ R 9 A $^-$, P $^+$ R 9 R 10 A $^-$, or phenylene,

wherein R⁹, R¹⁰, and R^W are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, heterocycle, ammoniumalkyl, alkylammoniumalkyl, and arylalkyl; or

 R^{1} and R^{2} taken together with the carbon to which they are attached form C_{1} - C_{10} cycloalkylidene;

 R^3 and R^4 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, acyloxy, aryl, heterocycle, OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , and SO_3R^9 , wherein R^9 and R^{10} are as defined above; or

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 R^3 and R^4 together form =0, =NOR¹¹, =S, =NNR¹¹R¹², =NR⁹, or =CR¹¹R¹²,

wherein R¹¹ and R¹² are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkyl, alkenylalkyl, alkynylalkyl, heterocycle, carboxyalkyl, carboalkoxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, OR⁹, NR⁹R¹⁰, SR⁹, S(O)R⁹, SO₂R⁹, SO₃R⁹, CO₂R⁹, CN, halogen, oxo, and CONR⁹R¹⁰, wherein R⁹ and R¹⁰ are as defined above, provided that both R³ and R⁴ cannot be OH, NH2, and SH, or

 ${\rm R}^{11}$ and ${\rm R}^{12}$ together with the nitrogen or carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclic ring;

 R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, OR^9 , SR^9 , $S(0)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , and SO_3R^9 ,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, halogen, oxo, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(0)R¹³, SO2R¹³, SO3R¹³, NR¹³OR¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NO2, CO2R¹³, CN, OM, SO2OM, SO2NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, C(O)OM, COR¹³,

 $P(O)R^{13}R^{14}$, $P^{+}R^{13}R^{14}R15A^{-}$, $P(OR^{13})OR^{14}$, $S^{*}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, and $N^{+}R^{9}R^{11}R^{12}A^{-}$,

wherein:

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 ${\tt A}^{-}$ is a pharmaceutically acceptable anion and M is a pharmaceutically acceptable cation,

said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR⁷,

 NR^7R^8 , SR^7 , $S(0)R^7$, SO_2R^7 , SO_3R^7 , CO_2R^7 , CN, oxo, $CONR^7R^8$, $N^+R^7R^8R^9A^-$, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $P(0)R^7R^8$, $P^+R^7R^8R^9A^-$, and $P(0)(OR^7)OR^8$, and

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0, NR 7 , N $^+$ R 8 A $^-$, S, SO, SO $_2$, S $^+$ R 7 A $^-$, PR 7 , P(O)R 7 , P $^+$ R 8 A $^-$, or phenylene, and R 13 , R 14 , and R 15 are

PRRA-, or phenylene, and R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, and quaternary heteroarylalkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, and polyalkyl optionally have one or more carbons replaced by O, NR, N⁺R⁹R¹⁰A-, S, SO, SO₂, S⁺R⁹A⁻, PR⁹, P⁺R⁹R¹⁰A-, P(O)R, phenylene, carbohydrate, amino acid, peptide, or polypeptide, and

 R^{13} , R^{14} , and R^{15} are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from the group consisting of sulfoalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$,

 SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, PO(OR16)OR17, $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, $S^+R^9A^-$, and C(O)OM,

wherein \mathbf{R}^{16} and \mathbf{R}^{17} are independently selected from the substituents constituting \mathbf{R}^9 and M; or

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 \mbox{R}^{14} and $\mbox{R}^{15},$ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a cyclic ring;

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{R}}^7$ and $\mbox{\ensuremath{R}}^8$ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl; and

one or more R^X are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, acyloxy, aryl, arylalkyl, halogen, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, polyether, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, SR¹³, S(O)R¹³, S(O)2R¹³,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, polyalkyl, heterocycle, acyloxy, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, polyether, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be further substituted with OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $PO(OR^{10})OR^{17}$, $P^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, $S^*R^*R^{10}A^-$, or C(O)OM, and

wherein \mathbf{R}^{18} is selected from the group consisting of acyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, alkyl,

wherein acyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle, alkyl quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl optionally are substituted with one or more substituent selected from the group

consisting of OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}$, SO_3R^9 , SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $PO(OR^{16})OR^{17}$, and C(O)OM,

wherein in R^{x} , one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR^{13} , $N^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^{+}R^{13}A^{-}$, PR^{13} , P(0)R13, $P^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, carbohydrate, polyether, or polyalkyl,

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wherein in said polyalkyl, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, and carbohydrate, one or more carbons are optionally replaced by 0, NR^9 , $N^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^9A^-$, PR^9 , $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, or $P(O)R^9$;

wherein quaternary heterocycle and quaternary heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR^{13} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, SR^{13} , $S(0)R^{13}$, SO_2R^{13} , SO_3R^{13} , $NR^{13}OR^{14}$, $NR^{13}NR^{14}R^{15}$, NO_2 , CO_2R^{13} , CN, OM, SO_2OM , $SO_2NR^{13}R^{14}$, $C(0)NR^{13}R^{14}$, C(0)OM, COR^{13} , $P(0)R^{13}R^{14}$, $P^+R^{13}R^{14}R^{15}$, $P(0)R^{13}P^{14}$, $P(0)R^{1$

provided that both ${\rm R}^5$ and ${\rm R}^6$ cannot be hydrogen, OH, or SH and when ${\rm R}^5$ is OH, ${\rm R}^1$, ${\rm R}^2$, ${\rm R}^3$, ${\rm R}^4$, ${\rm R}^7$ and ${\rm R}^8$ cannot be all hydrogen;

provided that when R^5 or R^6 is phenyl, only one of R^1 or R^2 is H;

provided that when q = 1 and R^* is styryl, anilido, or anilinocarbonyl, only one of R^* or R^* is alkyl.

2. A compound of claim 1, wherein R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from the group consisting of H,

aryl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl,

wherein said aryl, heteroaryl, quaternary heterocycle, and quaternary heteroaryl can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, oxid, Nxid, Sxid, Sxid, Sid, Sid, Sozxid, Sozxid

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR^7 , $\operatorname{NR}^7 \operatorname{R}^8$, SR^7 , $\operatorname{S}(0)\operatorname{R}^7$, $\operatorname{SO}_2\operatorname{R}^7$, $\operatorname{SO}_3\operatorname{R}^7$, $\operatorname{CO}_2\operatorname{R}^7$, CN , oxo, $\operatorname{CONR}^7 \operatorname{R}^8$, $\operatorname{N}^+ \operatorname{R}^7 \operatorname{R}^8 \operatorname{R}^9 \operatorname{A}^-$, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $\operatorname{P}(0)\operatorname{R}^7 \operatorname{R}^8$, $\operatorname{P}^+ \operatorname{R}^7 \operatorname{R}^8 \operatorname{A}^-$, and $\operatorname{P}(0)$ (OR^7) OR^8 .

3. A compound of claim 2, wherein R' or R' has the formula

 $-Ar-(R^{y})$

wherein:

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t is an integer from 0 to 5;

Ar is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, thiophenyl, pyridyl, piperazinyl, piperonyl, pyrrolyl, naphthyl, furanyl, anthracenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, triazolyl, isothiazolyl, indolyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, and benzoisothiazolyl; and

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one or more R^{y} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, quaternary heterocycle, OR^{9} , SR^{9} , $S(0)R^{9}$, $SO_{2}R^{9}$, and $SO_{3}R^{9}$.

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be substituted with one or more substituent groups independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, halogen, oxo, OR^{13} , $\operatorname{NR}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}$, SR^{13} , $\operatorname{S}(0)\operatorname{R}^{13}$, $\operatorname{SO}_2\operatorname{R}^{13}$, $\operatorname{SO}_3\operatorname{R}^{13}$, $\operatorname{NR}^{13}\operatorname{OR}^{14}$, $\operatorname{NR}^{13}\operatorname{NR}^{14}\operatorname{R}^{15}$, NO_2 , $\operatorname{CO}_2\operatorname{R}^{13}$, CN , OM , $\operatorname{SO}_2\operatorname{OM}$, $\operatorname{SO}_2\operatorname{NR}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}$, $\operatorname{C}(0)\operatorname{NR}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}$, $\operatorname{C}(0)\operatorname{OM}$, COR^{13} , $\operatorname{P}(0)\operatorname{R}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}$, $\operatorname{P}^+\operatorname{R}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}\operatorname{R}^{15}$, $\operatorname{P}(\operatorname{OR}^{13})\operatorname{OR}^{14}$, $\operatorname{S}^+\operatorname{R}^{13}\operatorname{R}^{14}$, and $\operatorname{N}^+\operatorname{R}^9\operatorname{R}^{11}\operatorname{R}^{12}\operatorname{A}^-$

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can be further substituted with one or more substituent groups selected from the group consisting of OR^7 , NR^7R^8 , SR^7 , $S(O)R^7$, SO_2R^7 , SO_3R^7 , CO_2R^7 , CN, oxo, $CONR^7R^8$, $N^+R^7R^8R^9A^-$, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, arylalkyl, quaternary heterocycle, quaternary heteroaryl, $P(O)R^7R^8$, $P^+R^7R^8A^-$, and $P(O)(OR^7)OR^8$, and

wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, polyalkyl, polyether, aryl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycle can optionally have one or more carbons replaced by 0,

 NR^7 , $N^+R^7R^8A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^7A^-$, PR^7 , $P(O)R^7$, $P^+R^7R^8A^-$, or phenylene.

4. A compound of claim 3, wherein R^5 or R^6 has the formula (II)



5. A compound of claim 4, wherein n is 1 or 2.

6. A compound of claim 5, wherein one of R^7 or R^8 is H and the other of R^7 or R^8 is alkyl.

7. A compound of claim 5, wherein both R^7 and R^8 are H.

- 8. A compound of claim 7, wherein R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl.
- 9. A compound of claim 8, wherein said alkyl is a C1-C10 alkyl.
- 25 10. A compound of claim 8, wherein R' and R' are both alkyl.
 - 11. A compound of claim 10, wherein said alkyl is a C_1-C_{10} alkyl.

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12. A compound of claim 11, wherein said alkyl is a C,-C, alkyl.

- 13. A compound of claim 12, wherein said alkyl is a C_2 - C_4 alkyl.
 - 14. A compound of claim 13, wherein said alkyl is independently selected from the group consisting of ethyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, and isobutyl.

15. A compound of claim 8, wherein R^1 and R^2 are each n-butyl.

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- 16. A compound of claim 8, wherein one of R1 and R2 is ethyl and the other of R1 and R2 is n-butyl.
 - 17. A compound of claim 15, wherein q is 1, 2, or 3.
- 20 18. A compound of claim 16, wherein q is 1, 2, or 3.
 - 19. A compound of claim 17, wherein q is 1 or 2.
- 25 20. A compound of claim 19, wherein q is 1.
 - 21. A compound of claim 18, wherein q is 1 or 2.
 - 22. A compound of claim 21, wherein q is 1.

23. A compound of claim 19, wherein R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from the group consisting of H and OR³.

35 24. A compound of claim 21, wherein R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from the group consisting of H and OR³.

25. A compound of claim 23, wherein R' is H.

- 26. A compound of claim 24, wherein R' is H.
- 5 27. A compound of claim 25, wherein one or more \mathbb{R}^{X} are in the 7-, 8-, or 9-position of the benzo ring of formula (I).
- 28. A compound of claim 26, wherein said R^x is in the 7-, 8-, or 9- position of the benzo ring of formula (I).
 - 29. A compound of claim 27, wherein said R* are in the 7- and 9- positions of the benzo ring of formula (I).

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- 30. A compound of claim 28, wherein said R^{X} is in the 7-position of the benzo ring of formula (I).
- 31. A compound of claim 29, wherein said one or more R^X are independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, polyether, halogen, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A⁻, SR¹³, S⁺R¹³R¹⁴, CO₂R¹³, NR¹⁴C(O)R¹³, and NR¹⁴C(O)R¹³,

wherein alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, and polyether, can be further substituted with OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(O)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}SO_2OM$, $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $PO(OR^{16})OR^{17}$, $P^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, $S^*R^9R^{10}A^-$, or C(O)OM, and

wherein in R^{x} , one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR^{13} , $N^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^{+}R^{13}A^{-}$, PR^{13} , $P(O)R^{13}$, $P^{+}R^{13}R^{14}A^{-}$, phenylene, amino acid,

peptide, polypeptide, carbohydrate, polyether, or polyalkyl, and

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wherein in said polyalkyl, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, and carbohydrate, one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR^9 , $N^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^9A^-$, PR^9 , $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, or $P(O)R^9$.

32. A compound of claim 30, wherein said R^{X} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, polyether, halogen, OR^{13} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{13}NR^{14}R^{15}$, $N^{+}R^{9}R^{11}R^{12}A^{-}$, SR^{13} , $S^{+}R^{13}R^{14}$, $CO_{2}R^{13}$, $NR^{14}C(O)R^{13}$, and $NR^{14}C(O)R^{13}$,

wherein alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, and polyether, can be further substituted with OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 , $S(0)R^9$, SO_2R^9 , SO_3R^9 , oxo, CO_2R^9 , CN, halogen, $CONR^9R^{10}SO_2OM$, $SO_2NR^9R^{10}$, $P^0(OR^{16})OR^{17}$, $P^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, $S^*R^9R^{10}A^-$, or C(0)OM, and

wherein in R^x, one or more carbons are optionally replaced by O, NR¹³, N⁺R¹³R¹⁴A-, S, SO, SO₂, S⁺R¹³A-, PR¹³, P(O)R¹³, P⁺R¹³R¹⁴A-, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, carbohydrate, polyether, or polyalkyl, and

wherein in said polyalkyl, phenylene, amino acid, peptide, polypeptide, and carbohydrate, one or more carbons are optionally replaced by 0, NR^9 , $N^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, S, SO, SO₂, $S^+R^9A^-$, PR^9 , $P^+R^9R^{10}A^-$, or $P(O)R^9$.

33. A compound of claim 31, wherein said one or more Rx are independently selected from the group consisting of polyether, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, and N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A⁻.

34. A compound of the claim 32, wherein said Rx is selected from the group consisting of polyether, OR^{13} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, and $N^{+}R^{9}R^{11}R^{12}A^{-}$.

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- 35. A compound of claim 33, wherein said one or more Rx are independently selected from the group consisting of OR^{13} and $NR^{13}R^{14}$.
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- 36. A compound of claim 34, wherein said R^* is independently selected from the group consisting of OR^{13} and $NR^{13}R^{14}$.
- 37. A compound of claim 35, wherein R^{13} and R^{14} each methyl.

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- 38. A compound of the claim 36, wherein R^{13} and R^{14} each methyl.
- 39. A compound of claim 31, wherein one or more

 R^Y are independently in the 3- or the 4-position of the phenyl ring of formula (II).
 - 40. A compound of claim 32, wherein one or more Ry are independently in the 3- or the 4- position of the phenyl ring of formula (II).
 - 41. A compound of claim 39, wherein t is 1 or 2.
 - 42. A compound of claim 40, wherein t is 1 or 2.

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- 43. A compound of claim 41, wherein said one or more R^Y are independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, polyether, fluoride, chloride, bromide, iodide, $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, and OR^{13} ,
- wherein alkyl and polyether can be further substituted with ${\rm SO_3R^9}$, ${\rm N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-}$, and quaternary heteroaryl.

44. A compound of claim 42, wherein said R^{y} is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, polyether, fluoride, chloride, bromide, iodide, $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, and OR^{13} ,

wherein alkyl and polyether can be further substituted with ${\rm SO_3R}^9$, ${\rm N}^+{\rm R}^9{\rm R}^{11}{\rm R}^{12}{\rm A}^-$, and quaternary heteroaryl.

45. A compound of claim 43, wherein said one or more R^{Y} are independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, polyether, fluoride, $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, and OR^{13} ,

wherein alkyl and polyether can be further substituted with ${\rm SO_3R}^9$, ${\rm N}^+{\rm R}^9{\rm R}^{11}{\rm R}^{12}{\rm A}^-$, and quaternary heteroaryl.

46. A compound of claim 44 wherein said R^Y is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, polyether, fluoride, $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $NR^{14}C(0)R^{13}$, and OR^{13} ,

wherein alkyl and polyether can be further substituted with ${\rm SO_3R}^9$, ${\rm N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-}$, and quaternary heteroaryl.

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47. A compound of claim 45, wherein said R^{11} and R^{14} are alkyl,

wherein alkyl can be further substituted with ${\rm SO^3R^9,\ N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-},$ and quaternary heteroaryl.

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48. A compound of claim 46, wherein said R^{19} and R^{19} are alkyl,

wherein alkyl can be further substituted with ${\rm SO^3R^3}$, ${\rm N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-}$, and quaternary heteroaryl.

49. A compound of claim 47, wherein n is 2.

50. A compound of claim 48, wherein n is 2.

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51. A compound of claim 49, wherein said OH group is in a syn relationship to said structure of formula (II).

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52. A compound of claim 50, wherein said OH group is in a *syn* relationship to said structure of formula (II).

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53. A compound of claim 51, having the formula:

IA-J

54. A compound of claim 51, having the formula:

55. A compound of claim 51, having the formula:

56. A compound of claim 51, having the formula:

57. A compound of claim 51, having the formula:

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58. A compound of claim 52, having the formula:

59. A compound of claim 52, having the formula:

60. A compound of claim 52, having the formula:

61. A compound of claim 52, having the formula:

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O S OH OH OH

62. A compound of claim 52, having the formula:

63. A compound of claim 31, wherein n is 1.

64. A compound of claim 63, wherein R^{y} is H.

65. A compound of claim 64, having the formula

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66. A compound of claim 4, wherein R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl.

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67. A compound of claim 66, wherein said alkyl is $C_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}\text{-}C_{\scriptscriptstyle 10}$ alkyl.

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68. A compound of claim 67, wherein said alkyl is C_2 - C_3 alkyl.

69. A compound of claim 68, wherein said alkyl is C,-C, alkyl.

- 70. A compound of claim 69, wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from the group consisting of ethyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, and isobutyl.
- 71. A compound of claim 4, wherein R' and R' are independently selected from the group consisting of H and OR'.
 - 72. A compound of claim 71, wherein R' is H.
 - 73. A compound of claim 4, wherein n is 2.

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- 74. A compound of claim 3, wherein R^3 and R^4 are independently selected from the group consisting of H and OR^3 .
- 20 75. A compound of claim 74, wherein R⁹ is H.
 - 76. A compound of claim 3, wherein one of \mathbb{R}^7 or \mathbb{R}^8 is H.
- 25 77. A compound of claim 76, wherein both R' and R' are H.
 - 78. A compound of claim 3, wherein said one or more R^X are independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, polyether, halogen, OR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, NR¹³NR¹⁴R¹⁵, N⁺R⁹R¹¹R¹²A⁻, SR¹³, S⁺R¹³R¹⁴, CO₂R¹³, NR¹⁴C(O)R¹³, and NR¹⁴C(O)R¹³,

wherein alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle, polyalkyl, acyloxy, and polyether, can be further substituted with OR^9 , NR^9R^{10} , $N^+R^9R^{11}R^{12}A^-$, SR^9 ,